

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(23.9434, 0.2456, 0.2864)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(23.9434, 0.2456, 0.2864)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A8DA5
RGB	90, 141, 165
RGB Percent	35%, 55%, 65%
CMY	0.6469, 0.4471, 0.3529
CMYK	0.45, 0.15, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	199°, 29%, 50%
HSV	199°, 45%, 65%
XYZ	20.5367, 23.9400, 39.1419
YIQ	128.4870, -38.1000, -3.3480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

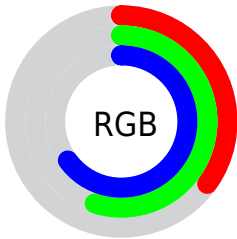
Format	Color
R _{YB}	90, 120, 165
Decimal	5934501
CIE Lab	56.03, -10.43, -18.02
CIE LCh	56, 20.824, 239.936
Yxy	23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284124581 (0xFF5A8DA5)
YUV	128.4870, 18.0009, -33.7531
Hunter-Lab	48.9285, -10.7033, -13.1809

Details

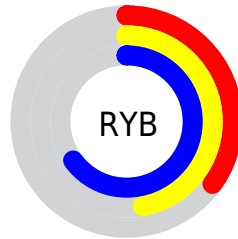
The Yxy color **23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **20.7888, 0.4130, 0.3670**, and the grayscale version is **21.7143, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.1268, 0.2598, 0.2964**, and **9.0495, 0.2225, 0.2703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.6807, 0.2327, 0.2750**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.4593, 0.2596, 0.2970**.

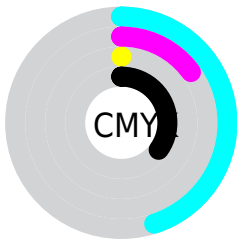
Distribution



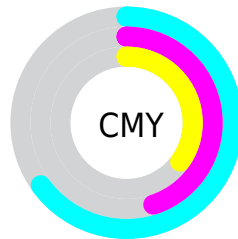
- Red (35%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.9400, 0.2456,
0.2863

■ 23.9400, 0.2456,
0.2863

■ 272.5170, 0.2820,
0.3104

■ 15.2891, 0.2356,
0.2793

■ 49.9323, 0.2595,
0.2958

■ 9.0225, 0.2221,
0.2696

■ 68.0425, 0.2645,
0.2991

■ 4.7559, 0.2032,
0.2554

■ 90.0745, 0.2687,
0.3018

■ 2.1048, 0.1750,
0.2330

■ 116.4129, 0.2722,
0.3041

■ 0.6673, 0.1104,
0.1941

■ 147.4419, 0.2752,
0.3060

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

183.5460, 0.2777,

0.3077

225.1096, 0.2800,
0.3091

■ 23.9400, 0.2456,
0.2863

■ 23.9400, 0.2456,
0.2863

■ 21.6807, 0.2327,
0.2750

■ 26.4593, 0.2596,
0.2970

■ 19.6654, 0.2211,
0.2632

■ 29.2479, 0.2743,
0.3071

■ 17.8800, 0.2113,
0.2512

■ 32.3182, 0.2894,
0.3163

■ 16.3077, 0.2034,
0.2391

■ 35.6806, 0.3045,
0.3248

■ 14.9269, 0.1974,
0.2272

■ 39.3450, 0.3195,
0.3324

■ 14.3373, 0.1949,
0.2218

■ 43.3208, 0.3342,
0.3392

■ 47.6169, 0.3483,
0.3452

■ 52.2419, 0.3619,
0.3506

■ 57.2039, 0.3748,
0.3553

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.9400, 0.2498, 0.3145



23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863



23.9400, 0.2580, 0.2715

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863



23.9400, 0.3560, 0.3082



23.9400, 0.3381, 0.3940

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863



20.7888, 0.4130, 0.3670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.9400, 0.3687, 0.3878



23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863



23.9400, 0.3799, 0.3374

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863



23.9400, 0.3205, 0.2847



23.9400, 0.3845, 0.3663



23.9400, 0.3019, 0.3801

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863



23.9400, 0.2744, 0.2698



23.9400, 0.3845, 0.3663



23.9400, 0.3494, 0.3941

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.9409, 0.2456, 0.2863



58.5495, 0.2912, 0.3174



30.3011, 0.2891, 0.4231



12.5414, 0.2880, 0.3156



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.9409, 0.2456, 0.2863



38.6024, 0.2320, 0.2743



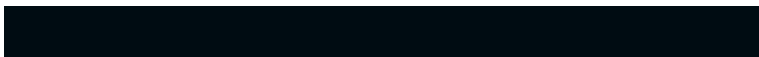
14.7511, 0.2334, 0.2160



7.6267, 0.2987, 0.3216



10.9373, 0.1953, 0.2230



0.3093, 0.2072, 0.2659

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2435, 0.3502, 0.2518



25.9159, 0.3626, 0.2356



30.9597, 0.3869, 0.4207



7.1634, 0.3184, 0.3138



6.9483, 0.4201, 0.2088



0.1540, 0.3767, 0.1849

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

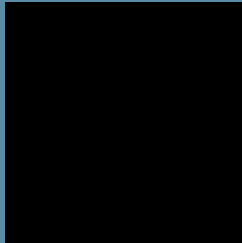
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863

Protanopia

23.8675, 0.2817, 0.2856

Deuteranopia

23.7684, 0.2763, 0.2703



Tritanopia

24.0043, 0.2519, 0.3087

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863

Protanomaly

23.7589, 0.2670, 0.2860

Deuteranomaly

23.7260, 0.2636, 0.2765

Tritanomaly

23.8893, 0.2494, 0.2999

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863

Achromatopsia

21.5861, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

22.2756, 0.2842, 0.3144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 141, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 141, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 141, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 141, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 141, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 141, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 141, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 141, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 141, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 141,  
165) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.9400, 0.2456, 0.2863 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 141, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 141,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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