

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(27.1924, 0.4202, 0.5045)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(27.1924, 0.4202, 0.5045)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	949300
RGB	148, 147, 0
RGB Percent	58%, 58%, 0%
CMY	0.4195, 0.4235, 0.9998
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 1.00, 0.42
HSL	60°, 100%, 29%
HSV	60°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	22.6495, 27.1633, 4.0505
YIQ	130.5410, 47.7830, -45.5050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

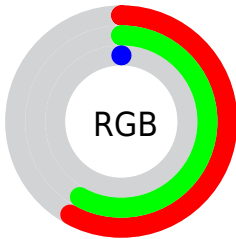
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 148, 0
Decimal	9736960
CIE Lab	59.13, -13.83, 62.76
CIE LCh	59, 64.267, 102.425
Yxy	27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287927040 (0xFF949300)
YUV	130.5410, -64.3567, 15.3115
Hunter-Lab	52.1184, -13.6350, 31.8750

Details

The Yxy color **27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **2.1626, 0.1502, 0.0606**, and the grayscale version is **22.7495, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.3500, 0.4059, 0.4732**, and **10.8765, 0.4126, 0.5106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.1643, 0.4205, 0.5043**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.2304, 0.4176, 0.4998**.

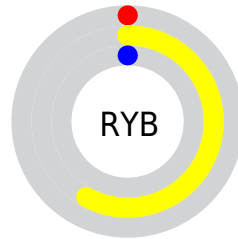
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (58%)

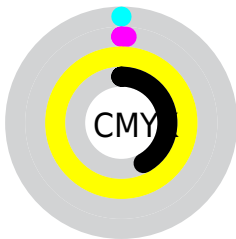
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (0%)

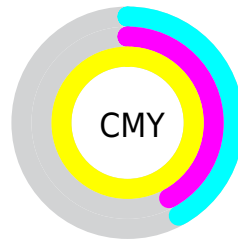


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.1633, 0.4205,
0.5043

■ 27.1633, 0.4205,
0.5043

■ 288.4469, 0.3715,
0.4146

■ 17.6959, 0.4276,
0.5235

■ 55.1458, 0.4057,
0.4731

■ 10.7319, 0.4352,
0.5481

■ 74.4297, 0.3991,
0.4608

■ 5.8868, 0.4324,
0.5676

■ 97.7545, 0.3931,
0.4502

■ 2.7764, 0.4163,
0.5837

■ 125.5047, 0.3878,
0.4410


■ 1.0161, 0.3799,
0.6201


■ 158.0647, 0.3830,
0.4331


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 195.8188, 0.3788,

0.4261


 239.1514, 0.3750,
0.4200

 27.1633, 0.4205,
0.5043


 27.1633, 0.4205,
0.5043

 27.1643, 0.4205,
0.5043

 27.2304, 0.4176,
0.4998

 27.3202, 0.4128,
0.4922

 27.4455, 0.4055,
0.4806

 27.6106, 0.3959,
0.4649

 27.8194, 0.3842,
0.4459

■ 28.0752, 0.3709,
0.4243

■ 28.3809, 0.3566,
0.4010

■ 28.7395, 0.3419,
0.3768

■ 29.1534, 0.3271,
0.3526

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1633, 0.4940, 0.4365



27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043



27.1633, 0.3259, 0.5278

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043



27.1633, 0.1414, 0.2392



27.1633, 0.3758, 0.2351

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043



2.1626, 0.1502, 0.0606

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.1633, 0.2684, 0.1937



27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043



27.1633, 0.1498, 0.1898

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043



27.1633, 0.1674, 0.3362



27.1633, 0.1911, 0.1773



27.1633, 0.4766, 0.2947

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043



27.1633, 0.2621, 0.4927



27.1633, 0.1911, 0.1773



27.1633, 0.3382, 0.2188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1646, 0.4205, 0.5043



50.0241, 0.3576, 0.4025



6.3046, 0.6377, 0.3287



11.3703, 0.3631, 0.4115



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1646, 0.4205, 0.5043



47.9039, 0.4205, 0.5043



22.7438, 0.3401, 0.5681



6.7378, 0.3260, 0.3507



23.1972, 0.4205, 0.5043



0.2857, 0.4199, 0.5048

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.1626, 0.1502, 0.0606



3.8013, 0.1501, 0.0604



3.5013, 0.2009, 0.0880



5.6390, 0.2989, 0.3063



1.8470, 0.1502, 0.0606



0.0239, 0.1510, 0.0637

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

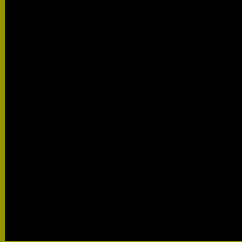
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043

Protanopia

27.2220, 0.4402, 0.4887

Deuteranopia

27.0892, 0.4663, 0.4572



Tritanopia

27.2670, 0.3256, 0.3136

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043

Protanomaly

27.0144, 0.4333, 0.4942

Deuteranomaly

26.8218, 0.4504, 0.4744

Tritanomaly

26.7279, 0.3766, 0.4047

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043

Achromatopsia

22.6966, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

23.8342, 0.3696, 0.4230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 147, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 147, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 147, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 147, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 147, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 147, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 147, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 147, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 147, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 147,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 27.1633, 0.4205, 0.5043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 147, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
147, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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