

Converting Colors

$Yxy(25.0779, 0.1983, 0.2340)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(25.0779, 0.1983, 0.2340)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0193CC
RGB	1, 147, 204
RGB Percent	0%, 58%, 80%
CMY	0.9980, 0.4236, 0.2000
CMYK	1.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	197°, 100%, 40%
HSV	197°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	21.3377, 25.2271, 60.8760
YIQ	109.8440, -105.3130, -13.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

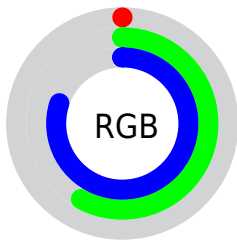
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 86, 204
Decimal	103372
CIE _{Lab}	57.30, -12.05, -38.39
CIE _{LCh}	57, 40.236, 252.577
Yxy	25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278293452 (0xFF0193CC)
YUV	109.8440, 46.4189, -95.4562
Hunter-Lab	50.2266, -12.0644, -36.7024

Details

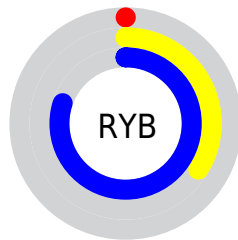
The Yxy color **25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **15.8174, 0.6014, 0.3604**, and the grayscale version is **15.3871, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.7026, 0.2230, 0.2609**, and **10.7193, 0.1924, 0.2126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.1810, 0.1985, 0.2345**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2050, 0.2032, 0.2452**.

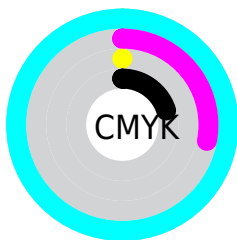
Distribution



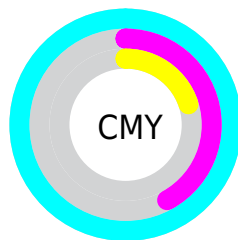
- Red (0%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.2271, 0.1986,
0.2348

■ 25.2271, 0.1986,
0.2348

278.9670, 0.2578,
0.2857

■ 16.2463, 0.1837,
0.2213

■ 52.0254, 0.2204,
0.2540

■ 9.6986, 0.1646,
0.2036

■ 70.6117, 0.2285,
0.2610

■ 5.1996, 0.1400,
0.1799

■ 93.1687, 0.2353,
0.2669

■ 2.3648, 0.1076,
0.1473

■ 120.0807, 0.2412,
0.2718

■ 0.8077, 0.0601,
0.1025

■ 151.7322, 0.2462,
0.2760

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

188.5074, 0.2506,

0.2797

230.7909, 0.2544,
0.2829

■ 25.2271, 0.1986,
0.2348

■ 25.2271, 0.1986,
0.2348

■ 25.1810, 0.1985,
0.2345

■ 27.2050, 0.2032,
0.2452

■ 29.4359, 0.2096,
0.2557

■ 31.9751, 0.2179,
0.2663

■ 34.8534, 0.2282,
0.2768

■ 38.0967, 0.2401,
0.2869

■ 41.7282, 0.2533,
0.2966

■ 45.7684, 0.2676,
0.3058

■ 50.2366, 0.2825,
0.3143

■ 55.1502, 0.2978,
0.3221

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.2271, 0.1931, 0.2731



25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348



25.2271, 0.2301, 0.2230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348



25.2271, 0.4184, 0.3097



25.2271, 0.3276, 0.4517

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348



15.8174, 0.6014, 0.3604

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.2271, 0.3917, 0.4484



25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348



25.2271, 0.4491, 0.3611

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348



25.2271, 0.3555, 0.2651



25.2271, 0.4375, 0.4114



25.2271, 0.2630, 0.4081

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348



25.2271, 0.2647, 0.2283



25.2271, 0.4375, 0.4114



25.2271, 0.3500, 0.4557

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.2279, 0.1986, 0.2348



75.3435, 0.2667, 0.3052



43.4664, 0.2911, 0.5678



15.5009, 0.2605, 0.3014



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



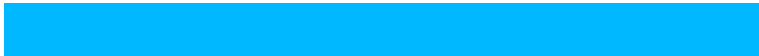
21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.2279, 0.1986, 0.2348



41.3167, 0.1981, 0.2332



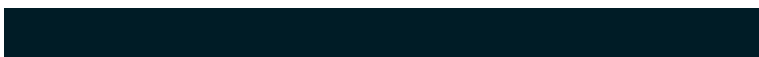
6.4761, 0.1570, 0.0850



12.1750, 0.2983, 0.3224



16.0119, 0.1989, 0.2360



0.9501, 0.2045, 0.2563

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9557, 0.4076, 0.2020



24.7021, 0.4093, 0.2028



36.7926, 0.4678, 0.4666



11.3480, 0.3180, 0.3125



9.4194, 0.4064, 0.2012



0.4985, 0.3860, 0.1900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

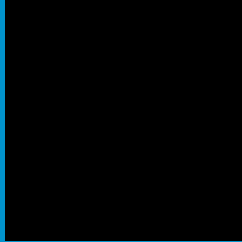
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348.

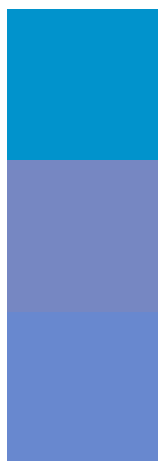


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.2335, 0.1987, 0.2348

Protanopia

25.0745, 0.2453, 0.2378

Deuteranopia

25.0564, 0.2274, 0.2211



Tritanopia

25.1368, 0.2184, 0.3062

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.2335, 0.1987, 0.2348

Protanomaly

24.0383, 0.2162, 0.2328

Deuteranomaly

24.3706, 0.2088, 0.2235

Tritanomaly

25.0674, 0.2102, 0.2767

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.2335, 0.1987, 0.2348

Achromatopsia

15.5926, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.4816, 0.2396, 0.2861

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 147, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 147, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 147, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 147, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 147, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 147, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 147, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 147, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 147, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 147,  
204) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 25.2271, 0.1986, 0.2348 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 147, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 147,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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