

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(24.4389, 0.2471, 0.2785)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(24.4389, 0.2471, 0.2785)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	618DAA
RGB	97, 141, 170
RGB Percent	38%, 55%, 67%
CMY	0.6197, 0.4470, 0.3333
CMYK	0.43, 0.17, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	204°, 30%, 52%
HSV	204°, 43%, 67%
XYZ	21.7095, 24.4934, 41.6186
YIQ	131.1500, -35.5330, -0.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

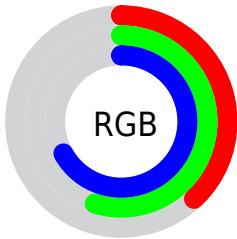
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 124, 170
Decimal	6393258
CIE _{Lab}	56.58, -7.20, -20.01
CIE _{LCh}	57, 21.267, 250.210
Y _{xy}	24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284583338 (0xFF618DAA)
YUV	131.1500, 19.1530, -29.9496
Hunter-Lab	49.4908, -8.3087, -15.2155

Details

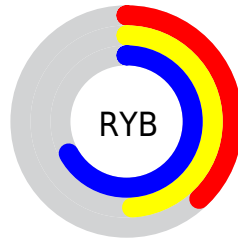
The Yxy color $24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be $24.3288, 0.4021, 0.3735$, and the grayscale version is $22.6924, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $51.0458, 0.2612, 0.2907$, and $9.3256, 0.2243, 0.2598$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $21.7274, 0.2330, 0.2647$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $27.5828, 0.2622, 0.2922$.

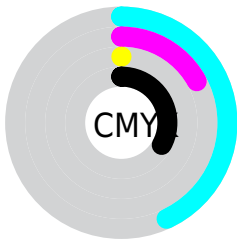
Distribution



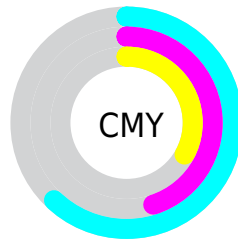
- Red (38%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24.4934, 0.2472,
0.2789

■ 24.4934, 0.2472,
0.2789

275.3055, 0.2826,
0.3067

■ 15.7000, 0.2375,
0.2710

■ 50.8342, 0.2607,
0.2897

■ 9.3121, 0.2245,
0.2602

■ 69.1504, 0.2656,
0.2935

■ 4.9453, 0.2063,
0.2447

■ 91.4096, 0.2696,
0.2967

■ 2.2152, 0.1792,
0.2208

■ 117.9963, 0.2731,
0.2994

■ 0.7283, 0.1281,
0.1807

149.2949, 0.2760,
0.3016

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

185.6896, 0.2785,

0.3035

227.5651, 0.2807,
0.3052

■ 24.4934, 0.2472,
0.2789

■ 24.4934, 0.2472,
0.2789

■ 21.7274, 0.2330,
0.2647

■ 27.5828, 0.2622,
0.2922

■ 19.2670, 0.2200,
0.2499

■ 31.0068, 0.2776,
0.3046

■ 17.0964, 0.2086,
0.2348

■ 34.7790, 0.2930,
0.3159

■ 15.1970, 0.1991,
0.2195

■ 38.9116, 0.3083,
0.3262

■ 13.5466, 0.1917,
0.2046

■ 43.4160, 0.3231,
0.3354

■ 12.5010, 0.1873,
0.1942

■ 48.3032, 0.3374,
0.3436

■ 53.5834, 0.3510,
0.3508

■ 59.2667, 0.3639,
0.3572

■ 65.3625, 0.3760,
0.3627

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.4934, 0.2456, 0.3032



24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789



24.4934, 0.2651, 0.2690

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789



24.4934, 0.3667, 0.3177



24.4934, 0.3260, 0.3924

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789



24.3288, 0.4021, 0.3735

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.4934, 0.3601, 0.3929



24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789



24.4934, 0.3849, 0.3479

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789



24.4934, 0.3335, 0.2913



24.4934, 0.3821, 0.3755



24.4934, 0.2897, 0.3716

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789



24.4934, 0.2846, 0.2707



24.4934, 0.3821, 0.3755



24.4934, 0.3381, 0.3949

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.4943, 0.2472, 0.2789



62.8930, 0.2926, 0.3156



32.7740, 0.2865, 0.4082



13.6845, 0.2893, 0.3133



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.4943, 0.2472, 0.2789



39.4223, 0.2330, 0.2648



15.6490, 0.2366, 0.2141



8.0244, 0.2987, 0.3198



9.3057, 0.1877, 0.1958



0.3222, 0.2013, 0.2448

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.0167, 0.3554, 0.2634



29.0506, 0.3698, 0.2492



35.0716, 0.3801, 0.4223



7.6154, 0.3196, 0.3155



7.0105, 0.4501, 0.2253



0.1802, 0.3974, 0.1963

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

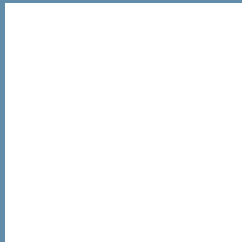
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789.

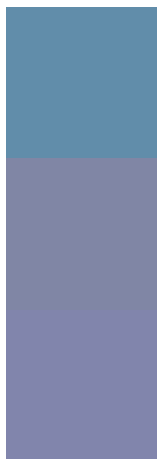


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789

Protanopia

24.3560, 0.2765, 0.2780

Deuteranopia

24.4207, 0.2713, 0.2662



Tritanopia

24.6402, 0.2559, 0.3090

Trichromacy



Original Color

24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789

Protanomaly

24.4632, 0.2650, 0.2787

Deuteranomaly

24.3305, 0.2616, 0.2709

Tritanomaly

24.5627, 0.2527, 0.2986

Monochromacy



Original Color

24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789

Achromatopsia

22.6966, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

23.2942, 0.2857, 0.3113

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 141, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 141, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 141, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 141, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 141, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 141, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 141, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 141, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 141, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 141,  
170) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 24.4934, 0.2472, 0.2789 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 141, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 141,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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