

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.2053, 0.3170, 0.3360)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(26.2053, 0.3170, 0.3360)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8C8C88
RGB	140, 140, 136
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 53%
CMY	0.4509, 0.4510, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.45
HSL	60°, 2%, 54%
HSV	60°, 3%, 55%
XYZ	24.6392, 26.1092, 27.0269
YIQ	139.5440, 1.2840, -1.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

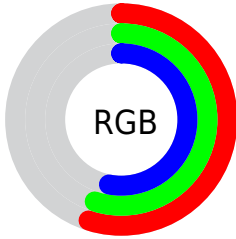
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	136, 140, 136
Decimal	9211016
CIE Lab	58.14, -0.76, 2.14
CIE LCh	58, 2.268, 109.598
Yxy	26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287401096 (0xFF8C8C88)
YUV	139.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999
Hunter-Lab	51.0972, -3.3467, 4.4076

# Details

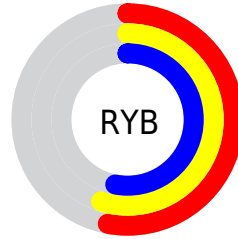
The Yxy color **26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **24.7382, 0.3086, 0.3222**, and the grayscale version is **26.0475, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.7270, 0.3165, 0.3352**, and **10.1579, 0.3187, 0.3389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.7108, 0.3313, 0.3595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.5619, 0.3029, 0.3129**.

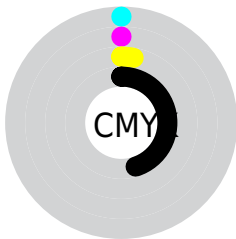
# Distribution



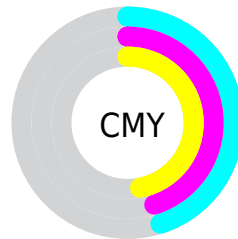
- Red (55%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 26.1092, 0.3168,  
0.3357

■ 26.1092, 0.3168,  
0.3357

■ 283.3177, 0.3146,  
0.3320

■ 16.9054, 0.3174,  
0.3367

■ 53.4511, 0.3159,  
0.3343

■ 10.1670, 0.3183,  
0.3382

■ 72.3579, 0.3156,  
0.3338

■ 5.5098, 0.3196,  
0.3403

■ 95.2678, 0.3154,  
0.3334

■ 2.5494, 0.3215,  
0.3436

■ 122.5652, 0.3152,  
0.3330

■ 0.9013, 0.3259,  
0.3505

■ 154.6345, 0.3150,  
0.3327

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

191.8601, 0.3148,

0.3324

234.6264, 0.3147,  
0.3322

■ 26.1092, 0.3168,  
0.3357

■ 26.1092, 0.3168,  
0.3357

■ 25.7108, 0.3313,  
0.3595

■ 26.5619, 0.3029,  
0.3129

■ 25.3613, 0.3460,  
0.3836

■ 27.0674, 0.2898,  
0.2913

■ 25.0597, 0.3607,  
0.4076

■ 27.6287, 0.2776,  
0.2712

■ 24.8037, 0.3746,  
0.4304

■ 28.2474, 0.2663,  
0.2527

■ 24.5909, 0.3875,  
0.4513

■ 28.9252, 0.2561,  
0.2358

■ 24.4185, 0.3986,  
0.4694

■ 29.6636, 0.2467,  
0.2205

■ 24.2836, 0.4076,  
0.4840

■ 30.4642, 0.2383,  
0.2066

■ 24.1828, 0.4142,  
0.4945

■ 31.3285, 0.2307,  
0.1940

■ 24.1119, 0.4183,  
0.5011

■ 31.7983, 0.2272,  
0.1883

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.1092, 0.3194, 0.3348



26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357



26.1092, 0.3131, 0.3348

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357



26.1092, 0.3053, 0.3256



26.1092, 0.3161, 0.3258

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357



24.7382, 0.3086, 0.3222

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.1092, 0.3123, 0.3233



26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357



26.1092, 0.3061, 0.3232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357



26.1092, 0.3064, 0.3290



26.1092, 0.3086, 0.3224



26.1092, 0.3191, 0.3290



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357



26.1092, 0.3105, 0.3333



26.1092, 0.3086, 0.3224



26.1092, 0.3149, 0.3248

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.1103, 0.3168, 0.3357



46.1574, 0.3142, 0.3314



24.9603, 0.3172, 0.3289



10.6370, 0.3141, 0.3312



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.1103, 0.3168, 0.3357



46.0028, 0.3171, 0.3361



25.9499, 0.3147, 0.3358



5.8898, 0.3179, 0.3375



21.3810, 0.4204, 0.5044



0.1429, 0.4198, 0.5048



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.7382, 0.3086, 0.3222



43.4393, 0.3083, 0.3218



24.8957, 0.3107, 0.3222



5.4992, 0.3074, 0.3204



1.7015, 0.1502, 0.0606



0.0119, 0.1510, 0.0635



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

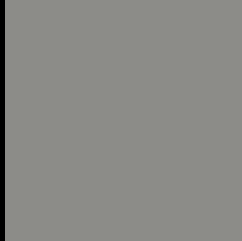
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

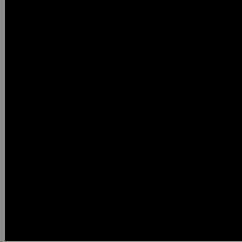
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

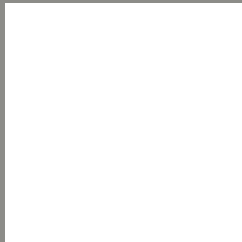
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357

### Protanopia

26.0541, 0.3212, 0.3356

### Deuteranopia

26.0041, 0.3322, 0.3259



## Tritanopia

26.0977, 0.3060, 0.3111

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357

## Protanomaly

25.9653, 0.3201, 0.3357

## Deuteranomaly

26.0870, 0.3261, 0.3290

## Tritanomaly

26.1416, 0.3099, 0.3208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357

## Achromatopsia

26.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

26.1957, 0.3137, 0.3307

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 140, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 140, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 140, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 140, 136) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 140, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 140, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 140, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 140, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 140, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 140,  
136) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.1092, 0.3168, 0.3357 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 140, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
140, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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