

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(23.0810, 0.2492, 0.4171)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(23.0810, 0.2492, 0.4171)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00966E
RGB	0, 150, 110
RGB Percent	0%, 59%, 43%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4117, 0.5686
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.27, 0.41
HSL	164°, 100%, 29%
HSV	164°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	13.7179, 22.9385, 18.4577
YIQ	100.5900, -76.5600, -44.2400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

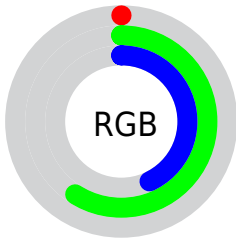
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 87, 150
Decimal	38510
CIELab	55.01, -43.80, 11.74
CIELCh	55, 45.347, 164.995
Yxy	22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278228590 (0xFF00966E)
YUV	100.5900, 4.6391, -88.2174
Hunter-Lab	47.8942, -32.6886, 10.6764

# Details

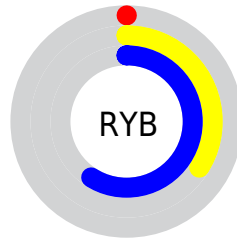
The Yxy color **22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **6.6381, 0.5837, 0.2989**, and the grayscale version is **12.9069, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.2497, 0.2633, 0.3947**, and **9.0832, 0.2573, 0.4462** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.9415, 0.2489, 0.4162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.1322, 0.2485, 0.4064**.

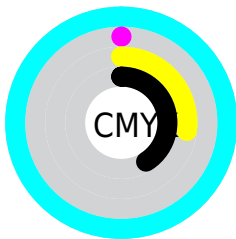
# Distribution



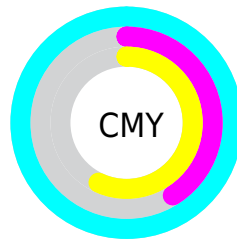
- Red (0%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (41%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 22.9385, 0.2489,  
0.4162


 22.9385, 0.2489,  
0.4162


267.4090, 0.2855,  
0.3652


 14.5481, 0.2378,  
0.4322


 48.2923, 0.2635,  
0.3955


 8.5029, 0.2222,  
0.4553


 66.0245, 0.2686,  
0.3884


 4.4184, 0.1987,  
0.4911

 87.6395, 0.2727,  
0.3827

 1.9102, 0.1496,  
0.5604

 113.5216, 0.2761,  
0.3780

 0.5545, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 144.0551, 0.2790,  
0.3740

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 179.6246, 0.2815,

0.3706

220.6145, 0.2836,  
0.3677

■ 22.9385, 0.2489,  
0.4162

■ 22.9385, 0.2489,  
0.4162

■ 22.9415, 0.2489,  
0.4162

■ 23.1322, 0.2485,  
0.4064

■ 23.3998, 0.2494,  
0.3966

■ 23.7788, 0.2522,  
0.3868

■ 24.2829, 0.2569,  
0.3772

■ 24.9235, 0.2633,  
0.3678

■ 25.7109, 0.2712,  
0.3589

■ 26.6544, 0.2804,  
0.3505

■ 27.7624, 0.2905,  
0.3427

■ 29.0427, 0.3014,  
0.3355

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.9385, 0.3217, 0.4718



22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



22.9385, 0.1973, 0.3299

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



22.9385, 0.2222, 0.2088



22.9385, 0.4713, 0.3677

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



6.6381, 0.5837, 0.2989

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.9385, 0.4403, 0.3101



22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



22.9385, 0.2867, 0.2237

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



22.9385, 0.1849, 0.2188



22.9385, 0.3685, 0.2596



22.9385, 0.4523, 0.4251



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



22.9385, 0.1798, 0.2789



22.9385, 0.3685, 0.2596



22.9385, 0.4666, 0.3482

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



22.9415, 0.2489, 0.4162



46.9267, 0.2798, 0.3510



22.3185, 0.3137, 0.5891



10.2535, 0.2762, 0.3541



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



22.9415, 0.2489, 0.4162



40.4512, 0.2495, 0.4180



15.0434, 0.2053, 0.2589



6.5361, 0.3023, 0.3350



19.0302, 0.2487, 0.4155



0.2378, 0.2362, 0.3703



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.6381, 0.5837, 0.2989



11.6880, 0.5884, 0.3015



7.5452, 0.6120, 0.3522



5.8393, 0.3243, 0.3231



5.5095, 0.5819, 0.2979



0.0718, 0.4772, 0.2402



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162

### Protanopia

22.7476, 0.3570, 0.3816

### Deuteranopia

22.5491, 0.3538, 0.3477



## Tritanopia

22.9998, 0.2292, 0.3058

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



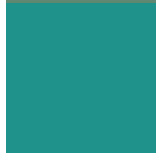
## Protanomaly

21.3003, 0.2942, 0.3990



## Deuteranomaly

20.9531, 0.2916, 0.3734



## Tritanomaly

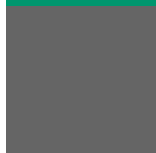
22.7132, 0.2342, 0.3430

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162



## Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

15.2831, 0.2672, 0.3643

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 150, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 150, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 150, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 150, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 150, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 150, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 150, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 150, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 150,  
110) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 22.9385, 0.2489, 0.4162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 150, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 150,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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