

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(212.9736, 0.3545, 0.4106)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(212.9736, 0.3545, 0.4106)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFFFA
RGB	255, 255, 250
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0000, 0.0197
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 99%
HSV	60°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	94.2471, 99.6821, 104.6991
YIQ	254.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	250, 255, 250
Decimal	16777210
CIE Lab	99.88, -0.88, 2.38
CIE LCh	100, 2.539, 110.188
Yxy	99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967290 (0xFFFFFFFFFA)
YUV	254.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999
Hunter-Lab	99.8409, -6.2226, 7.7137

Details

The Yxy color 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 95.9039, 0.3098, 0.3242, and the grayscale version is 99.5031, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 56.2890, 0.3156, 0.3338 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 98.1657, 0.3306, 0.3587, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

99.6821, 0.3156,
0.3338

99.6821, 0.3156,
0.3338

559.0481, 0.3143,
0.3317

76.0379, 0.3159,
0.3343

160.7176, 0.3152,
0.3331

56.4636, 0.3162,
0.3348

198.8777, 0.3150,
0.3328

40.5747, 0.3166,
0.3355

242.6452, 0.3149,
0.3326

27.9870, 0.3171,
0.3363

292.4046, 0.3147,
0.3324

18.3158, 0.3178,
0.3374

348.5401, 0.3146,
0.3322

11.1770, 0.3187,
0.3390

411.4363, 0.3145,

6.1860, 0.3200,

0.3320

0.3412

481.4775, 0.3144,
0.3318

■ 2.9585, 0.3220,
0.3446

■ 1.1101, 0.3255,
0.3507

■ 99.6821, 0.3156,
0.3338

■ 99.6821, 0.3156,
0.3338


■ 98.1657, 0.3306,
0.3587

100.0000, 0.3127,
0.3290


■ 96.8618, 0.3459,
0.3841


■ 95.7564, 0.3609,
0.4091


■ 94.8395, 0.3753,
0.4330

 94.1005, 0.3883,
0.4547

 93.5276, 0.3993,
0.4732

 93.1074, 0.4080,
0.4877

 92.8249, 0.4140,
0.4978

 92.6615, 0.4174,
0.5036

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

99.6821, 0.3175, 0.3332

99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

99.6821, 0.3129, 0.3331

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

99.6821, 0.3074, 0.3266

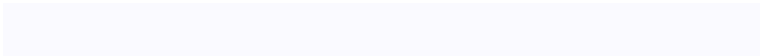
99.6821, 0.3152, 0.3267

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338



95.9039, 0.3098, 0.3242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

99.6821, 0.3125, 0.3250

99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

99.6821, 0.3080, 0.3249

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338



99.6821, 0.3082, 0.3289



99.6821, 0.3098, 0.3243



99.6821, 0.3173, 0.3291

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338



99.6821, 0.3111, 0.3320



99.6821, 0.3098, 0.3243



99.6821, 0.3144, 0.3260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99.6773, 0.3156, 0.3338



99.8350, 0.3142, 0.3314



96.5207, 0.3159, 0.3290



21.3705, 0.3141, 0.3313



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.6773, 0.3156, 0.3338



99.6721, 0.3156, 0.3339



99.2082, 0.3140, 0.3338



21.3374, 0.3155, 0.3336



48.3842, 0.4187, 0.5058



4.7121, 0.4187, 0.5057

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.9039, 0.3098, 0.3242



95.8382, 0.3098, 0.3241



96.3670, 0.3114, 0.3242



20.5569, 0.3099, 0.3243



3.7774, 0.1501, 0.0601



0.3689, 0.1504, 0.0602

Previews

White Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

Protanopia

99.9358, 0.3133, 0.3300

Deuteranopia

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290

Tritanopia

100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290

Trichromacy

Original Color

99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

Protanomaly

99.8718, 0.3139, 0.3309

Deuteranomaly

99.8718, 0.3139, 0.3309

Tritanomaly

99.8718, 0.3139, 0.3309

Monochromacy

Original Color

99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338

Achromatopsia

99.1102, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

99.0463, 0.3133, 0.3300

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 250) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 250) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
250) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 99.6821, 0.3156, 0.3338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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