

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(23.4429, 0.2518, 0.2887)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(23.4429, 0.2518, 0.2887)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	608BA1
RGB	96, 139, 161
RGB Percent	38%, 55%, 63%
CMY	0.6232, 0.4550, 0.3686
CMYK	0.40, 0.14, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	200°, 26%, 50%
HSV	200°, 40%, 63%
XYZ	20.4962, 23.5252, 37.1839
YIQ	128.6510, -32.6900, -2.2740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

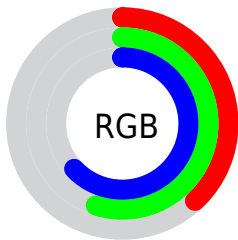
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 122, 161
Decimal	6327201
CIE _{Lab}	55.61, -8.83, -16.33
CIE _{LCh}	56, 18.564, 241.613
Yxy	23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284517281 (0xFF608BA1)
YUV	128.6510, 15.9481, -28.6349
Hunter-Lab	48.5028, -9.4496, -11.5019

Details

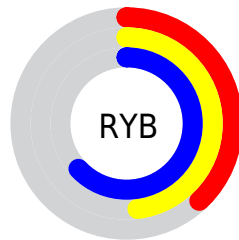
The Yxy color **23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **21.4058, 0.3970, 0.3647**, and the grayscale version is **21.7825, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.0467, 0.2648, 0.2976**, and **8.7844, 0.2309, 0.2751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.1974, 0.2387, 0.2780**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.1128, 0.2669, 0.3007**.

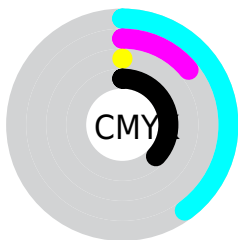
Distribution



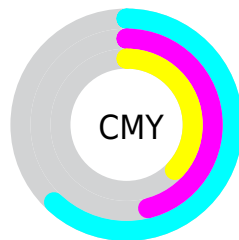
- Red (38%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.5252, 0.2524,
0.2897

■ 23.5252, 0.2524,
0.2897

270.4112, 0.2853,
0.3119

■ 14.9818, 0.2432,
0.2832

■ 49.2543, 0.2651,
0.2984

■ 8.8066, 0.2308,
0.2742

■ 67.2087, 0.2696,
0.3015

■ 4.6153, 0.2132,
0.2610

■ 89.0690, 0.2733,
0.3040

■ 2.0233, 0.1865,
0.2399

■ 115.2195, 0.2765,
0.3061

■ 0.6210, 0.1213,
0.2009

146.0445, 0.2792,
0.3079

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

181.9285, 0.2815,

0.3094

223.2560, 0.2835,
0.3107

■ 23.5252, 0.2524,
0.2897

■ 23.5252, 0.2524,
0.2897

■ 21.1974, 0.2387,
0.2780

■ 26.1128, 0.2669,
0.3007

■ 19.1144, 0.2261,
0.2657

■ 28.9686, 0.2820,
0.3109

■ 17.2639, 0.2151,
0.2531

■ 32.1040, 0.2971,
0.3203

■ 15.6309, 0.2059,
0.2402

■ 35.5286, 0.3122,
0.3287

■ 14.1977, 0.1987,
0.2275

■ 39.2517, 0.3270,
0.3363

■ 12.9636, 0.1932,
0.2153

■ 43.2822, 0.3413,
0.3431

■ 47.6283, 0.3550,
0.3491

■ 52.2981, 0.3681,
0.3544

■ 57.2993, 0.3804,
0.3590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.5252, 0.2554, 0.3146



23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897



23.5252, 0.2644, 0.2768

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897



23.5252, 0.3531, 0.3118



23.5252, 0.3340, 0.3868

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897



21.4058, 0.3970, 0.3647

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.5252, 0.3618, 0.3826



23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897



23.5252, 0.3736, 0.3384

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897



23.5252, 0.3217, 0.2899



23.5252, 0.3767, 0.3642



23.5252, 0.3014, 0.3733

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897



23.5252, 0.2798, 0.2757



23.5252, 0.3767, 0.3642



23.5252, 0.3442, 0.3873

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.5261, 0.2524, 0.2897



56.3815, 0.2943, 0.3186



29.2865, 0.2904, 0.4083



12.2149, 0.2925, 0.3175



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.5261, 0.2524, 0.2897



38.5240, 0.2406, 0.2797



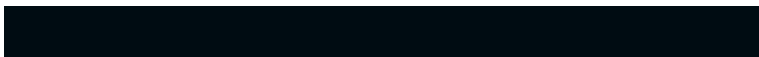
15.5595, 0.2431, 0.2291



7.6046, 0.2987, 0.3212



10.4295, 0.1934, 0.2164



0.3012, 0.2061, 0.2620

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.8222, 0.3464, 0.2621



27.5474, 0.3563, 0.2485



30.2977, 0.3775, 0.4121



7.1611, 0.3187, 0.3143



6.8970, 0.4272, 0.2127



0.1532, 0.3805, 0.1870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

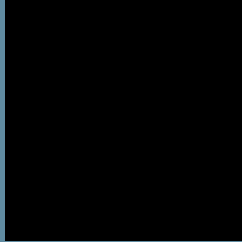
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897

Protanopia

23.4920, 0.2844, 0.2886

Deuteranopia

23.3554, 0.2798, 0.2746



Tritanopia

23.6964, 0.2581, 0.3088

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897

Protanomaly

23.5096, 0.2712, 0.2893

Deuteranomaly

23.2352, 0.2693, 0.2796

Tritanomaly

23.5556, 0.2564, 0.3017

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897

Achromatopsia

21.9526, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

22.4801, 0.2873, 0.3145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(96, 139, 161) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 139, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 139, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 139, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 139, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 139, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 139, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 139, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 139, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 139,  
161) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.5252, 0.2524, 0.2897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 139, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 139,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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