

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(25.1316, 0.5223, 0.3534)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(25.1316, 0.5223, 0.3534)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E45F47
RGB	228, 95, 71
RGB Percent	89%, 37%, 28%
CMY	0.1059, 0.6274, 0.7217
CMYK	0.00, 0.58, 0.69, 0.11
HSL	9°, 74%, 59%
HSV	9°, 69%, 89%
XYZ	37.2229, 25.1333, 8.8429
YIQ	132.0310, 86.9720, 20.7320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

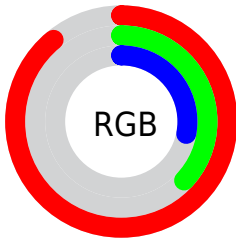
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	228, 99, 71
Decimal	14966599
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.21, 50.28, 39.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 64.001, 38.229
Yxy	25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293156679 (0xFFE45F47)
YUV	132.0310, -30.0883, 84.1648
Hunter-Lab	50.1331, 44.8000, 24.6351

# Details

The Yxy color **25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **50.0968, 0.2255, 0.2959**, and the grayscale version is **23.1735, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.1110, 0.4508, 0.3591**, and **9.6282, 0.5905, 0.3419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.8367, 0.5650, 0.3516**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.4043, 0.4794, 0.3519**.

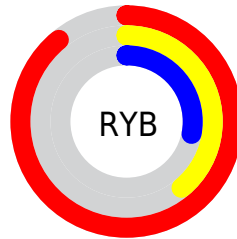
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (37%)

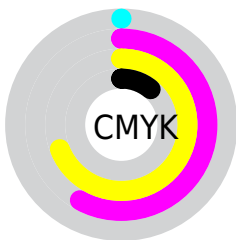
Blue (28%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (28%)

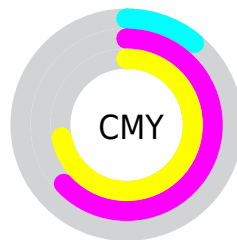


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (63%)


Yellow (72%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 25.1333, 0.5228,  
0.3530


 25.1333, 0.5228,  
0.3530


278.5011, 0.4088,  
0.3497


 16.1764, 0.5522,  
0.3496


 51.8734, 0.4801,  
0.3546

 9.6491, 0.5894,  
0.3422


 70.4254, 0.4644,  
0.3543


 5.1669, 0.6392,  
0.3283

 92.9445, 0.4512,  
0.3537

 2.3455, 0.7011,  
0.2989

 119.8152, 0.4401,  
0.3530

 0.7976, 0.7640,  
0.2360

 151.4218, 0.4305,  
0.3521

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


188.1487, 0.4223,


 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3513

0.0000


230.3804, 0.4151,  
0.3505

 25.1333, 0.5228,  
0.3530


 25.1333, 0.5228,  
0.3530


 21.8367, 0.5650,  
0.3516

 29.4043, 0.4794,  
0.3519

 19.4325, 0.6006,  
0.3473

 34.7148, 0.4389,  
0.3490


 17.8281, 0.6248,  
0.3409


 41.1290, 0.4033,  
0.3452


 17.6914, 0.6270,  
0.3403


 48.7047, 0.3732,  
0.3409

 57.4957, 0.3483,  
0.3366

 67.5523, 0.3278,  
0.3324

 78.9221, 0.3110,  
0.3286

 91.6501, 0.2972,  
0.3251

 95.2336, 0.2964,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.1333, 0.4683, 0.2846



25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530



25.1333, 0.5043, 0.4268

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530



25.1333, 0.2430, 0.4782



25.1333, 0.1809, 0.1747

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530



50.0968, 0.2255, 0.2959

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.1333, 0.1441, 0.1917



25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530



25.1333, 0.1716, 0.3535

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530



25.1333, 0.3394, 0.5340



25.1333, 0.1400, 0.2479



25.1333, 0.2541, 0.1875



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530



25.1333, 0.4614, 0.4764



25.1333, 0.1400, 0.2479



25.1333, 0.1648, 0.1767

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.1347, 0.5228, 0.3530



71.4204, 0.3535, 0.3375



25.3753, 0.3464, 0.1945



14.6002, 0.3602, 0.3387



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.1347, 0.5228, 0.3530



26.5746, 0.5827, 0.3499



46.8478, 0.4477, 0.4362



14.7226, 0.3289, 0.3327



10.3240, 0.6251, 0.3419



0.8734, 0.6003, 0.3616

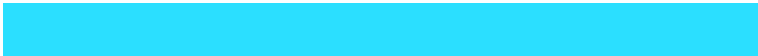


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.0968, 0.2255, 0.2959



60.2911, 0.2164, 0.2878



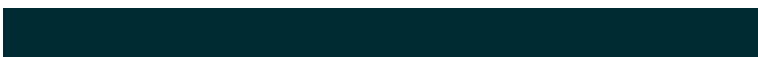
21.8406, 0.1967, 0.1787



15.9404, 0.2981, 0.3253



25.4179, 0.2110, 0.2797

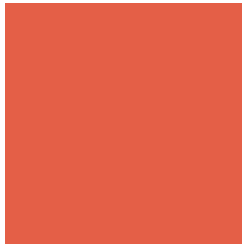


1.9804, 0.2132, 0.2876



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530

### Protanopia

25.3329, 0.3818, 0.4143

### Deuteranopia

25.1488, 0.4333, 0.4254



## Tritanopia

25.1754, 0.4934, 0.3243

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530

## Protanomaly

23.9781, 0.4339, 0.3881

## Deuteranomaly

24.4385, 0.4680, 0.3947

## Tritanomaly

25.1913, 0.5047, 0.3347

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530

## Achromatopsia

23.0740, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

22.5349, 0.3861, 0.3433

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 95, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 95, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 95, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 95, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 95, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 95, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 95, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 95, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 95, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 95,  
71) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 25.1333, 0.5228, 0.3530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 95, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 95,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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