

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.3630, 0.3131, 0.3328)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(26.3630, 0.3131, 0.3328)
contains.

Yxy(26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	23
Color Blindness Simulation	26
CSS Examples	29

Color

Yxy(26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B8D8B
RGB	139, 141, 139
RGB Percent	55%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.4547, 0.4471, 0.4549
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.45
HSL	119°, 1%, 55%
HSV	119°, 1%, 55%
XYZ	24.8375, 26.4028, 28.2144
YIQ	140.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 141, 141
Decimal	9145739
CIE Lab	58.42, -1.10, 0.80
CIE LCh	58, 1.360, 144.029
Yxy	26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287335819 (0xFF8B8D8B)
YUV	140.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296
Hunter-Lab	51.3837, -3.6391, 3.4129

Details

The Yxy color **26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **26.0481, 0.3128, 0.3257**, and the grayscale version is **26.3018, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.0425, 0.3125, 0.3327**, and **10.3273, 0.3125, 0.3339** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.9003, 0.3117, 0.3576**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.1116, 0.3134, 0.3102**.

Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (55%)

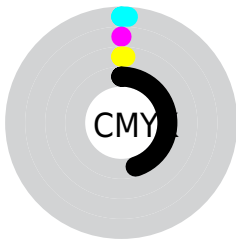
Blue (55%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (55%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.4028, 0.3126,
0.3323

■ 26.4028, 0.3126,
0.3323

284.7538, 0.3127,
0.3305

■ 17.1252, 0.3126,
0.3328

■ 53.9241, 0.3126,
0.3316

■ 10.3238, 0.3126,
0.3335

■ 72.9365, 0.3126,
0.3314

■ 5.6142, 0.3125,
0.3345

■ 95.9627, 0.3126,
0.3312

■ 2.6119, 0.3124,
0.3361

123.3871, 0.3127,
0.3310

■ 0.9327, 0.3123,
0.3391

155.5940, 0.3127,
0.3308

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

192.9678, 0.3127,

0.3307

235.8930, 0.3127,
0.3306

■ 26.4028, 0.3126,
0.3323

■ 26.4028, 0.3126,
0.3323

■ 24.9003, 0.3117,
0.3576

■ 28.1116, 0.3134,
0.3102

■ 23.5932, 0.3106,
0.3861

■ 30.0306, 0.3140,
0.2911

■ 22.4744, 0.3094,
0.4176

■ 32.1678, 0.3145,
0.2746

■ 21.5353, 0.3080,
0.4513

■ 34.5297, 0.3150,
0.2603

■ 20.7664, 0.3065,
0.4860

■ 37.1228, 0.3153,
0.2481

■ 20.1577, 0.3049,
0.5196

■ 39.9529, 0.3156,
0.2376

■ 19.6978, 0.3034,
0.5497

■ 43.0259, 0.3158,
0.2285

■ 19.3739, 0.3021,
0.5738

■ 46.3475, 0.3160,
0.2206

■ 19.1711, 0.3010,
0.5901

■ 47.5273, 0.3179,
0.2195

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.4028, 0.3149, 0.3330



26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.4028, 0.3104, 0.3307

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.4028, 0.3089, 0.3254



26.4028, 0.3167, 0.3293

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.0481, 0.3128, 0.3257

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.4028, 0.3151, 0.3273



26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.4028, 0.3106, 0.3251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.4028, 0.3082, 0.3267



26.4028, 0.3128, 0.3258



26.4028, 0.3172, 0.3313

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.4028, 0.3092, 0.3294



26.4028, 0.3128, 0.3258



26.4028, 0.3162, 0.3287

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.4039, 0.3126, 0.3323



47.7000, 0.3127, 0.3290



26.5540, 0.3147, 0.3322



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.4039, 0.3126, 0.3323



47.1100, 0.3125, 0.3338



26.4281, 0.3116, 0.3308



6.3014, 0.3126, 0.3333



17.3857, 0.3006, 0.5996



0.1670, 0.3033, 0.5974

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.0481, 0.3128, 0.3257



46.1902, 0.3129, 0.3242



26.0237, 0.3138, 0.3273



6.1907, 0.3129, 0.3247



6.7155, 0.3165, 0.1517



0.0652, 0.3189, 0.1530

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

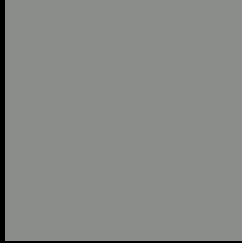
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

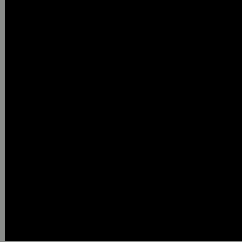
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

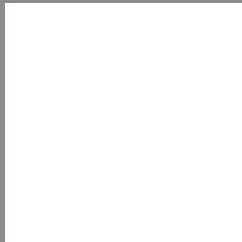
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323

Protanopia

26.4308, 0.3180, 0.3323

Deuteranopia

26.3718, 0.3287, 0.3227



Tritanopia

26.3300, 0.3039, 0.3111

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323

Protanomaly

26.3419, 0.3169, 0.3323

Deuteranomaly

26.4600, 0.3228, 0.3258

Tritanomaly

26.4069, 0.3068, 0.3191

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323

Achromatopsia

26.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

26.2251, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 141, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 141, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 141, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 141, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 141, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 141, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 141, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 141, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 141, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 141,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.4028, 0.3126, 0.3323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 141, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
141, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor