

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(22.8752, 0.2381, 0.2721)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(22.8752, 0.2381, 0.2721)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	558AAA
RGB	85, 138, 170
RGB Percent	33%, 54%, 67%
CMY	0.6668, 0.4588, 0.3334
CMYK	0.50, 0.19, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	203°, 33%, 50%
HSV	203°, 50%, 67%
XYZ	20.0867, 23.0105, 41.4071
YIQ	125.8010, -41.8600, -1.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

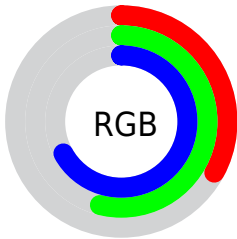
Format	Color
RYP	85, 118, 170
Decimal	5606058
CIELab	55.08, -8.57, -22.34
CIElCh	55, 23.930, 249.017
Yxy	23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283796138 (0xFF558AAA)
YUV	125.8010, 21.7901, -35.7825
Hunter-Lab	47.9693, -9.2011, -17.6006

Details

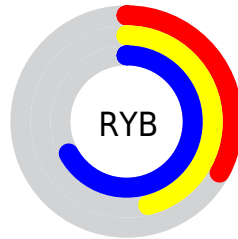
The Yxy color **23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **21.9084, 0.4236, 0.3778**, and the grayscale version is **20.7257, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.1868, 0.2532, 0.2846**, and **8.5205, 0.2113, 0.2496** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.5285, 0.2246, 0.2585**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.7934, 0.2519, 0.2854**.

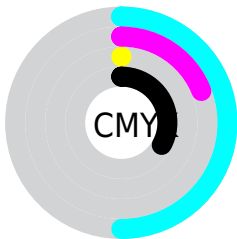
Distribution



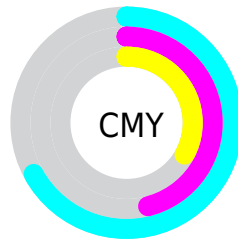
- Red (33%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.0105, 0.2377,
0.2723

■ 23.0105, 0.2377,
0.2723

■ 267.7789, 0.2784,
0.3040

■ 14.6013, 0.2265,
0.2632

■ 48.4106, 0.2533,
0.2847

■ 8.5400, 0.2115,
0.2507

■ 66.1702, 0.2589,
0.2891

■ 4.4424, 0.1906,
0.2327

■ 87.8154, 0.2635,
0.2927

■ 1.9240, 0.1598,
0.2051

■ 113.7306, 0.2675,
0.2957

■ 0.5627, 0.0895,
0.1546

■ 144.3001, 0.2708,
0.2983

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

179.9084, 0.2737,

0.3005

220.9399, 0.2762,
0.3024

■ 23.0105, 0.2377,
0.2723

■ 23.0105, 0.2377,
0.2723

■ 20.5285, 0.2246,
0.2585

■ 25.7934, 0.2519,
0.2854

■ 18.3289, 0.2130,
0.2443

■ 28.8888, 0.2669,
0.2978

■ 16.3949, 0.2032,
0.2299

■ 32.3108, 0.2822,
0.3092

■ 14.7060, 0.1954,
0.2156

■ 36.0718, 0.2975,
0.3196

■ 13.2219, 0.1894,
0.2017

■ 40.1834, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 44.6565, 0.3274,
0.3374

■ 49.5016, 0.3416,
0.3449

■ 54.7285, 0.3551,
0.3515

■ 60.3469, 0.3679,
0.3573

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.0105, 0.2366, 0.3003



23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723



23.0105, 0.2571, 0.2608

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723



23.0105, 0.3736, 0.3145



23.0105, 0.3292, 0.4029

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723



21.9084, 0.4236, 0.3778

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.0105, 0.3681, 0.4018



23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723



23.0105, 0.3954, 0.3486

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723



23.0105, 0.3347, 0.2851



23.0105, 0.3929, 0.3806



23.0105, 0.2876, 0.3797

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723



23.0105, 0.2789, 0.2625



23.0105, 0.3929, 0.3806



23.0105, 0.3431, 0.4053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.0114, 0.2377, 0.2723



61.7955, 0.2895, 0.3142



31.9389, 0.2843, 0.4269



13.4726, 0.2863, 0.3121



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.0114, 0.2377, 0.2723



36.8016, 0.2233, 0.2570



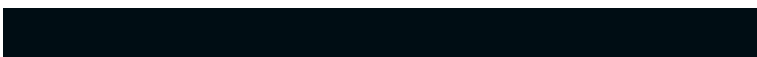
13.2515, 0.2229, 0.1942



8.0508, 0.2987, 0.3203



9.8372, 0.1898, 0.2032



0.3329, 0.2027, 0.2496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.8709, 0.3627, 0.2507



25.5779, 0.3790, 0.2361



33.8767, 0.3920, 0.4346



7.6180, 0.3192, 0.3150



7.0641, 0.4417, 0.2207



0.1813, 0.3927, 0.1937

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

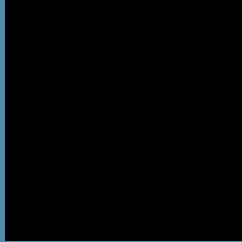
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

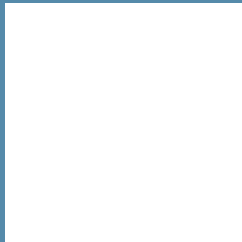
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723.

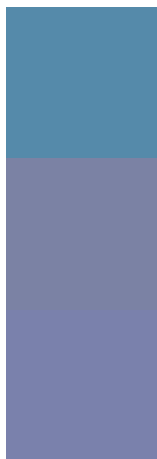


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723

Protanopia

22.8566, 0.2719, 0.2720

Deuteranopia

22.8166, 0.2640, 0.2583



Tritanopia

22.9790, 0.2470, 0.3082

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723

Protanomaly

22.7794, 0.2578, 0.2722

Deuteranomaly

22.6940, 0.2537, 0.2628

Tritanomaly

23.0087, 0.2431, 0.2939

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723

Achromatopsia

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

21.2978, 0.2798, 0.3069

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 138, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 138, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 138, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 138, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 138, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 138, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 138, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 138, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 138, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 138,  
170) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to $\text{Yxy } 23.0105, 0.2377, 0.2723$ is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 138, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 138,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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