

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(26.4688, 0.1571, 0.4159)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(26.4688, 0.1571, 0.4159)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AC86
RGB	0, 172, 134
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 53%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3254, 0.4745
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.33
HSL	167°, 100%, 34%
HSV	167°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	19.0503, 31.2263, 27.5751
YIQ	116.2400, -90.3140, -48.2820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

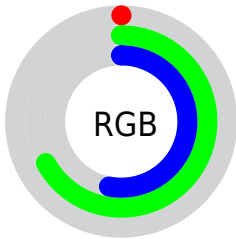
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 97, 172
Decimal	44166
CIELab	62.70, -46.61, 9.15
CIELCh	63, 47.495, 168.892
Yxy	31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278234246 (0xFF00AC86)
YUV	116.2400, 8.7557, -101.9425
Hunter-Lab	55.8805, -36.9382, 9.8588

# Details

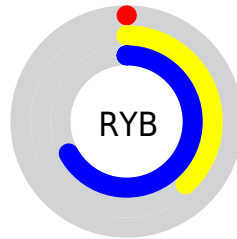
The Yxy color **31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **8.9121, 0.6005, 0.3082**, and the grayscale version is **17.5379, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.4018, 0.2588, 0.3854**, and **13.5970, 0.2504, 0.4215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31.2308, 0.2448, 0.4011**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.4599, 0.2444, 0.3931**.

# Distribution



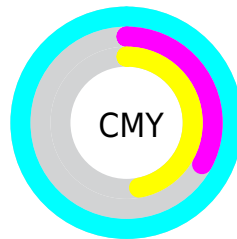
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 31.2263, 0.2447,  
0.4011


 31.2263, 0.2447,  
0.4011

 307.5795, 0.2814,  
0.3612


 20.7712, 0.2346,  
0.4125


 61.5962, 0.2587,  
0.3856

 12.9569, 0.2210,  
0.4282

 82.2798, 0.2638,  
0.3801


 7.3989, 0.2018,  
0.4509


 107.1417, 0.2680,  
0.3755

 3.7128, 0.1731,  
0.4866

 136.5663, 0.2715,  
0.3717

 1.5142, 0.0762,  
0.5816

 170.9380, 0.2746,  
0.3685

 0.2987, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 210.6412, 0.2772,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3657

0.0000

256.0602, 0.2794,  
0.3633

■ 31.2263, 0.2447,  
0.4011

■ 31.2263, 0.2447,  
0.4011

■ 31.2308, 0.2448,  
0.4011

■ 31.4599, 0.2444,  
0.3931

■ 31.7977, 0.2456,  
0.3851

■ 32.2860, 0.2486,  
0.3770

■ 32.9442, 0.2536,  
0.3691

■ 33.7885, 0.2603,  
0.3613

■ 34.8333, 0.2687,  
0.3539

■ 36.0915, 0.2784,  
0.3470

■ 37.5749, 0.2891,  
0.3404

■ 39.2946, 0.3007,  
0.3345

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.2263, 0.3125, 0.4593



31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



31.2263, 0.1987, 0.3202

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



31.2263, 0.2333, 0.2149



31.2263, 0.4632, 0.3742

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



8.9121, 0.6005, 0.3082

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.2263, 0.4397, 0.3185



31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



31.2263, 0.2979, 0.2320

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



31.2263, 0.1939, 0.2214



31.2263, 0.3757, 0.2686



31.2263, 0.4404, 0.4278



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



31.2263, 0.1843, 0.2741



31.2263, 0.3757, 0.2686



31.2263, 0.4607, 0.3554

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.2308, 0.2448, 0.4011



65.3320, 0.2778, 0.3473



29.9636, 0.3093, 0.5927



13.9876, 0.2737, 0.3501



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.2308, 0.2448, 0.4011



56.6140, 0.2451, 0.4025



17.9372, 0.2002, 0.2405



9.0413, 0.3015, 0.3341



23.2456, 0.2445, 0.4003



0.6541, 0.2378, 0.3761



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.9121, 0.6005, 0.3082



16.1381, 0.6045, 0.3103



10.7159, 0.6031, 0.3593



8.0433, 0.3253, 0.3240



6.6380, 0.5981, 0.3068



0.1927, 0.5166, 0.2620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

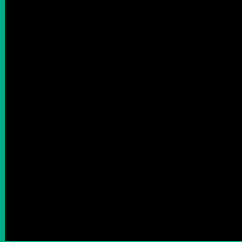
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011.

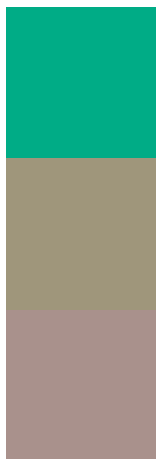


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011

**Protanopia**

30.6137, 0.3487, 0.3710

**Deuteranopia**

30.5793, 0.3436, 0.3365



## Tritanopia

31.2840, 0.2279, 0.3067

# Trichromacy



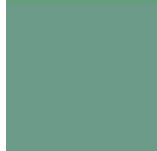
## Original Color

31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



## Protanomaly

28.7527, 0.2869, 0.3850



## Deuteranomaly

28.4658, 0.2836, 0.3589



## Tritanomaly

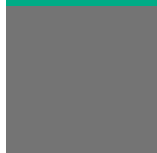
30.9897, 0.2318, 0.3377

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011



## Achromatopsia

17.4647, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

20.4942, 0.2640, 0.3559

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 172, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 172, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 172, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 172, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 172, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 172, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 172, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 172, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 172, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 172,  
134) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 31.2263, 0.2447, 0.4011 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 172, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 172,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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