

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(23.6605, 0.2583, 0.4498)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
 $\text{Yxy}(23.6605, 0.2583, 0.4498)$   
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	009962
RGB	0, 153, 98
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 38%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.6156
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.36, 0.40
HSL	158°, 100%, 30%
HSV	158°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.5939, 23.6643, 15.4110
YIQ	100.9830, -73.5330, -49.5410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

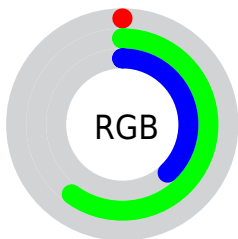
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 93, 153
Decimal	39266
CIELab	55.75, -47.79, 19.48
CIELCh	56, 51.605, 157.824
Yxy	23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229346 (0xFF009962)
YUV	100.9830, -1.4706, -88.5621
Hunter-Lab	48.6460, -35.2493, 15.2691

# Details

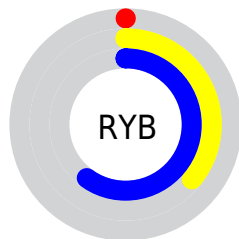
The Yxy color **23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **7.0487, 0.5504, 0.2806**, and the grayscale version is **13.0290, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.2601, 0.2712, 0.4198**, and **9.5464, 0.2694, 0.4897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.6670, 0.2581, 0.4493**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.8786, 0.2568, 0.4359**.

# Distribution



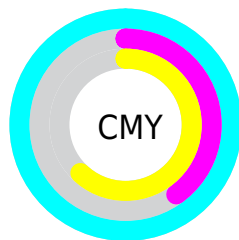
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 23.6643, 0.2581,  
0.4493


 23.6643, 0.2581,  
0.4493


271.1189, 0.2905,  
0.3782


 15.0848, 0.2478,  
0.4720


 49.4818, 0.2714,  
0.4202

 8.8789, 0.2327,  
0.5047


 67.4886, 0.2759,  
0.4103


 4.6623, 0.2093,  
0.5558

 89.4067, 0.2795,  
0.4023

 2.0505, 0.1594,  
0.6662

 115.6203, 0.2825,  
0.3958

 0.6366, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 146.5139, 0.2850,  
0.3903

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 182.4720, 0.2871,

0.3856

223.8788, 0.2889,  
0.3816

■ 23.6643, 0.2581,  
0.4493

■ 23.6643, 0.2581,  
0.4493

■ 23.6670, 0.2581,  
0.4493

■ 23.8786, 0.2568,  
0.4359

■ 24.1744, 0.2569,  
0.4223

■ 24.5900, 0.2590,  
0.4087

■ 25.1397, 0.2629,  
0.3952

■ 25.8358, 0.2685,  
0.3823

■ 26.6890, 0.2756,  
0.3699

■ 27.7092, 0.2838,  
0.3583

■ 28.9053, 0.2929,  
0.3476

■ 30.2856, 0.3027,  
0.3378

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6643, 0.3411, 0.4961



23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



23.6643, 0.1948, 0.3524

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



23.6643, 0.1997, 0.1965



23.6643, 0.4875, 0.3538

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



7.0487, 0.5504, 0.2806

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6643, 0.4401, 0.2926



23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



23.6643, 0.2635, 0.2070

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



23.6643, 0.1670, 0.2135



23.6643, 0.3524, 0.2409



23.6643, 0.4770, 0.4178



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



23.6643, 0.1709, 0.2902



23.6643, 0.3524, 0.2409



23.6643, 0.4780, 0.3328

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.6670, 0.2581, 0.4493



49.5022, 0.2833, 0.3590



23.6285, 0.3215, 0.5830



10.7687, 0.2800, 0.3634



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.6670, 0.2581, 0.4493



42.3441, 0.2588, 0.4518



18.9675, 0.2130, 0.2869



6.9888, 0.3034, 0.3371



19.5649, 0.2579, 0.4483



0.2994, 0.2417, 0.3901



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.0487, 0.5504, 0.2806



12.5896, 0.5553, 0.2833



7.2876, 0.6264, 0.3408



6.2575, 0.3230, 0.3210



5.8310, 0.5485, 0.2795



0.0937, 0.4453, 0.2226



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493

### Protanopia

23.4425, 0.3733, 0.4026

### Deuteranopia

23.4064, 0.3738, 0.3686



## Tritanopia

23.8107, 0.2311, 0.3061

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



## Protanomaly

21.8218, 0.3072, 0.4252



## Deuteranomaly

21.5033, 0.3062, 0.3994



## Tritanomaly

23.6125, 0.2384, 0.3552

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493



## Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

15.4430, 0.2713, 0.3764

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 98) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 98)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.6643, 0.2581, 0.4493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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