

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C4696C
RGB	196, 105, 108
RGB Percent	77%, 41%, 42%
CMY	0.2314, 0.5882, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.45, 0.23
HSL	358°, 44%, 59%
HSV	358°, 46%, 77%
XYZ	30.5222, 22.9216, 16.9975
YIQ	132.5510, 53.2730, 20.2250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

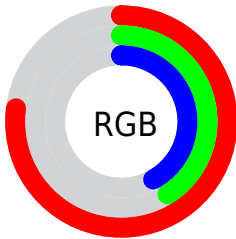
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 105, 108
Decimal	12872044
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.99, 36.40, 14.71
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 39.259, 22.006
Yxy	22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291062124 (0xFFC4696C)
YUV	132.5510, -12.1036, 55.6448
Hunter-Lab	47.8765, 30.0134, 12.4640

# Details

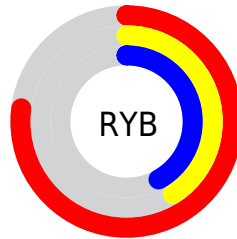
The Yxy color **22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **46.3344, 0.2530, 0.3331**, and the grayscale version is **23.3146, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.2169, 0.4066, 0.3282**, and **8.5583, 0.4796, 0.3193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.0187, 0.4758, 0.3250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.8346, 0.3969, 0.3261**.

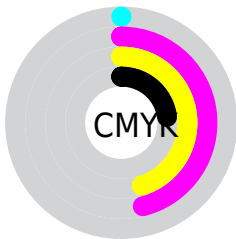
# Distribution



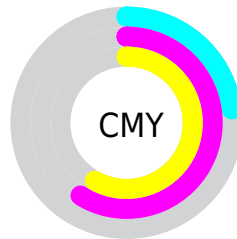
- Red (77%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 22.9216, 0.4333,  
0.3254


 22.9216, 0.4333,  
0.3254


267.3221, 0.3654,  
0.3297


 14.5356, 0.4531,  
0.3231


 48.2646, 0.4066,  
0.3278

 8.4941, 0.4803,  
0.3191


 65.9903, 0.3972,  
0.3284

 4.4127, 0.5197,  
0.3117

 87.5982, 0.3895,  
0.3289

 1.9070, 0.5817,  
0.2970

 113.4725, 0.3830,  
0.3292

 0.5526, 0.7376,  
0.2624

143.9976, 0.3776,  
0.3294

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


179.5580, 0.3729,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3295


0.0000


220.5380, 0.3689,  
0.3297


 22.9216, 0.4333,  
0.3254


 22.9216, 0.4333,  
0.3254


 19.0187, 0.4758,  
0.3250


 27.8346, 0.3969,  
0.3261


 16.0527, 0.5224,  
0.3249


 33.8175, 0.3669,  
0.3269

 13.9459, 0.5683,  
0.3255

 40.9294, 0.3426,  
0.3277

 12.6067, 0.6066,  
0.3267


 49.2242, 0.3231,  
0.3285


 11.9173, 0.6311,  
0.3282

 58.7524, 0.3075,  
0.3293

 11.7496, 0.6369,  
0.3282

 69.5614, 0.2950,  
0.3299

 81.6963, 0.2849,  
0.3306

 90.4756, 0.2784,  
0.3289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.9216, 0.3778, 0.2776



22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254



22.9216, 0.4508, 0.3776

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254



22.9216, 0.3064, 0.4438



22.9216, 0.2051, 0.2277

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254



46.3344, 0.2530, 0.3331

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.9216, 0.1912, 0.2575



22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254



22.9216, 0.2449, 0.3873

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254



22.9216, 0.3731, 0.4550



22.9216, 0.2044, 0.3144



22.9216, 0.2447, 0.2236



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254



22.9216, 0.4389, 0.4109



22.9216, 0.2044, 0.3144



22.9216, 0.1975, 0.2346

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.9228, 0.4333, 0.3254



77.2718, 0.3379, 0.3279



25.4233, 0.3146, 0.2162



15.8743, 0.3426, 0.3277



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.9228, 0.4333, 0.3254



34.1737, 0.4779, 0.3249



33.7698, 0.4090, 0.3855



10.0831, 0.3284, 0.3283



7.5523, 0.6360, 0.3277



0.3282, 0.6212, 0.3196



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.9228, 0.4333, 0.3254



34.1737, 0.4779, 0.3249



29.9477, 0.2397, 0.2632



10.0831, 0.3284, 0.3283



7.5523, 0.6360, 0.3277

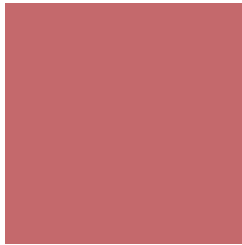


0.3282, 0.6212, 0.3196



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

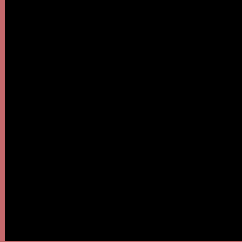
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254

### Protanopia

23.2014, 0.3305, 0.3482

### Deuteranopia

23.0482, 0.3730, 0.3672



## Tritanopia

22.8062, 0.4282, 0.3187

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254

## Protanomaly

22.4491, 0.3655, 0.3389

## Deuteranomaly

22.6486, 0.3952, 0.3509

## Tritanomaly

22.7841, 0.4296, 0.3200

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254

## Achromatopsia

23.4551, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

22.6891, 0.3526, 0.3275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 105, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 105, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 105, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 105, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 105, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 105, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 105, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 105, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 105, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 105,  
108) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 22.9216, 0.4333, 0.3254 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 105, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
105, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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