

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(27.2840, 0.4196, 0.3310)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(27.2840, 0.4196, 0.3310)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CB7776
RGB	203, 119, 118
RGB Percent	80%, 47%, 46%
CMY	0.2039, 0.5333, 0.5372
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.42, 0.20
HSL	1°, 45%, 63%
HSV	1°, 42%, 80%
XYZ	34.4955, 27.1982, 20.5755
YIQ	144.0020, 50.3850, 17.4970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

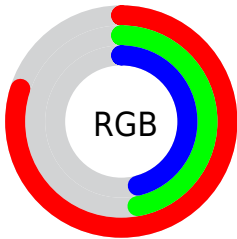
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	203, 119, 118
Decimal	13334390
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.16, 32.70, 14.81
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 35.896, 24.370
Yxy	27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291524470 (0xFFCB7776)
YUV	144.0020, -12.8190, 51.7412
Hunter-Lab	52.1519, 26.8017, 13.1146

# Details

The Yxy color **27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **50.4077, 0.2558, 0.3275**, and the grayscale version is **27.9294, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.6673, 0.3905, 0.3313**, and **10.8094, 0.4574, 0.3277** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.4855, 0.4604, 0.3310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.0254, 0.3847, 0.3302**.

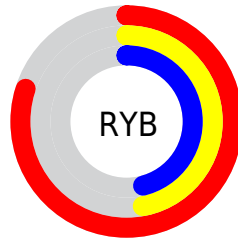
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (47%)

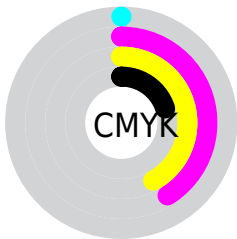
Blue (46%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (46%)

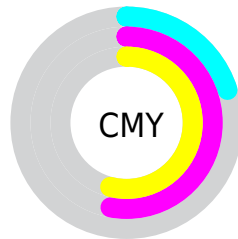


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 27.1982, 0.4193,  
0.3306


 27.1982, 0.4193,  
0.3306


288.6155, 0.3607,  
0.3317


 17.7221, 0.4358,  
0.3295


 55.2018, 0.3967,  
0.3316

 10.7507, 0.4581,  
0.3274


 74.4980, 0.3886,  
0.3317

 5.8994, 0.4897,  
0.3234

 97.8365, 0.3819,  
0.3318

 2.7840, 0.5375,  
0.3147

125.6015, 0.3763,  
0.3318

 1.0200, 0.6626,  
0.3162

158.1776, 0.3715,  
0.3318

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


195.9490, 0.3674,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3318

0.0000


239.3002, 0.3638,  
0.3317

 27.1982, 0.4193,  
0.3306


 27.1982, 0.4193,  
0.3306


 22.4855, 0.4604,  
0.3310


 33.0254, 0.3847,  
0.3302


 18.8125, 0.5065,  
0.3312


 40.0276, 0.3565,  
0.3298


 16.1018, 0.5540,  
0.3313

 48.2656, 0.3338,  
0.3294


 14.2635, 0.5961,  
0.3311

 57.7950, 0.3157,  
0.3291

 13.1904, 0.6256,  
0.3307

 68.6680, 0.3011,  
0.3287

 12.7475, 0.6393,  
0.3306

 80.9339, 0.2894,  
0.3285

 91.4361, 0.2822,  
0.3289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1982, 0.3737, 0.2873



27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306



27.1982, 0.4322, 0.3769

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306



27.1982, 0.3037, 0.4240



27.1982, 0.2200, 0.2392

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306



50.4077, 0.2558, 0.3275

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.1982, 0.2058, 0.2645



27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306



27.1982, 0.2505, 0.3743

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306



27.1982, 0.3621, 0.4384



27.1982, 0.2160, 0.3128



27.1982, 0.2572, 0.2367



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306



27.1982, 0.4208, 0.4053



27.1982, 0.2160, 0.3128



27.1982, 0.2126, 0.2450

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.1996, 0.4193, 0.3306



78.8943, 0.3365, 0.3295



29.9680, 0.3175, 0.2272



16.2002, 0.3413, 0.3295



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.1996, 0.4193, 0.3306



38.5026, 0.4551, 0.3309



39.3217, 0.3958, 0.3837



11.2343, 0.3290, 0.3293



8.1220, 0.6391, 0.3307



0.4265, 0.6358, 0.3334

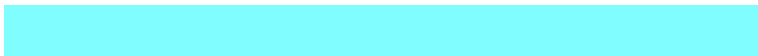


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.4077, 0.2558, 0.3275



82.3451, 0.2469, 0.3271



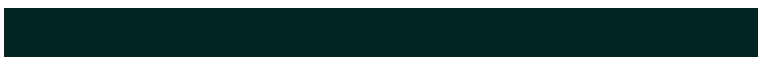
33.4816, 0.2459, 0.2663



12.7037, 0.2984, 0.3287



29.2292, 0.2237, 0.3252

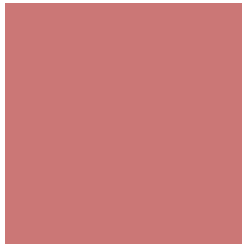


1.5153, 0.2239, 0.3260



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306

### Protanopia

27.2536, 0.3315, 0.3486

### Deuteranopia

27.2361, 0.3701, 0.3631



## Tritanopia

27.3006, 0.4106, 0.3189

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306

**Protanomaly**

26.8814, 0.3611, 0.3414

**Deuteranomaly**

26.8099, 0.3877, 0.3497

**Tritanomaly**

27.2243, 0.4145, 0.3228

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306

**Achromatopsia**

27.8894, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

27.0765, 0.3471, 0.3291

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 119, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 119, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 119, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 119, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

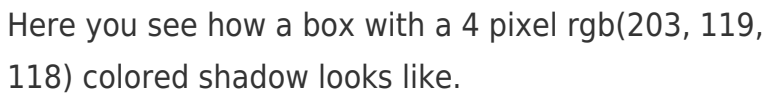
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 119, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 119, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 119, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 119, 118); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 119, 118); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 119, 118) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 27.1982, 0.4193, 0.3306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 119, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
119, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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