

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(23.6319, 0.2339, 0.2505)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(23.6319, 0.2339, 0.2505)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D89B8
RGB	93, 137, 184
RGB Percent	36%, 54%, 72%
CMY	0.6352, 0.4627, 0.2785
CMYK	0.49, 0.26, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	211°, 39%, 54%
HSV	211°, 49%, 72%
XYZ	22.1100, 23.6792, 48.7385
YIQ	129.2020, -41.3110, 5.2890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

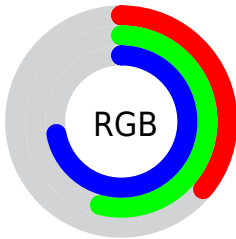
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 123, 184
Decimal	6130104
CIE _{Lab}	55.77, -1.83, -29.26
CIE _{LCh}	56, 29.315, 266.428
Yxy	23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284320184 (0xFF5D89B8)
YUV	129.2020, 27.0154, -31.7492
Hunter-Lab	48.6613, -4.0529, -25.3212

Details

The Yxy color $23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $29.7288, 0.4132, 0.3948$, and the grayscale version is $21.9429, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $49.4141, 0.2502, 0.2667$, and $8.8302, 0.2068, 0.2218$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $20.2495, 0.2188, 0.2310$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $27.5795, 0.2499, 0.2691$.

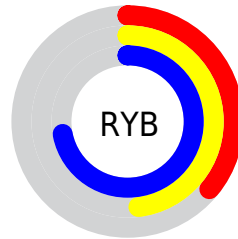
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (54%)

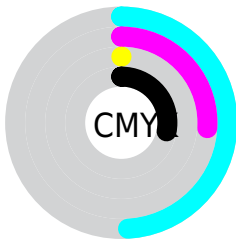
Blue (72%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (72%)

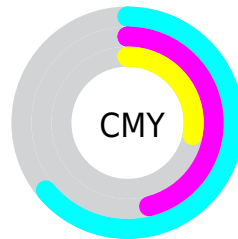


Cyan (49%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.6792, 0.2339,
0.2505

■ 23.6792, 0.2339,
0.2505

■ 271.1946, 0.2764,
0.2931

■ 15.0958, 0.2224,
0.2389

■ 49.5062, 0.2500,
0.2667

■ 8.8867, 0.2072,
0.2234

■ 67.5186, 0.2559,
0.2726

■ 4.6673, 0.1862,
0.2020

■ 89.4428, 0.2608,
0.2775

■ 2.0534, 0.1562,
0.1711

■ 115.6632, 0.2649,
0.2816

■ 0.6382, 0.1070,
0.1215

■ 146.5642, 0.2684,
0.2851

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

182.5301, 0.2714,

0.2881

223.9455, 0.2741,
0.2908

■ 23.6792, 0.2339,
0.2505

■ 23.6792, 0.2339,
0.2505

■ 20.2495, 0.2188,
0.2310

■ 27.5795, 0.2499,
0.2691

■ 17.2647, 0.2050,
0.2110

■ 31.9686, 0.2662,
0.2864

■ 14.7002, 0.1931,
0.1910

■ 36.8672, 0.2825,
0.3023

■ 12.5270, 0.1835,
0.1717

■ 42.2934, 0.2983,
0.3167

■ 10.6954, 0.1761,
0.1534

■ 48.2647, 0.3135,
0.3297

■ 10.6004, 0.1757,
0.1524

■ 54.7973, 0.3280,
0.3412

■ 61.9071, 0.3416,
0.3513

■ 69.6089, 0.3542,
0.3603

■ 77.2302, 0.3633,
0.3685

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6792, 0.2199, 0.2719



23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505



23.6792, 0.2680, 0.2491

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505



23.6792, 0.4055, 0.3341



23.6792, 0.3022, 0.4070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505



29.7288, 0.4132, 0.3948

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6792, 0.3528, 0.4224



23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505



23.6792, 0.4148, 0.3744

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505



23.6792, 0.3683, 0.2955



23.6792, 0.3945, 0.4078



23.6792, 0.2568, 0.3641

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505



23.6792, 0.2994, 0.2581



23.6792, 0.3945, 0.4078



23.6792, 0.3192, 0.4157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.6801, 0.2339, 0.2505



70.8585, 0.2892, 0.3086



38.4477, 0.2766, 0.4048



14.8401, 0.2858, 0.3055



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.6801, 0.2339, 0.2505



36.4036, 0.2180, 0.2299



13.6182, 0.2196, 0.1751



9.4170, 0.2985, 0.3169



7.4483, 0.1763, 0.1546



0.3866, 0.1897, 0.2029

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.8244, 0.3808, 0.2678



30.0381, 0.4034, 0.2569



45.2484, 0.3843, 0.4473



9.0826, 0.3214, 0.3180



7.5342, 0.5000, 0.2528



0.2781, 0.4420, 0.2209

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

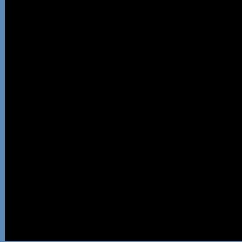
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

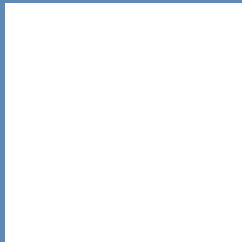
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505.

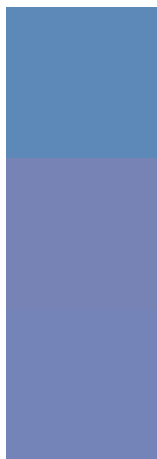


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505

Protanopia

23.4498, 0.2553, 0.2499

Deuteranopia

23.7183, 0.2493, 0.2442



Tritanopia

23.8170, 0.2490, 0.3085

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505

Protanomaly

23.4263, 0.2474, 0.2503

Deuteranomaly

23.7411, 0.2433, 0.2461

Tritanomaly

23.7926, 0.2435, 0.2861

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505

Achromatopsia

21.9526, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

22.3855, 0.2787, 0.2988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 137, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 137, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 137, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 137, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 137, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 137, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 137, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 137, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 137, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 137,  
184) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.6792, 0.2339, 0.2505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 137, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 137,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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