

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.0818, 0.2373, 0.2711)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(26.0818, 0.2373, 0.2711)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A92B5
RGB	90, 146, 181
RGB Percent	35%, 57%, 71%
CMY	0.6469, 0.4275, 0.2903
CMYK	0.50, 0.19, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	203°, 38%, 53%
HSV	203°, 50%, 71%
XYZ	22.8369, 26.0676, 47.5350
YIQ	133.2460, -44.6110, -0.9870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

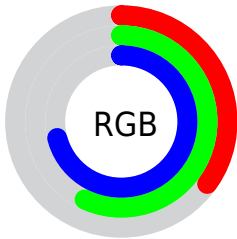
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 125, 181
Decimal	5935797
CIE _{Lab}	58.10, -8.56, -23.96
CIE _{LCh}	58, 25.445, 250.336
Yxy	26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284125877 (0xFF5A92B5)
YUV	133.2460, 23.5427, -37.9267
Hunter-Lab	51.0564, -9.5081, -19.4612

Details

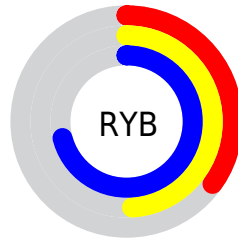
The Yxy color $26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be $25.2338, 0.4244, 0.3793$, and the grayscale version is $23.4777, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $53.4427, 0.2520, 0.2828$, and $10.2156, 0.2119, 0.2504$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $23.1869, 0.2236, 0.2561$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $29.3020, 0.2512, 0.2839$.

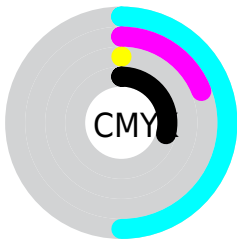
Distribution



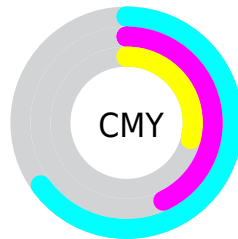
- Red (35%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.0676, 0.2368,
0.2703

■ 26.0676, 0.2368,
0.2703

■ 283.1138, 0.2772,
0.3025

■ 16.8742, 0.2260,
0.2613

■ 53.3840, 0.2520,
0.2827

■ 10.1449, 0.2118,
0.2493

■ 72.2758, 0.2576,
0.2871

■ 5.4951, 0.1923,
0.2323

■ 95.1692, 0.2622,
0.2908

■ 2.5406, 0.1644,
0.2070

■ 122.4485, 0.2661,
0.2939

■ 0.8969, 0.1199,
0.1671

■ 154.4983, 0.2695,
0.2965

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

191.7028, 0.2724,

0.2988

234.4465, 0.2749,
0.3008

■ 26.0676, 0.2368,
0.2703

■ 26.0676, 0.2368,
0.2703

■ 23.1869, 0.2236,
0.2561

■ 29.3020, 0.2512,
0.2839

■ 20.6383, 0.2119,
0.2414

■ 32.9040, 0.2662,
0.2966

■ 18.4018, 0.2020,
0.2266

■ 36.8903, 0.2817,
0.3083

■ 16.4531, 0.1943,
0.2120

■ 41.2754, 0.2971,
0.3191

■ 14.7839, 0.1883,
0.1980

■ 46.0729, 0.3123,
0.3288

■ 51.2958, 0.3271,
0.3374

■ 56.9564, 0.3413,
0.3452

■ 63.0664, 0.3549,
0.3520

■ 69.6371, 0.3677,
0.3579

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0676, 0.2348, 0.2981



26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703



26.0676, 0.2573, 0.2595

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703



26.0676, 0.3762, 0.3156



26.0676, 0.3276, 0.4040

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703



25.2338, 0.4244, 0.3793

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.0676, 0.3676, 0.4038



26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703



26.0676, 0.3975, 0.3504

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703



26.0676, 0.3370, 0.2854



26.0676, 0.3938, 0.3827



26.0676, 0.2853, 0.3793

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703



26.0676, 0.2799, 0.2616



26.0676, 0.3938, 0.3827



26.0676, 0.3418, 0.4067

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0686, 0.2368, 0.2703



69.9196, 0.2894, 0.3138



36.6950, 0.2832, 0.4252



14.7636, 0.2862, 0.3116



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0686, 0.2368, 0.2703



41.1718, 0.2226, 0.2550



14.7503, 0.2214, 0.1901



9.0715, 0.2986, 0.3200



10.3309, 0.1888, 0.1998



0.4338, 0.2000, 0.2399

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.2159, 0.3645, 0.2510



28.8849, 0.3808, 0.2371



39.4505, 0.3917, 0.4372



8.5902, 0.3194, 0.3151



7.5830, 0.4455, 0.2228



0.2496, 0.4024, 0.1990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

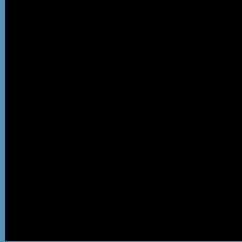
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

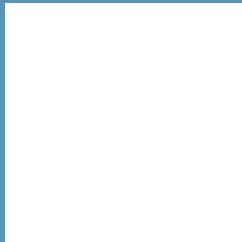
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703.

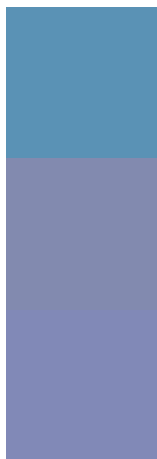


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703

Protanopia

26.0179, 0.2704, 0.2703

Deuteranopia

25.9773, 0.2630, 0.2574



Tritanopia

25.9529, 0.2468, 0.3074

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703

Protanomaly

25.8689, 0.2563, 0.2703

Deuteranomaly

25.7784, 0.2525, 0.2615

Tritanomaly

25.9854, 0.2431, 0.2939

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703

Achromatopsia

23.4551, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

24.1609, 0.2795, 0.3080

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 146, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 146, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 146, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 146, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 146, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 146, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 146, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 146, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 146, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 146,  
181) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.0676, 0.2368, 0.2703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 146, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 146,  
181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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