

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.2950, 0.4102, 0.3269)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(26.2950, 0.4102, 0.3269)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C57678
RGB	197, 118, 120
RGB Percent	77%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.2275, 0.5372, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.39, 0.23
HSL	358°, 41%, 62%
HSV	358°, 40%, 77%
XYZ	32.8933, 26.1832, 21.0925
YIQ	141.8490, 46.4420, 17.3700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

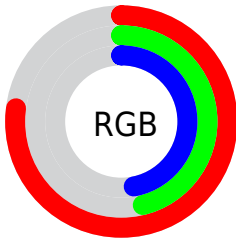
Format	Color
<code>RYB</code>	<code>197, 118, 120</code>
Decimal	<code>12940920</code>
CIELab	<code>58.21, 31.17, 12.23</code>
CIELCh	<code>58, 33.482, 21.418</code>
Yxy	<code>26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266</code>
Android ( <code>android.graphics.Color</code> )	<code>4291131000 (0xFFC57678)</code>
YUV	<code>141.8490, -10.7716, 48.3674</code>
Hunter-Lab	<code>51.1695, 25.1986, 11.3789</code>

# Details

The Yxy color **26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **47.7205, 0.2592, 0.3317**, and the grayscale version is **27.0181, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.3644, 0.3890, 0.3282**, and **10.2648, 0.4465, 0.3223** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.5985, 0.4494, 0.3262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.8328, 0.3777, 0.3272**.

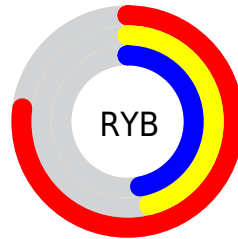
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (46%)

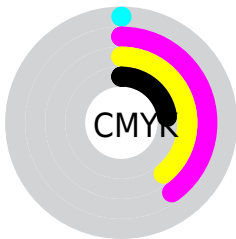
Blue (47%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

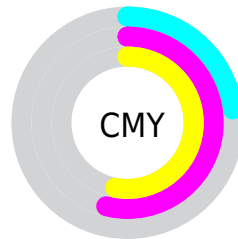


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (39%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (54%)


Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.1832, 0.4103,  
0.3266

 26.1832, 0.4103,  
0.3266


283.6802, 0.3563,  
0.3294


 16.9607, 0.4256,  
0.3251


 53.5703, 0.3893,  
0.3281

 10.2065, 0.4466,  
0.3227


 72.5038, 0.3819,  
0.3285

 5.5361, 0.4766,  
0.3183

 95.4431, 0.3758,  
0.3288

 2.5651, 0.5228,  
0.3094

122.7726, 0.3706,  
0.3290

 0.9092, 0.6445,  
0.3096

154.8766, 0.3662,  
0.3292

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


192.1397, 0.3625,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3293


0.0000

234.9461, 0.3592,  
0.3294

 26.1832, 0.4103,  
0.3266


 26.1832, 0.4103,  
0.3266


 21.5985, 0.4494,  
0.3262


 31.8328, 0.3777,  
0.3272

 18.0084, 0.4941,  
0.3259


 38.6040, 0.3512,  
0.3278


 15.3403, 0.5413,  
0.3261


 46.5543, 0.3299,  
0.3284


 13.5102, 0.5852,  
0.3268


 55.7360, 0.3129,  
0.3290

 12.4185, 0.6186,  
0.3279

 66.1984, 0.2992,  
0.3295

 11.8801, 0.6376,  
0.3286

 77.9880, 0.2882,  
0.3300

 90.5713, 0.2792,  
0.3295

 90.6092, 0.2789,  
0.3289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.1832, 0.3651, 0.2858



26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266



26.1832, 0.4260, 0.3708

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266



26.1832, 0.3099, 0.4213



26.1832, 0.2223, 0.2452

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266



47.7205, 0.2592, 0.3317

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.1832, 0.2110, 0.2718



26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266



26.1832, 0.2583, 0.3772

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266



26.1832, 0.3650, 0.4316



26.1832, 0.2232, 0.3194



26.1832, 0.2558, 0.2405



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266



26.1832, 0.4176, 0.3981



26.1832, 0.2232, 0.3194



26.1832, 0.2160, 0.2516

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.1845, 0.4103, 0.3266



80.2324, 0.3340, 0.3283



28.5067, 0.3145, 0.2305



16.7550, 0.3366, 0.3282



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.1845, 0.4103, 0.3266



39.6948, 0.4437, 0.3262



36.5760, 0.3926, 0.3780



10.6412, 0.3286, 0.3285



7.8167, 0.6370, 0.3283



0.3717, 0.6260, 0.3222



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.1845, 0.4103, 0.3266



39.6948, 0.4437, 0.3262



33.0708, 0.2495, 0.2737



10.6412, 0.3286, 0.3285



7.8167, 0.6370, 0.3283

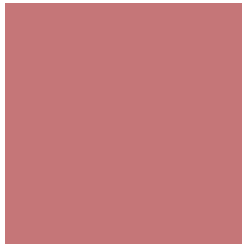


0.3717, 0.6260, 0.3222



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

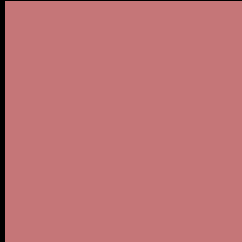
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

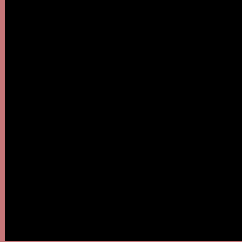
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266

### Protanopia

26.4146, 0.3274, 0.3439

### Deuteranopia

26.2937, 0.3640, 0.3574



## Tritanopia

26.0993, 0.4029, 0.3172

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266

## Protanomaly

25.9273, 0.3559, 0.3369

## Deuteranomaly

26.1225, 0.3810, 0.3456

## Tritanomaly

26.0481, 0.4056, 0.3199

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266

## Achromatopsia

27.0498, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

26.1777, 0.3452, 0.3275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 118, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 118, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 118, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 118, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 118, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 118, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 118, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 118, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 118, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 118,  
120) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.1832, 0.4103, 0.3266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 118, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
118, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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