

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(22.2600, 0.4506, 0.4804)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(22.2600, 0.4506, 0.4804)
contains.

Yxy(22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	998000
RGB	153, 128, 0
RGB Percent	60%, 50%, 0%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4980, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 1.00, 0.40
HSL	50°, 100%, 30%
HSV	50°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	20.8554, 22.2106, 3.1868
YIQ	120.8830, 55.9880, -34.5080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

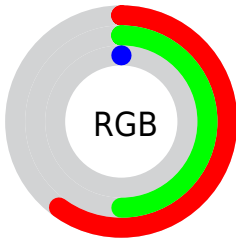
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 153, 0
Decimal	10059776
CIE _{Lab}	54.25, -1.22, 59.49
CIE _{LCh}	54, 59.498, 91.179
Yxy	22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288249856 (0xFF998000)
YUV	120.8830, -59.5953, 28.1666
Hunter-Lab	47.1281, -3.4834, 28.9805

Details

The Yxy color **22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **2.9946, 0.1544, 0.0758**, and the grayscale version is **19.2640, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.8966, 0.4286, 0.4547**, and **8.1886, 0.4557, 0.4764** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.2117, 0.4509, 0.4802**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9071, 0.4437, 0.4778**.

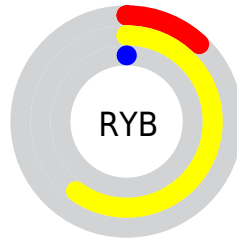
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (50%)

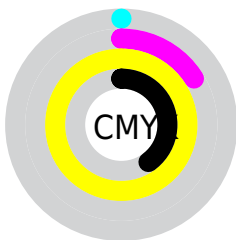
Blue (0%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (0%)

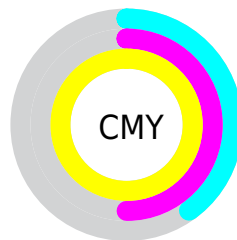


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 22.2106, 0.4509,
0.4802


 22.2106, 0.4509,
0.4802


 263.6441, 0.3825,
0.4046


 14.0117, 0.4634,
0.4945


 47.0938, 0.4283,
0.4549

 8.1288, 0.4831,
0.5169

 64.5470, 0.4189,
0.4445

 4.1775, 0.4820,
0.5180

 85.8537, 0.4107,
0.4355

 1.7733, 0.4802,
0.5198

 111.3983, 0.4036,
0.4276

 0.4705, 0.4700,
0.5300


 141.5653, 0.3973,
0.4207


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 176.7390, 0.3918,


0.4147


 217.3038, 0.3869,
0.4093


 22.2106, 0.4509,
0.4802


 22.2106, 0.4509,
0.4802


 22.2117, 0.4509,
0.4802

 22.9071, 0.4437,
0.4778

 23.6448, 0.4345,
0.4720

 24.4370, 0.4226,
0.4618

 25.2885, 0.4086,
0.4478

 26.2036, 0.3930,
0.4307

■ 27.1860, 0.3765,
0.4114

■ 28.2391, 0.3598,
0.3908

■ 29.3661, 0.3434,
0.3698

■ 30.5698, 0.3276,
0.3491

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.2106, 0.5093, 0.4085



22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802



22.2106, 0.3624, 0.5260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802



22.2106, 0.1481, 0.2706



22.2106, 0.3334, 0.2178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802



2.9946, 0.1544, 0.0758

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.2106, 0.2358, 0.1855



22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802



22.2106, 0.1442, 0.2044

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802



22.2106, 0.1886, 0.3824



22.2106, 0.1727, 0.1795



22.2106, 0.4419, 0.2714

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802



22.2106, 0.2979, 0.5159



22.2106, 0.1727, 0.1795



22.2106, 0.2978, 0.2044

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.2117, 0.4509, 0.4802



50.4605, 0.3608, 0.3921



6.8443, 0.6129, 0.3150



10.9791, 0.3672, 0.4001



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.2117, 0.4509, 0.4802



39.5507, 0.4516, 0.4796



25.6058, 0.3626, 0.5503



7.0511, 0.3264, 0.3475



18.3995, 0.4506, 0.4804



0.3155, 0.4348, 0.4930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.9946, 0.1544, 0.0758



5.1784, 0.1538, 0.0736



3.0036, 0.1759, 0.0742



6.1813, 0.2988, 0.3098



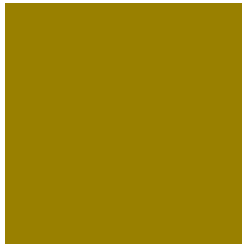
2.5100, 0.1547, 0.0768



0.0736, 0.1706, 0.1341

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802.

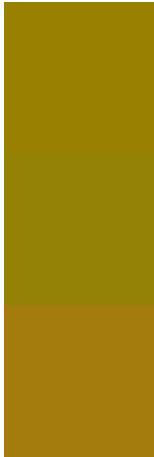


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802

Protanopia

22.1793, 0.4396, 0.4865

Deuteranopia

22.0875, 0.4679, 0.4600



Tritanopia

22.2257, 0.3539, 0.3148

Trichromacy



Original Color

22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802

Protanomaly

22.0966, 0.4439, 0.4841

Deuteranomaly

22.1583, 0.4616, 0.4676

Tritanomaly

21.6812, 0.4077, 0.3955

Monochromacy



Original Color

22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802

Achromatopsia

19.1202, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

19.9377, 0.3791, 0.4148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 128, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 128, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 128, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 128, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 128, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 128, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 128, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 128, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 128, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 128,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 22.2106, 0.4509, 0.4802 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 128, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
128, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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