

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(22.3699, 0.2751, 0.3386)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(22.3699, 0.2751, 0.3386)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	608A85
RGB	96, 138, 133
RGB Percent	38%, 54%, 52%
CMY	0.6236, 0.4588, 0.4785
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.04, 0.46
HSL	173°, 18%, 46%
HSV	173°, 30%, 54%
XYZ	18.1433, 22.3572, 25.5473
YIQ	124.8720, -23.4270, -10.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

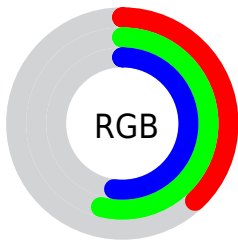
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 118, 138
Decimal	6326917
CIE _{Lab}	54.40, -15.57, -1.97
CIE _{LCh}	54, 15.697, 187.207
Yxy	22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284516997 (0xFF608A85)
YUV	124.8720, 4.0071, -25.3207
Hunter-Lab	47.2834, -14.2528, 1.0639

Details

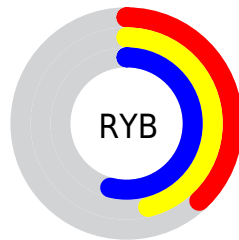
The Yxy color $22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $14.7040, 0.3701, 0.3199$, and the grayscale version is $20.4535, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $47.5403, 0.2832, 0.3372$, and $8.2239, 0.2595, 0.3408$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $21.6292, 0.2642, 0.3421$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $23.2191, 0.2864, 0.3351$.

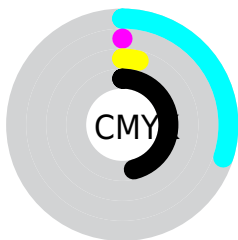
Distribution



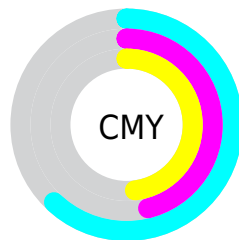
- Red (38%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 22.3572, 0.2747,
0.3385

■ 22.3572, 0.2747,
0.3385

264.4060, 0.2959,
0.3333

■ 14.1196, 0.2685,
0.3399

■ 47.3357, 0.2830,
0.3365

■ 8.2039, 0.2600,
0.3419

■ 64.8453, 0.2859,
0.3358

■ 4.2257, 0.2473,
0.3447

■ 86.2144, 0.2883,
0.3352

■ 1.8006, 0.2269,
0.3489

■ 111.8274, 0.2904,
0.3347

■ 0.4875, 0.0672,
0.3934

142.0687, 0.2921,
0.3343

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

177.3226, 0.2935,

0.3339

217.9736, 0.2948,
0.3336

■ 22.3572, 0.2747,
0.3385

■ 22.3572, 0.2747,
0.3385

■ 21.6292, 0.2642,
0.3421

■ 23.2191, 0.2864,
0.3351

■ 21.0255, 0.2551,
0.3459

■ 24.2187, 0.2989,
0.3320

■ 20.5396, 0.2476,
0.3498

■ 25.3626, 0.3121,
0.3291

■ 20.1632, 0.2419,
0.3538

■ 26.6567, 0.3257,
0.3265

■ 19.8867, 0.2380,
0.3578

■ 28.1061, 0.3394,
0.3242

■ 19.6994, 0.2359,
0.3618

■ 29.7160, 0.3531,
0.3221

■ 19.5735, 0.2349,
0.3657

■ 31.4911, 0.3667,
0.3203

■ 33.4361, 0.3799,
0.3187

■ 35.5553, 0.3927,
0.3174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.3572, 0.2981, 0.3631



22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385



22.3572, 0.2616, 0.3123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385



22.3572, 0.2975, 0.2854



22.3572, 0.3665, 0.3633

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385



14.7040, 0.3701, 0.3199

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.3572, 0.3667, 0.3418



22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385



22.3572, 0.3259, 0.2982

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385



22.3572, 0.2743, 0.2830



22.3572, 0.3516, 0.3184



22.3572, 0.3513, 0.3769

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385



22.3572, 0.2600, 0.2979



22.3572, 0.3516, 0.3184



22.3572, 0.3683, 0.3567

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.3581, 0.2747, 0.3385



42.9249, 0.3005, 0.3316



21.8236, 0.3147, 0.4129



9.5732, 0.2989, 0.3320



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.3581, 0.2747, 0.3385



38.4407, 0.2669, 0.3411



18.3863, 0.2671, 0.2987



5.6785, 0.3006, 0.3316



17.9450, 0.2349, 0.3655



0.1206, 0.2294, 0.3459

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7040, 0.3701, 0.3199



22.5774, 0.3901, 0.3176



17.7013, 0.3699, 0.3574



5.0577, 0.3263, 0.3264



4.9909, 0.6208, 0.3194



0.0342, 0.5508, 0.2808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

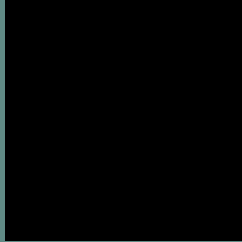
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385

Protanopia

22.1646, 0.3173, 0.3308

Deuteranopia

22.2747, 0.3183, 0.3120



Tritanopia

22.3676, 0.2651, 0.3086

Trichromacy



Original Color

22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385

Protanomaly

22.0362, 0.3002, 0.3326

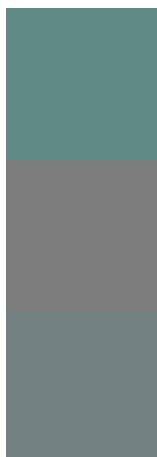
Deuteranomaly

21.9996, 0.3006, 0.3200

Tritanomaly

22.4410, 0.2686, 0.3195

Monochromacy



Original Color

22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385

Achromatopsia

20.5079, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

21.1012, 0.2967, 0.3327

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 138, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 138, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 138, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 138, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 138, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 138, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 138, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 138, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 138, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 138,  
133) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to $\text{Yxy } 22.3572, 0.2747, 0.3385$ is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 138, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 138,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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