

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(23.0951, 0.4226, 0.4290)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(23.0951, 0.4226, 0.4290)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9E803F
RGB	158, 128, 63
RGB Percent	62%, 50%, 25%
CMY	0.3804, 0.4980, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.60, 0.38
HSL	41°, 43%, 43%
HSV	41°, 60%, 62%
XYZ	22.7170, 23.0663, 7.9593
YIQ	129.5600, 38.7450, -13.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

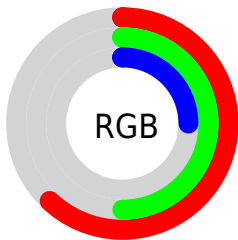
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 158, 63
Decimal	10387519
CIE Lab	55.14, 3.65, 39.03
CIE LCh	55, 39.202, 84.652
Yxy	23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288577599 (0xFF9E803F)
YUV	129.5600, -32.8141, 24.9419
Hunter-Lab	48.0274, 0.3826, 23.7934

# Details

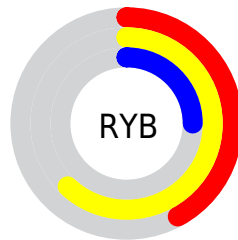
The Yxy color **23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **11.3558, 0.2115, 0.1979**, and the grayscale version is **22.2683, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.6871, 0.4003, 0.4101**, and **8.5667, 0.4574, 0.4565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.6455, 0.4421, 0.4409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.6040, 0.4026, 0.4146**.

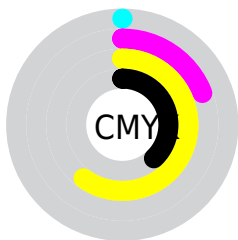
# Distribution



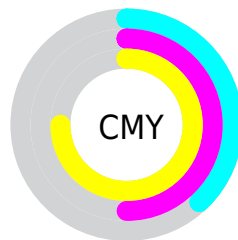
- Red (62%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (75%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.0663, 0.4227,  
0.4292


 23.0663, 0.4227,  
0.4292


268.0653, 0.3634,  
0.3764


 14.6425, 0.4378,  
0.4420


 48.5022, 0.4006,  
0.4099


 8.5689, 0.4566,  
0.4572

 66.2830, 0.3924,  
0.4026


 4.4610, 0.4862,  
0.4812

 87.9516, 0.3855,  
0.3965

 1.9347, 0.5074,  
0.4926

 113.8924, 0.3797,  
0.3912

 0.5691, 0.5254,  
0.4746

 144.4898, 0.3748,  
0.3867

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 180.1281, 0.3705,

0.3828

221.1919, 0.3667,  
0.3794

■ 23.0663, 0.4227,  
0.4292

■ 23.0663, 0.4227,  
0.4292

■ 21.6455, 0.4421,  
0.4409

■ 24.6040, 0.4026,  
0.4146

■ 20.3330, 0.4597,  
0.4487

■ 26.2601, 0.3825,  
0.3981

■ 19.1236, 0.4748,  
0.4518

■ 28.0402, 0.3632,  
0.3806

■ 18.0164, 0.4876,  
0.4511

■ 29.9484, 0.3450,  
0.3630

■ 31.9885, 0.3282,  
0.3457

■ 34.1642, 0.3129,  
0.3292

■ 36.4789, 0.2991,  
0.3136

■ 38.9360, 0.2867,  
0.2991

■ 41.5385, 0.2756,  
0.2857

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.0663, 0.4498, 0.3821



23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292



23.0663, 0.3673, 0.4555

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292



23.0663, 0.2025, 0.3085



23.0663, 0.3128, 0.2444

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292



11.3558, 0.2115, 0.1979

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.0663, 0.2496, 0.2247



23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292



23.0663, 0.1917, 0.2540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292



23.0663, 0.2406, 0.3808



23.0663, 0.2079, 0.2267



23.0663, 0.3835, 0.2816



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292



23.0663, 0.3230, 0.4507



23.0663, 0.2079, 0.2267



23.0663, 0.2899, 0.2357

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.0674, 0.4227, 0.4292



55.0242, 0.3419, 0.3599



11.6174, 0.4339, 0.2823



12.1809, 0.3468, 0.3648



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.0674, 0.4227, 0.4292



38.5038, 0.4481, 0.4439



30.4385, 0.3768, 0.4772



7.3667, 0.3268, 0.3443



14.5024, 0.4869, 0.4516



0.3314, 0.4545, 0.4773



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3558, 0.2115, 0.1979



15.4391, 0.1908, 0.1639



7.7492, 0.2160, 0.1482



6.7601, 0.2988, 0.3133



3.8610, 0.1631, 0.1070



0.1402, 0.1843, 0.1836



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

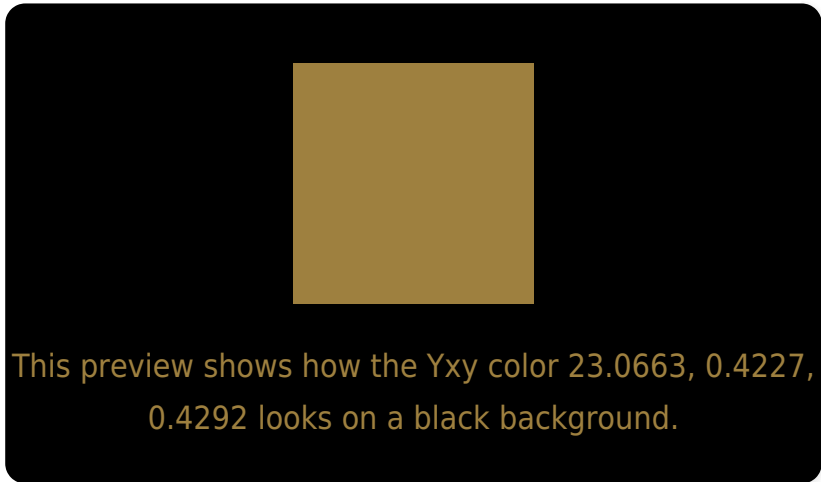
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292

### Protanopia

22.9837, 0.4029, 0.4404

### Deuteranopia

23.0784, 0.4299, 0.4224



## Tritanopia

23.1790, 0.3558, 0.3151

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292

## Protanomaly

23.0868, 0.4089, 0.4366

## Deuteranomaly

23.1260, 0.4265, 0.4249

## Tritanomaly

23.1373, 0.3822, 0.3579

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292

## Achromatopsia

22.3228, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

22.3166, 0.3521, 0.3694

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 128, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 128, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 128, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 128, 63) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 128, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 128, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 128, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 128, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 128, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 128,  
63) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.0663, 0.4227, 0.4292 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 128, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
128, 63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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