

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(25.9512, 0.3201, 0.3017)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(25.9512, 0.3201, 0.3017)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C8596
RGB	156, 133, 150
RGB Percent	61%, 52%, 59%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4784, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.04, 0.39
HSL	316°, 10%, 57%
HSV	316°, 15%, 61%
XYZ	27.6029, 26.0450, 32.4228
YIQ	141.8150, 8.2510, 10.1630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

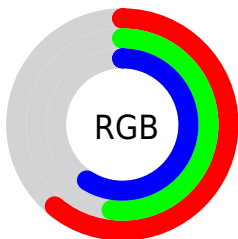
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	156, 133, 150
Decimal	10257814
CIE Lab	58.08, 11.80, -5.83
CIE LCh	58, 13.165, 333.708
Yxy	26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288447894 (0xFF9C8596)
YUV	141.8150, 4.0352, 12.4402
Hunter-Lab	51.0343, 7.2351, -1.9438

# Details

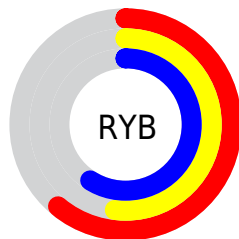
The Yxy color  $26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $30.6300, 0.3056, 0.3569$ , and the grayscale version is  $26.9553, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $53.3263, 0.3195, 0.3080$ , and  $10.0906, 0.3245, 0.2931$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $21.9577, 0.3272, 0.2840$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $30.7736, 0.3151, 0.3207$ .

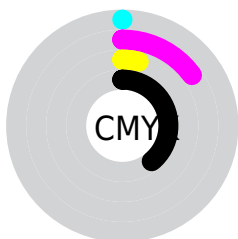
# Distribution



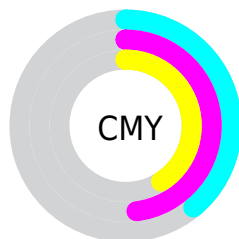
- Red (61%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (39%)




- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 26.0450, 0.3207,  
0.3026


 26.0450, 0.3207,  
0.3026


283.0029, 0.3165,  
0.3168


 16.8573, 0.3219,  
0.2987


 53.3475, 0.3191,  
0.3080

 10.1328, 0.3234,  
0.2934


 72.2312, 0.3185,  
0.3100

 5.4871, 0.3256,  
0.2859


 95.1156, 0.3180,  
0.3116

 2.5358, 0.3288,  
0.2744

122.3851, 0.3176,  
0.3130

 0.8945, 0.3343,  
0.2546

154.4242, 0.3173,  
0.3141

 0.0000, 0.3282,  
0.0000

191.6173, 0.3170,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3152

0.0000

234.3487, 0.3167,  
0.3160

■ 26.0450, 0.3207,  
0.3026

■ 26.0450, 0.3207,  
0.3026

■ 21.9577, 0.3272,  
0.2840

■ 30.7736, 0.3151,  
0.3207

■ 18.4804, 0.3347,  
0.2653

■ 36.1663, 0.3103,  
0.3379

■ 15.5842, 0.3431,  
0.2472

■ 42.2489, 0.3062,  
0.3541

■ 13.2367, 0.3524,  
0.2307

■ 49.0449, 0.3028,  
0.3692

■ 11.4019, 0.3624,  
0.2165

■ 56.5766, 0.3000,  
0.3831

■ 10.0400, 0.3728,  
0.2058

■ 64.8655, 0.2976,  
0.3959

■ 9.1049, 0.3833,  
0.1993

■ 73.9319, 0.2956,  
0.4076

■ 8.5394, 0.3937,  
0.1974

■ 81.9914, 0.2938,  
0.4155

■ 8.3114, 0.3992,  
0.1973

■ 82.1632, 0.2918,  
0.4104

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0450, 0.2982, 0.2932



26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026



26.0450, 0.3416, 0.3185

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026



26.0450, 0.3455, 0.3664



26.0450, 0.2724, 0.3182

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026



30.6300, 0.3056, 0.3569

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.0450, 0.2842, 0.3391



26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026



26.0450, 0.3261, 0.3678

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026



26.0450, 0.3562, 0.3549



26.0450, 0.3037, 0.3577



26.0450, 0.2710, 0.3013



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026



26.0450, 0.3516, 0.3310



26.0450, 0.3037, 0.3577



26.0450, 0.2752, 0.3250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0461, 0.3207, 0.3026



56.5030, 0.3147, 0.3219



24.6442, 0.2957, 0.2915



12.2888, 0.3151, 0.3206



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0461, 0.3207, 0.3026



44.4906, 0.3229, 0.2959



25.7013, 0.3329, 0.3200



6.7249, 0.3175, 0.3126



6.8514, 0.3985, 0.1969



0.1290, 0.3618, 0.1767



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0461, 0.3207, 0.3026



44.4906, 0.3229, 0.2959



30.9756, 0.2958, 0.3382



6.7249, 0.3175, 0.3126



6.8514, 0.3985, 0.1969

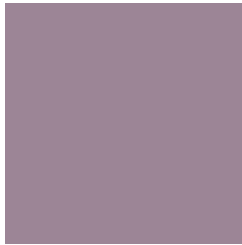


0.1290, 0.3618, 0.1767



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

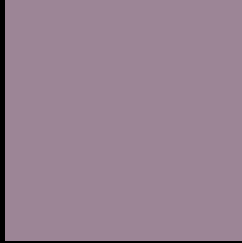
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

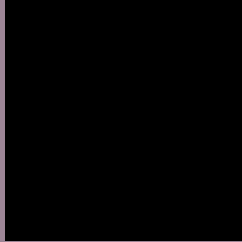
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026

### Protanopia

26.2016, 0.2969, 0.3046

### Deuteranopia

26.1678, 0.3137, 0.3083



## Tritanopia

26.0324, 0.3259, 0.3133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026

## Protanomaly

26.2110, 0.3053, 0.3034

## Deuteranomaly

26.1733, 0.3171, 0.3069

## Tritanomaly

26.0941, 0.3237, 0.3102

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026

## Achromatopsia

27.0498, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

26.7126, 0.3153, 0.3194

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 133, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 133, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 133, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 133, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 133, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 133, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 133, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 133, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 133, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 133,  
150) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.0450, 0.3207, 0.3026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 133, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
133, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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