

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(23.4793, 0.2194, 0.2374)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(23.4793, 0.2194, 0.2374)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D8AC1
RGB	77, 138, 193
RGB Percent	30%, 54%, 76%
CMY	0.6982, 0.4588, 0.2432
CMYK	0.60, 0.28, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	208°, 48%, 53%
HSV	208°, 60%, 76%
XYZ	21.7694, 23.6050, 53.8480
YIQ	126.0310, -54.0110, 4.1730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

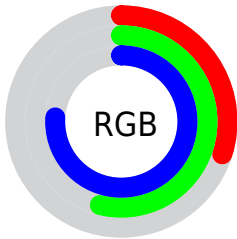
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 117, 193
Decimal	5081793
CIE _{Lab}	55.69, -3.09, -34.56
CIE _{LCh}	56, 34.695, 264.890
Yxy	23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283271873 (0xFF4D8AC1)
YUV	126.0310, 33.0157, -43.0002
Hunter-Lab	48.5850, -5.0435, -31.7031

Details

The Yxy color **23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **28.3494, 0.4462, 0.4008**, and the grayscale version is **20.7711, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.3146, 0.2380, 0.2559**, and **8.8435, 0.1909, 0.2071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4052, 0.2064, 0.2195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2653, 0.2339, 0.2558**.

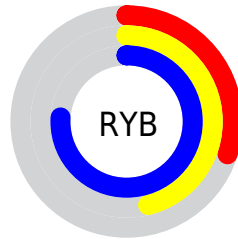
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (54%)

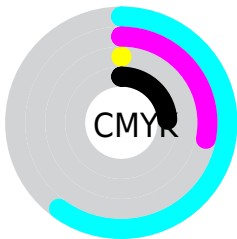
Blue (76%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (76%)

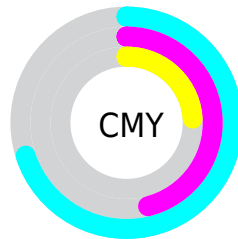


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.6050, 0.2194,
0.2379

■ 23.6050, 0.2194,
0.2379

270.8174, 0.2692,
0.2870

■ 15.0409, 0.2062,
0.2247

■ 49.3848, 0.2381,
0.2565

■ 8.8481, 0.1890,
0.2074

■ 67.3693, 0.2450,
0.2633

■ 4.6422, 0.1659,
0.1839

■ 89.2628, 0.2507,
0.2689

■ 2.0389, 0.1340,
0.1510

■ 115.4495, 0.2555,
0.2737

■ 0.6299, 0.0841,
0.1012

146.3139, 0.2597,
0.2777

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

182.2404, 0.2633,

0.2813

223.6135, 0.2664,
0.2843

■ 23.6050, 0.2194,
0.2379

■ 23.6050, 0.2194,
0.2379

■ 20.4052, 0.2064,
0.2195

■ 27.2653, 0.2339,
0.2558

■ 17.6362, 0.1952,
0.2011

■ 31.4081, 0.2494,
0.2729

■ 15.2675, 0.1863,
0.1831

■ 36.0562, 0.2653,
0.2888

■ 13.2658, 0.1795,
0.1662

■ 41.2303, 0.2814,
0.3035

■ 46.9496, 0.2972,
0.3169

■ 53.2323, 0.3125,
0.3289

■ 60.0957, 0.3272,
0.3395

■ 67.5559, 0.3410,
0.3490

■ 75.6289, 0.3541,
0.3573

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6050, 0.2046, 0.2630



23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379



23.6050, 0.2574, 0.2357

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379



23.6050, 0.4213, 0.3313



23.6050, 0.3024, 0.4248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379



28.3494, 0.4462, 0.4008

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6050, 0.3617, 0.4400



23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379



23.6050, 0.4336, 0.3781

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379



23.6050, 0.3755, 0.2874



23.6050, 0.4104, 0.4190



23.6050, 0.2489, 0.3738

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379



23.6050, 0.2935, 0.2456



23.6050, 0.4104, 0.4190



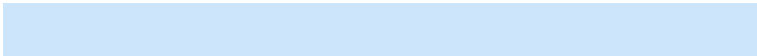
23.6050, 0.3223, 0.4344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.6058, 0.2194, 0.2379



75.6759, 0.2843, 0.3061



41.3475, 0.2741, 0.4322



15.6186, 0.2797, 0.3020



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.6058, 0.2194, 0.2379



34.9861, 0.2028, 0.2140



11.2829, 0.1984, 0.1434



10.6056, 0.2984, 0.3178



8.9867, 0.1801, 0.1683



0.5255, 0.1909, 0.2073

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4708, 0.3962, 0.2504



27.3867, 0.4244, 0.2404



48.3128, 0.3995, 0.4645



10.1645, 0.3208, 0.3169



8.1894, 0.4827, 0.2433



0.3677, 0.4371, 0.2182

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

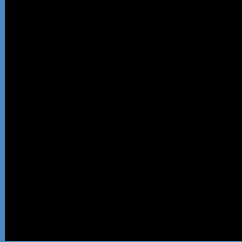
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379.

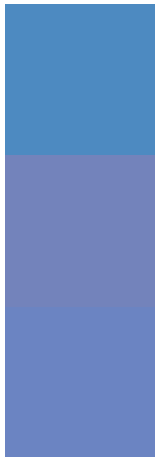


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379

Protanopia

23.4653, 0.2468, 0.2397

Deuteranopia

23.5234, 0.2361, 0.2309



Tritanopia

23.6772, 0.2345, 0.3062

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379

Protanomaly

23.4910, 0.2354, 0.2396

Deuteranomaly

23.4320, 0.2289, 0.2323

Tritanomaly

23.4416, 0.2285, 0.2783

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379

Achromatopsia

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

21.3554, 0.2696, 0.2927

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 138, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 138, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 138, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 138, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 138, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 138, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 138, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 138, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 138, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 138,  
193) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.6050, 0.2194, 0.2379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 138, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 138,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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