

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(24.5583, 0.4234, 0.3380)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(24.5583, 0.4234, 0.3380)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C1726C
RGB	193, 114, 108
RGB Percent	76%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.2432, 0.5529, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.44, 0.24
HSL	4°, 41%, 59%
HSV	4°, 44%, 76%
XYZ	30.7152, 24.4548, 17.2886
YIQ	136.9370, 49.0100, 14.8820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

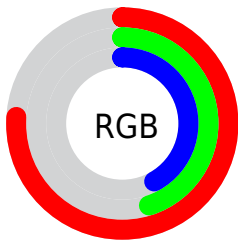
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	193, 114, 108
Decimal	12677740
CIE Lab	56.54, 30.44, 16.77
CIE LCh	57, 34.756, 28.848
Yxy	24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290867820 (0xFFC1726C)
YUV	136.9370, -14.2659, 49.1673
Hunter-Lab	49.4518, 24.3283, 13.8881

# Details

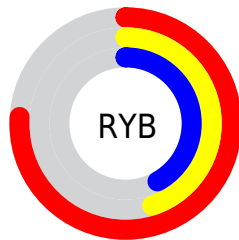
The Yxy color **24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **42.5725, 0.2524, 0.3200**, and the grayscale version is **25.0331, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.8361, 0.4002, 0.3378**, and **9.2380, 0.4650, 0.3348** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4322, 0.4642, 0.3391**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.3641, 0.3895, 0.3356**.

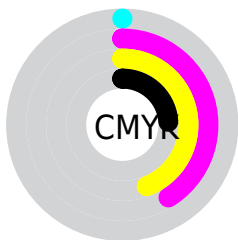
# Distribution



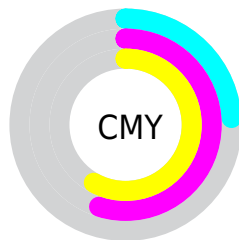
- Red (76%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 24.4548, 0.4239,  
0.3375


 24.4548, 0.4239,  
0.3375


275.1118, 0.3618,  
0.3350


 15.6713, 0.4418,  
0.3372


 50.7714, 0.3996,  
0.3372


 9.2919, 0.4661,  
0.3359


 69.0732, 0.3911,  
0.3369

 4.9321, 0.5012,  
0.3326

 91.3167, 0.3840,  
0.3366

 2.2074, 0.5553,  
0.3241

 117.8862, 0.3781,  
0.3362

 0.7241, 0.6857,  
0.3143

149.1660, 0.3731,  
0.3359

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


185.5406, 0.3688,


 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3356


0.0000


227.3944, 0.3651,  
0.3353


 24.4548, 0.4239,  
0.3375


 24.4548, 0.4239,  
0.3375


 20.4322, 0.4642,  
0.3391


 29.3641, 0.3895,  
0.3356


 17.2399, 0.5090,  
0.3399


 35.2048, 0.3611,  
0.3336


 14.8209, 0.5545,  
0.3397


 42.0228, 0.3380,  
0.3316

 13.1096, 0.5950,  
0.3381


 49.8600, 0.3192,  
0.3297


 12.0291, 0.6238,  
0.3352

 58.7559, 0.3041,  
0.3280

 11.6412, 0.6351,  
0.3339

 68.7479, 0.2917,  
0.3264

 79.8715, 0.2817,  
0.3250

 90.0766, 0.2768,  
0.3289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.4548, 0.3823, 0.2932



24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375



24.4548, 0.4313, 0.3837

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375



24.4548, 0.2949, 0.4188



24.4548, 0.2239, 0.2372

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375



42.5725, 0.2524, 0.3200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.4548, 0.2061, 0.2590



24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375



24.4548, 0.2438, 0.3652

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375



24.4548, 0.3538, 0.4391



24.4548, 0.2126, 0.3042



24.4548, 0.2644, 0.2378



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375



24.4548, 0.4166, 0.4112



24.4548, 0.2126, 0.3042



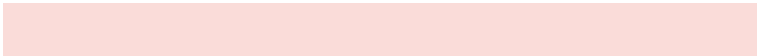
24.4548, 0.2154, 0.2419

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.4560, 0.4239, 0.3375



76.3709, 0.3362, 0.3314



25.6638, 0.3239, 0.2286



15.7600, 0.3409, 0.3318



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.4560, 0.4239, 0.3375



36.7319, 0.4633, 0.3390



36.2511, 0.3975, 0.3935



10.1897, 0.3287, 0.3307



7.7884, 0.6340, 0.3348



0.3767, 0.6132, 0.3513



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.5725, 0.2524, 0.3200



73.3459, 0.2424, 0.3177



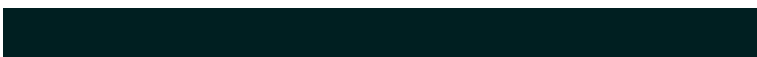
27.2373, 0.2410, 0.2534



11.3026, 0.2984, 0.3273



24.1486, 0.2186, 0.3070



1.0805, 0.2201, 0.3123



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

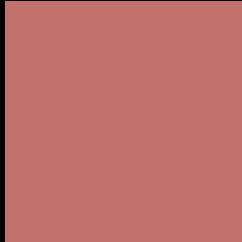
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

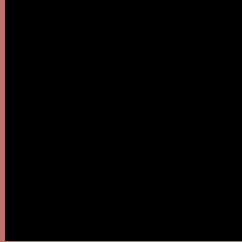
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375

### Protanopia

24.7560, 0.3399, 0.3596

### Deuteranopia

24.7261, 0.3773, 0.3707



## Tritanopia

24.4137, 0.4100, 0.3184

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375

## Protanomaly

24.2303, 0.3692, 0.3515

## Deuteranomaly

24.4785, 0.3942, 0.3580

## Tritanomaly

24.5405, 0.4149, 0.3252

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375

## Achromatopsia

25.0158, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

24.3750, 0.3496, 0.3339

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 114, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 114, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 114, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 114, 108) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 114, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 114, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 114, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 114, 108); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 114, 108); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 114, 108) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 24.4548, 0.4239, 0.3375 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 114, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
114, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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