

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(27.1303, 0.3121, 0.3311)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(27.1303, 0.3121, 0.3311)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	8D8F8D
RGB	141, 143, 141
RGB Percent	55%, 56%, 55%
CMY	0.4470, 0.4392, 0.4471
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	119°, 1%, 56%
HSV	119°, 1%, 56%
XYZ	25.6164, 27.2307, 29.0991
YIQ	142.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

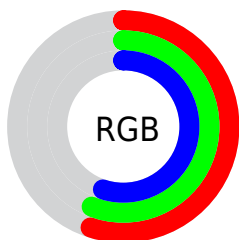
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">141, 143, 143</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9277325</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">59.19, -1.11, 0.81</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">59, 1.375, 144.029</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287467405</a> (0xFF8D8F8D)
YUV	<a href="#">142.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">52.1830, -3.6957, 3.4660</a>

# Details

The Yxy color  $27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $26.8648, 0.3128, 0.3257$ , and the grayscale version is  $27.1265, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $55.4747, 0.3126, 0.3314$ , and  $10.8082, 0.3125, 0.3338$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $25.6793, 0.3117, 0.3576$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $28.9955, 0.3134, 0.3102$ .

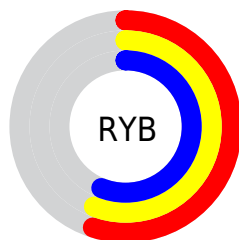
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (56%)

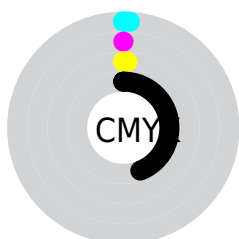
Blue (55%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)

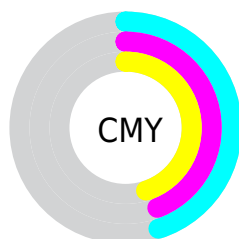


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 27.2307, 0.3126,  
0.3323


 27.2307, 0.3126,  
0.3323


288.7724, 0.3127,  
0.3305


 17.7466, 0.3126,  
0.3328


 55.2538, 0.3126,  
0.3316

 10.7682, 0.3126,  
0.3335


 74.5616, 0.3126,  
0.3314

 5.9112, 0.3125,  
0.3345


 97.9128, 0.3126,  
0.3312

 2.7911, 0.3124,  
0.3361

125.6917, 0.3127,  
0.3310

 1.0237, 0.3123,  
0.3389


158.2827, 0.3127,  
0.3308


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


196.0702, 0.3127,

0.3307

239.4386, 0.3127,  
0.3306

 27.2307, 0.3126,  
0.3323


 27.2307, 0.3126,  
0.3323


 25.6793, 0.3117,  
0.3576


 28.9955, 0.3134,  
0.3102


 24.3298, 0.3106,  
0.3861


 30.9776, 0.3140,  
0.2910

 23.1751, 0.3094,  
0.4177


 33.1853, 0.3145,  
0.2745


 22.2061, 0.3080,  
0.4515


 35.6255, 0.3150,  
0.2603


 21.4131, 0.3065,  
0.4862


 38.3046, 0.3153,  
0.2480


 20.7856, 0.3049,  
0.5198


 41.2289, 0.3156,  
0.2375

 20.3118, 0.3034,  
0.5499

 44.4044, 0.3158,  
0.2284

 19.9787, 0.3021,  
0.5740

 47.8122, 0.3164,  
0.2208

 19.7705, 0.3010,  
0.5903

 48.1246, 0.3178,  
0.2213

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.2307, 0.3149, 0.3330



27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323



27.2307, 0.3104, 0.3307

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323



27.2307, 0.3089, 0.3254



27.2307, 0.3167, 0.3293

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323



26.8648, 0.3128, 0.3257

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.2307, 0.3151, 0.3273



27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323



27.2307, 0.3106, 0.3251

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323



27.2307, 0.3082, 0.3267



27.2307, 0.3128, 0.3258



27.2307, 0.3172, 0.3313



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323



27.2307, 0.3092, 0.3294



27.2307, 0.3128, 0.3258



27.2307, 0.3162, 0.3287

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.2319, 0.3126, 0.3323



49.1905, 0.3127, 0.3290



27.3866, 0.3147, 0.3322



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.2319, 0.3126, 0.3323



48.5815, 0.3125, 0.3338



27.2568, 0.3116, 0.3308



6.3014, 0.3126, 0.3333



17.3857, 0.3006, 0.5996



0.1670, 0.3033, 0.5974



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.8648, 0.3128, 0.3257



47.6321, 0.3129, 0.3242



26.8397, 0.3138, 0.3273



6.1907, 0.3129, 0.3247



6.7155, 0.3165, 0.1517



0.0652, 0.3189, 0.1530



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

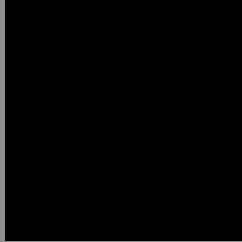
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

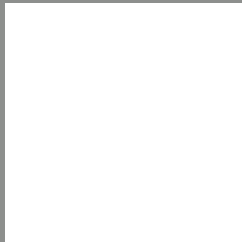


**Yxy 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323

### Protanopia

27.2592, 0.3179, 0.3323

### Deuteranopia

27.1979, 0.3285, 0.3228



## Tritanopia

27.1564, 0.3040, 0.3113

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323

## Protanomaly

27.1687, 0.3169, 0.3323

## Deuteranomaly

27.2885, 0.3227, 0.3258

## Tritanomaly

27.2349, 0.3068, 0.3193

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323

## Achromatopsia

27.0498, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

27.0498, 0.3127, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(141, 143, 141) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 143, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 143, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 143, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 143, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 143, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 143, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 143, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 143, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 143,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 27.2307, 0.3126, 0.3323 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 143, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
143, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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