

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(24.1389, 0.2626, 0.3288)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(24.1389, 0.2626, 0.3288)  
contains.

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# Color

**$\text{Yxy}(24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B9090
RGB	91, 144, 144
RGB Percent	36%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.6434, 0.4352, 0.4353
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	180°, 23%, 46%
HSV	180°, 37%, 56%
XYZ	19.3166, 24.1843, 30.0300
YIQ	128.1530, -31.5880, -11.2360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

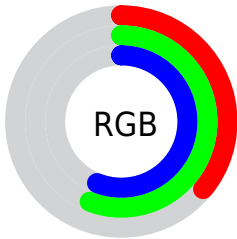
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	91, 118, 144
Decimal	6000784
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.27, -17.55, -5.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 18.414, 197.635
Y <sub>xy</sub>	24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284190864 (0xFF5B9090)
YUV	128.1530, 7.8126, -32.5832
Hunter-Lab	49.1775, -15.9473, -1.7809

# Details

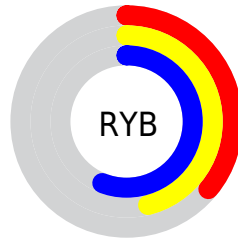
The Yxy color **24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **14.1579, 0.3983, 0.3292**, and the grayscale version is **21.6189, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.3947, 0.2734, 0.3289**, and **9.0880, 0.2442, 0.3259** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.5226, 0.2521, 0.3289**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.9884, 0.2748, 0.3289**.

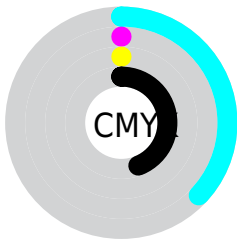
# Distribution



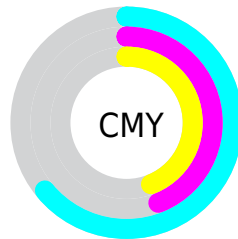
- Red (36%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.1843, 0.2627,  
0.3289


 24.1843, 0.2627,  
0.3289


273.7509, 0.2901,  
0.3294


 15.4704, 0.2550,  
0.3286


 50.3308, 0.2733,  
0.3292


 9.1502, 0.2444,  
0.3280


 68.5321, 0.2771,  
0.3293

 4.8393, 0.2292,  
0.3268

 90.6648, 0.2802,  
0.3293

 2.1533, 0.2056,  
0.3242

 117.1131, 0.2828,  
0.3294

 0.6943, 0.1111,  
0.3332

148.2615, 0.2850,  
0.3294

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

184.4943, 0.2870,

0.3294

226.1960, 0.2886,  
0.3294

■ 24.1843, 0.2627,  
0.3289

■ 24.1843, 0.2627,  
0.3289

■ 23.5226, 0.2521,  
0.3289

■ 24.9884, 0.2748,  
0.3289

■ 22.9922, 0.2432,  
0.3289

■ 25.9394, 0.2881,  
0.3289

■ 22.5854, 0.2361,  
0.3289

■ 27.0451, 0.3025,  
0.3290

■ 22.2920, 0.2308,  
0.3289

■ 28.3121, 0.3175,  
0.3290

■ 22.1007, 0.2273,  
0.3289

■ 29.7464, 0.3330,  
0.3290

■ 21.9919, 0.2252,  
0.3289

■ 31.3538, 0.3487,  
0.3291

■ 21.9626, 0.2247,  
0.3289

■ 33.1398, 0.3644,  
0.3291

■ 35.1097, 0.3798,  
0.3292

■ 37.2685, 0.3948,  
0.3292

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.1843, 0.2856, 0.3592



24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289



24.1843, 0.2529, 0.3006

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289



24.1843, 0.3063, 0.2834



24.1843, 0.3698, 0.3747

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289



14.1579, 0.3983, 0.3292

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.1843, 0.3765, 0.3523



24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289



24.1843, 0.3388, 0.3012

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289



24.1843, 0.2770, 0.2763



24.1843, 0.3650, 0.3258



24.1843, 0.3475, 0.3860



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289



24.1843, 0.2546, 0.2868



24.1843, 0.3650, 0.3258



24.1843, 0.3740, 0.3681

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.1853, 0.2627, 0.3289



46.8039, 0.2961, 0.3290



22.9716, 0.3085, 0.4360



10.6798, 0.2944, 0.3290



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.1853, 0.2627, 0.3289



41.6885, 0.2541, 0.3289



17.2779, 0.2558, 0.2785



6.1163, 0.2991, 0.3290



19.1214, 0.2247, 0.3289



0.1828, 0.2247, 0.3288



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.1579, 0.3983, 0.3292



21.4130, 0.4271, 0.3293



19.3131, 0.3819, 0.3743



5.4241, 0.3281, 0.3290



5.1635, 0.6400, 0.3299



0.0494, 0.6396, 0.3297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

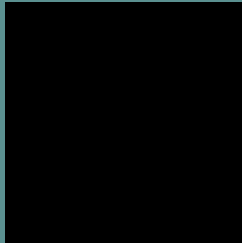
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289

### Protanopia

24.1194, 0.3108, 0.3222

### Deuteranopia

24.0900, 0.3083, 0.3027



## Tritanopia

24.0588, 0.2569, 0.3071

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289

## Protanomaly

24.0635, 0.2917, 0.3254

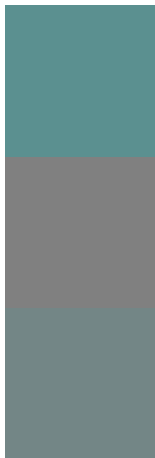
## Deuteranomaly

23.8946, 0.2890, 0.3116

## Tritanomaly

24.1741, 0.2594, 0.3160

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289

## Achromatopsia

21.5861, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

22.4163, 0.2920, 0.3289

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 144, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 144, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 144, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 144, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 144, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 144, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 144, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 144, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 144, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 144,  
144) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 24.1843, 0.2627, 0.3289$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 144, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 144,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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