

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.1920, 0.1870, 0.1933)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(26.1920, 0.1870, 0.1933)
contains.

Yxy(26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0090ED
RGB	0, 144, 237
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 93%
CMY	0.9997, 0.4353, 0.0704
CMYK	1.00, 0.39, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	204°, 100%, 46%
HSV	204°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	25.2634, 26.0609, 83.8463
YIQ	111.5460, -115.6770, -1.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

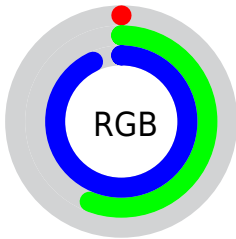
Format	Color
RYB	0, 90, 237
Decimal	37101
CIELab	58.09, 2.11, -55.57
CIElCh	58, 55.608, 272.171
Yxy	26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227181 (0xFF0090ED)
YUV	111.5460, 61.8488, -97.8258
Hunter-Lab	51.0499, -1.0018, -61.6453

Details

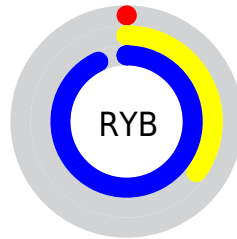
The Yxy color **26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **25.8581, 0.5743, 0.3822**, and the grayscale version is **15.9113, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.2783, 0.2245, 0.2561**, and **11.3007, 0.1793, 0.1656** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.0536, 0.1869, 0.1928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.1890, 0.1927, 0.2075**.

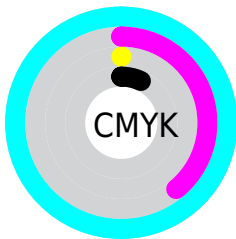
Distribution



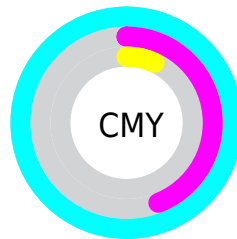
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.0609, 0.1869,
0.1928

■ 26.0609, 0.1869,
0.1928

■ 283.0809, 0.2508,
0.2615

■ 16.8692, 0.1716,
0.1764

■ 53.3732, 0.2099,
0.2174

■ 10.1413, 0.1525,
0.1562

■ 72.2625, 0.2186,
0.2268

■ 5.4927, 0.1288,
0.1311

■ 95.1533, 0.2260,
0.2348

■ 2.5392, 0.0991,
0.0999

■ 122.4297, 0.2324,
0.2416

■ 0.8962, 0.0634,
0.0628

■ 154.4763, 0.2379,
0.2476

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

191.6775, 0.2428,

0.2528

234.4175, 0.2470,
0.2574

■ 26.0609, 0.1869,
0.1928

■ 26.0609, 0.1869,
0.1928

■ 26.0536, 0.1869,
0.1928

■ 29.1890, 0.1927,
0.2075

■ 32.7873, 0.2005,
0.2227

■ 36.9351, 0.2104,
0.2381

■ 41.6806, 0.2223,
0.2534

■ 47.0648, 0.2357,
0.2682

■ 53.1244, 0.2504,
0.2823

■ 59.8925, 0.2658,
0.2956

■ 67.3994, 0.2815,
0.3078

■ 75.6737, 0.2973,
0.3190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.0609, 0.1592, 0.2160



26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928



26.0609, 0.2465, 0.1988

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928



26.0609, 0.4901, 0.3414



26.0609, 0.2707, 0.4703

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928



25.8581, 0.5743, 0.3822

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.0609, 0.3578, 0.5040



26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928



26.0609, 0.4895, 0.4073

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928



26.0609, 0.4303, 0.2798



26.0609, 0.4378, 0.4699



26.0609, 0.1999, 0.3732

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928



26.0609, 0.3032, 0.2168



26.0609, 0.4378, 0.4699



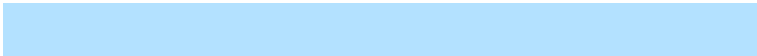
26.0609, 0.2991, 0.4905

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.0617, 0.1869, 0.1928



70.5752, 0.2656, 0.2954



61.3432, 0.2834, 0.5403



14.3610, 0.2590, 0.2899



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



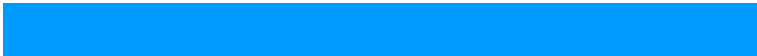
21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.0617, 0.1869, 0.1928



30.6227, 0.1867, 0.1922



6.9338, 0.1520, 0.0671



16.0715, 0.2981, 0.3195



14.4825, 0.1876, 0.1952



1.3237, 0.1933, 0.2157

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.0255, 0.4535, 0.2272



23.6225, 0.4542, 0.2276



63.8030, 0.4418, 0.4874



15.2078, 0.3198, 0.3148



10.9548, 0.4508, 0.2257



0.8790, 0.4279, 0.2131

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

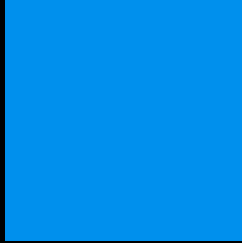
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

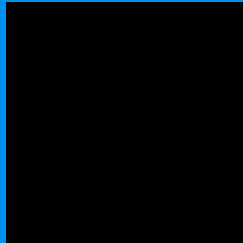
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

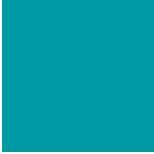
26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928

Protanopia

26.0322, 0.2145, 0.1972

Deuteranopia

26.0192, 0.1959, 0.1893



Tritanopia

25.8278, 0.2190, 0.3082

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928

Protanomaly

25.3814, 0.1975, 0.1935

Deuteranomaly

25.6942, 0.1902, 0.1889

Tritanomaly

25.5743, 0.2051, 0.2582

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928

Achromatopsia

16.2029, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

18.1892, 0.2315, 0.2649

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 144, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 144, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 144, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 144, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 144, 237) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 144, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 144, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 144, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 144, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 144,  
237) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.0609, 0.1869, 0.1928 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 144, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 144,  
237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor