

Converting Colors

$Yxy(25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450)
contains.

Yxy(25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$\text{Yxy}(25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1294C6
RGB	18, 148, 198
RGB Percent	7%, 58%, 78%
CMY	0.9313, 0.4195, 0.2236
CMYK	0.91, 0.25, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	197°, 84%, 42%
HSV	197°, 91%, 78%
XYZ	21.0234, 25.3856, 57.2057
YIQ	114.8300, -93.5300, -12.0100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

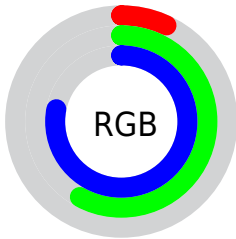
Format	Color
R_{YB}	18, 93, 198
Decimal	1217734
CIE _{Lab}	57.45, -14.21, -34.75
CIE _{LCh}	57, 37.538, 247.760
Yxy	25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279407814 (0xFF1294C6)
YUV	114.8300, 41.0028, -84.9199
Hunter-Lab	50.3841, -13.6908, -32.0484

Details

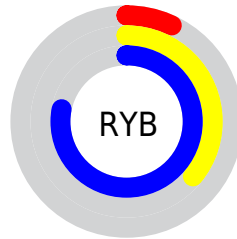
The Yxy color **25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **16.1159, 0.5796, 0.3674**, and the grayscale version is **16.9418, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.2858, 0.2241, 0.2624**, and **10.5630, 0.1947, 0.2210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7730, 0.1989, 0.2359**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.4223, 0.2090, 0.2554**.

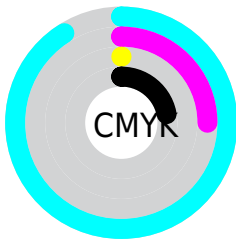
Distribution



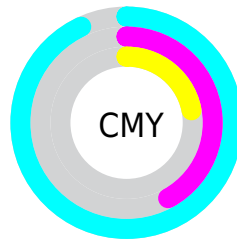
- Red (7%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.3856, 0.2029,
0.2450

■ 25.3856, 0.2029,
0.2450

■ 279.7528, 0.2601,
0.2909

■ 16.3646, 0.1883,
0.2325

■ 52.2821, 0.2240,
0.2625

■ 9.7825, 0.1697,
0.2161

■ 70.9263, 0.2319,
0.2688

■ 5.2550, 0.1452,
0.1936

■ 93.5471, 0.2385,
0.2741

■ 2.3976, 0.1127,
0.1619

■ 120.5288, 0.2441,
0.2785

■ 0.8247, 0.0620,
0.1171

■ 152.2559, 0.2489,
0.2823

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

189.1126, 0.2531,

0.2856

231.4835, 0.2568,
0.2884

■ 25.3856, 0.2029,
0.2450

■ 25.3856, 0.2029,
0.2450

■ 23.7730, 0.1989,
0.2359

■ 27.4223, 0.2090,
0.2554

■ 29.7394, 0.2170,
0.2658

■ 32.3671, 0.2269,
0.2761

■ 35.3298, 0.2386,
0.2862

■ 38.6493, 0.2516,
0.2958

■ 42.3450, 0.2657,
0.3049

■ 46.4348, 0.2805,
0.3134

■ 50.9353, 0.2957,
0.3212

■ 55.8618, 0.3110,
0.3282

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.3856, 0.2019, 0.2854



25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450



25.3856, 0.2289, 0.2296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450



25.3856, 0.4032, 0.3040



25.3856, 0.3374, 0.4451

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450



16.1159, 0.5796, 0.3674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.3856, 0.3956, 0.4368



25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450



25.3856, 0.4378, 0.3520

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450



25.3856, 0.3421, 0.2634



25.3856, 0.4337, 0.4000



25.3856, 0.2757, 0.4111

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450



25.3856, 0.2593, 0.2322



25.3856, 0.4337, 0.4000



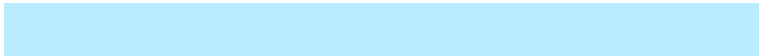
25.3856, 0.3580, 0.4467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.3865, 0.2029, 0.2450



77.6341, 0.2712, 0.3081



40.8923, 0.2886, 0.5514



16.0953, 0.2661, 0.3051



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



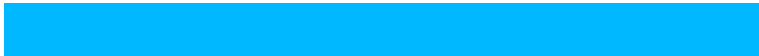
21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.3865, 0.2029, 0.2450



41.6702, 0.1985, 0.2344



7.3925, 0.1634, 0.1004



11.5519, 0.2984, 0.3225



15.6132, 0.1993, 0.2373



0.8563, 0.2052, 0.2587

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5589, 0.3966, 0.2002



24.7378, 0.4080, 0.2021



35.7790, 0.4601, 0.4669



10.7646, 0.3179, 0.3124



9.1161, 0.4050, 0.2005



0.4435, 0.3837, 0.1887

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

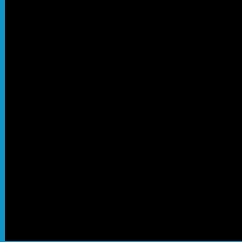
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450.

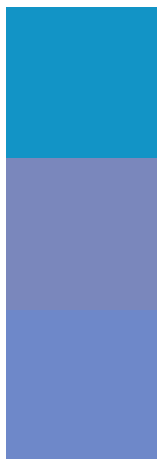


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

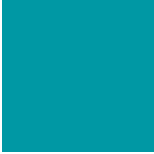
25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450

Protanopia

25.0964, 0.2528, 0.2462

Deuteranopia

25.1404, 0.2350, 0.2292



Tritanopia

25.1368, 0.2184, 0.3062

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450

Protanomaly

24.4468, 0.2246, 0.2435

Deuteranomaly

24.4628, 0.2161, 0.2321

Tritanomaly

25.3065, 0.2127, 0.2836

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450

Achromatopsia

17.1441, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

18.9286, 0.2481, 0.2933

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 148, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 148, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 148, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 148, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 148, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 148, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 148, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 148, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 148, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 148,  
198) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 25.3856, 0.2029, 0.2450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 148, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 148,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor