

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(23.2711, 0.2651, 0.3467)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(23.2711, 0.2651, 0.3467)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**$Y_{xy}(23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	548F86
RGB	84, 143, 134
RGB Percent	33%, 56%, 53%
CMY	0.6703, 0.4392, 0.4745
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.06, 0.44
HSL	171°, 26%, 45%
HSV	171°, 41%, 56%
XYZ	17.7857, 23.2510, 26.1045
YIQ	124.3330, -32.2750, -15.3070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

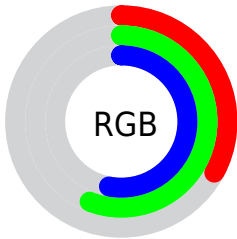
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	84, 116, 143
Decimal	5541766
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.33, -21.47, -1.26
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 21.506, 183.367
Yxy	23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283731846 (0xFF548F86)
YUV	124.3330, 4.7658, -35.3720
Hunter-Lab	48.2193, -18.5440, 1.6556

# Details

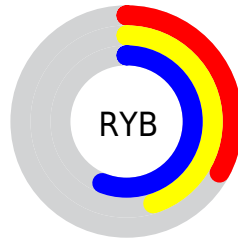
The Yxy color **23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **12.9808, 0.3974, 0.3130**, and the grayscale version is **20.2697, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.8387, 0.2755, 0.3428**, and **8.6172, 0.2463, 0.3500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.5972, 0.2562, 0.3512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.0426, 0.2750, 0.3416**.

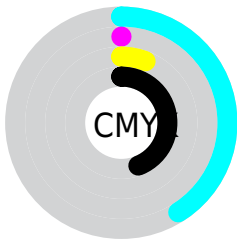
# Distribution



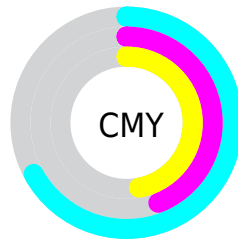
- Red (33%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.2510, 0.2649,  
0.3463


 23.2510, 0.2649,  
0.3463


269.0116, 0.2914,  
0.3368


 14.7790, 0.2573,  
0.3490


 48.8051, 0.2752,  
0.3426


 8.6644, 0.2468,  
0.3526

 66.6560, 0.2789,  
0.3413


 4.5229, 0.2314,  
0.3579

 88.4020, 0.2819,  
0.3403

 1.9702, 0.2069,  
0.3660

 114.4274, 0.2844,  
0.3393

 0.5901, 0.0271,  
0.4346

 145.1167, 0.2866,  
0.3386

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

180.8542, 0.2884,

0.3379

222.0244, 0.2900,  
0.3373

■ 23.2510, 0.2649,  
0.3463

■ 23.2510, 0.2649,  
0.3463

■ 22.5972, 0.2562,  
0.3512

■ 24.0426, 0.2750,  
0.3416

■ 22.0703, 0.2491,  
0.3563

■ 24.9768, 0.2863,  
0.3372

■ 21.6619, 0.2437,  
0.3616

■ 26.0616, 0.2984,  
0.3332


■ 21.3618, 0.2402,  
0.3669


■ 27.3035, 0.3111,  
0.3294

■ 21.1576, 0.2385,  
0.3721


■ 28.7086, 0.3243,  
0.3261

 21.0277, 0.2380,  
0.3767

 30.2828, 0.3375,  
0.3230

 32.0316, 0.3508,  
0.3204

 33.9603, 0.3638,  
0.3180

 36.0739, 0.3765,  
0.3159

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.2510, 0.2971, 0.3794



23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463



23.2510, 0.2458, 0.3098

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463



23.2510, 0.2874, 0.2700



23.2510, 0.3867, 0.3708

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463



12.9808, 0.3974, 0.3130

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.2510, 0.3845, 0.3412



23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463



23.2510, 0.3252, 0.2853

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463



23.2510, 0.2582, 0.2683



23.2510, 0.3615, 0.3106



23.2510, 0.3680, 0.3920



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463



23.2510, 0.2424, 0.2898



23.2510, 0.3615, 0.3106



23.2510, 0.3884, 0.3615

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.2519, 0.2649, 0.3463



46.4617, 0.2971, 0.3336



22.6576, 0.3167, 0.4476



10.6019, 0.2957, 0.3340



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.2519, 0.2649, 0.3463



40.5980, 0.2571, 0.3506



18.1236, 0.2518, 0.2899



6.1024, 0.3009, 0.3324



18.5967, 0.2379, 0.3765



0.1803, 0.2309, 0.3511



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9808, 0.3974, 0.3130



19.7319, 0.4261, 0.3099



16.3218, 0.3986, 0.3645



5.4367, 0.3259, 0.3257



5.2161, 0.6140, 0.3156



0.0519, 0.5314, 0.2701



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

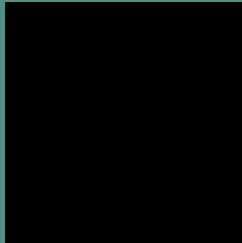
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463

### Protanopia

22.9158, 0.3217, 0.3360

### Deuteranopia

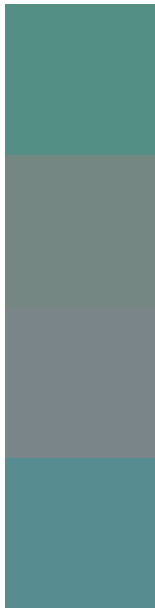
22.9953, 0.3193, 0.3139



## Tritanopia

23.1470, 0.2539, 0.3067

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463

## Protanomaly

22.6527, 0.2970, 0.3381

## Deuteranomaly

22.6176, 0.2964, 0.3236

## Tritanomaly

23.1203, 0.2580, 0.3213

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463

## Achromatopsia

20.1556, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

21.0423, 0.2913, 0.3346

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 143, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 143, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 143, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 143, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 143, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 143, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 143, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 143, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 143, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 143,  
134) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.2510, 0.2649, 0.3463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 143, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 143,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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