

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.4410, 0.4782, 0.4785)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(26.4410, 0.4782, 0.4785)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B18700
RGB	177, 135, 0
RGB Percent	69%, 53%, 0%
CMY	0.3059, 0.4706, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 1.00, 0.31
HSL	46°, 100%, 35%
HSV	46°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	26.7952, 26.6751, 3.7355
YIQ	132.1680, 68.3670, -33.0810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

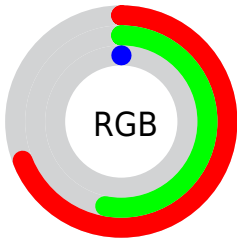
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	55, 177, 0
Decimal	11634432
CIELab	58.67, 5.99, 63.76
CIELCh	59, 64.039, 84.635
Yxy	26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289824512 (0xFFB18700)
YUV	132.1680, -65.1588, 39.3177
Hunter-Lab	51.6479, 2.2229, 31.8653

# Details

The Yxy color **26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. A complement of this color would be **4.8297, 0.1575, 0.0868**, and the grayscale version is **23.3606, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.4132, 0.4432, 0.4465**, and **10.5775, 0.4759, 0.4603** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.6765, 0.4684, 0.4663**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.9143, 0.4590, 0.4659**.

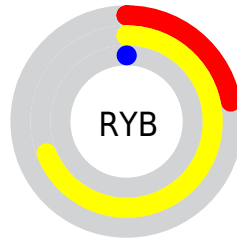
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (53%)

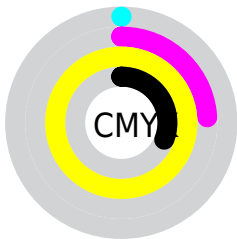
Blue (0%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (0%)

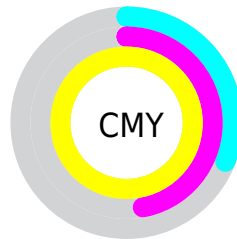


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 26.6751, 0.4684,  
0.4663

 26.6751, 0.4684,  
0.4663


286.0806, 0.3927,  
0.4028


 17.3294, 0.4827,  
0.4765

 54.3621, 0.4434,  
0.4466


 10.4696, 0.5013,  
0.4892


 73.4721, 0.4331,  
0.4380


 5.7114, 0.5103,  
0.4897

 96.6057, 0.4240,  
0.4303

 2.6704, 0.5168,  
0.4832

 124.1472, 0.4161,  
0.4235

 0.9622, 0.5283,  
0.4717

 156.4810, 0.4091,  
0.4174


 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


 193.9916, 0.4030,


 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4120

0.0000

 237.0633, 0.3975,  
0.4072

 26.6751, 0.4684,  
0.4663


 26.6751, 0.4684,  
0.4663

 26.6765, 0.4684,  
0.4663

 27.9143, 0.4590,  
0.4659

 29.2372, 0.4472,  
0.4616

 30.6606, 0.4327,  
0.4528

 32.1919, 0.4162,  
0.4399

 33.8376, 0.3983,  
0.4238

■ 35.6033, 0.3800,  
0.4057

■ 37.4943, 0.3619,  
0.3864

■ 39.5154, 0.3444,  
0.3668

■ 41.6709, 0.3279,  
0.3475

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.6751, 0.5176, 0.3927



26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663



26.6751, 0.3834, 0.5230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663



26.6751, 0.1519, 0.2908



26.6751, 0.3097, 0.2075

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663



4.8297, 0.1575, 0.0868

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.6751, 0.2178, 0.1805



26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663



26.6751, 0.1406, 0.2136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663



26.6751, 0.2014, 0.4108



26.6751, 0.1622, 0.1806



26.6751, 0.4210, 0.2576



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663



26.6751, 0.3187, 0.5267



26.6751, 0.1622, 0.1806



26.6751, 0.2754, 0.1957

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.6765, 0.4684, 0.4663



66.9729, 0.3628, 0.3874



9.5307, 0.5923, 0.3036



14.2076, 0.3702, 0.3954



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.6765, 0.4684, 0.4663



47.4200, 0.4694, 0.4655



36.4100, 0.3759, 0.5398



9.5581, 0.3269, 0.3463



19.4252, 0.4677, 0.4668



0.6942, 0.4517, 0.4795



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8297, 0.1575, 0.0868



8.3655, 0.1568, 0.0843



3.7153, 0.1647, 0.0681



8.5467, 0.2985, 0.3111



3.5799, 0.1579, 0.0885

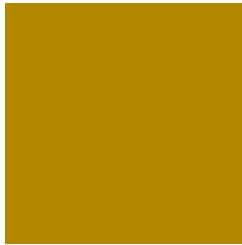


0.2037, 0.1731, 0.1430



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

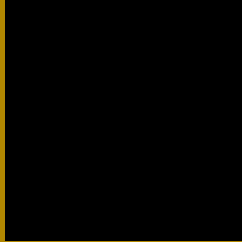
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663

### Protanopia

26.8393, 0.4386, 0.4860

### Deuteranopia

26.6470, 0.4707, 0.4620



## Tritanopia

26.6068, 0.3726, 0.3150

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663

## Protanomaly

26.5854, 0.4498, 0.4785

## Deuteranomaly

26.5239, 0.4700, 0.4633

## Tritanomaly

26.1962, 0.4258, 0.3902

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663

## Achromatopsia

23.0740, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

23.7111, 0.3847, 0.4109

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 135, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 135, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 135, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 135, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 135, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 135, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 135, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 135, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 135, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 135,  
0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 26.6751, 0.4684, 0.4663 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 135, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
135, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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