

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306)
contains.

Yxy(27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	23
Color Blindness Simulation	26
CSS Examples	29

Color

Yxy(27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F908F
RGB	143, 144, 143
RGB Percent	56%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.4393, 0.4353, 0.4391
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.44
HSL	122°, 0%, 56%
HSV	122°, 1%, 56%
XYZ	26.2574, 27.7693, 29.9700
YIQ	143.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	143, 144, 144
Decimal	9408655
CIE Lab	59.68, -0.56, 0.38
CIE LCh	60, 0.682, 145.737
Yxy	27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287598735 (0xFF8F908F)
YUV	143.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	52.6966, -3.2770, 3.1677

Details

The Yxy color $27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $27.5817, 0.3128, 0.3274$, and the grayscale version is $27.7164, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56.2897, 0.3127, 0.3302$, and $11.1229, 0.3126, 0.3314$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $26.1724, 0.3109, 0.3547$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $29.5854, 0.3142, 0.3095$.

Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (56%)

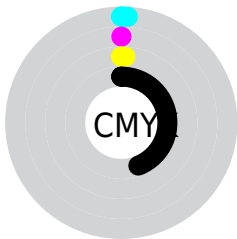
Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 27.7693, 0.3126,
0.3306

■ 27.7693, 0.3126,
0.3306

■ 291.3629, 0.3127,
0.3297

■ 18.1518, 0.3126,
0.3308

■ 56.1159, 0.3126,
0.3303

■ 11.0590, 0.3126,
0.3312

■ 75.6138, 0.3126,
0.3302

■ 6.1066, 0.3125,
0.3316

■ 99.1740, 0.3126,
0.3301

■ 2.9100, 0.3125,
0.3324

■ 127.1809, 0.3127,
0.3300

■ 1.0849, 0.3123,
0.3337

■ 160.0188, 0.3127,
0.3299

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

198.0722, 0.3127,

0.3298

241.7254, 0.3127,
0.3298

■ 27.7693, 0.3126,
0.3306

■ 27.7693, 0.3126,
0.3306

■ 26.1724, 0.3109,
0.3547

■ 29.5854, 0.3142,
0.3095

■ 24.7832, 0.3091,
0.3820

■ 31.6249, 0.3156,
0.2913

■ 23.5940, 0.3071,
0.4123

■ 33.8962, 0.3168,
0.2755

■ 22.5957, 0.3052,
0.4449

■ 36.4064, 0.3180,
0.2619

■ 21.7785, 0.3034,
0.4788

■ 39.1621, 0.3190,
0.2503

■ 21.1313, 0.3017,
0.5121

■ 42.1697, 0.3199,
0.2402

■ 20.6423, 0.3005,
0.5426

■ 45.4355, 0.3207,
0.2315

■ 20.2978, 0.2997,
0.5679

■ 48.3560, 0.3187,
0.2231

■ 20.0820, 0.2994,
0.5861

■ 48.4288, 0.3177,
0.2222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.7693, 0.3137, 0.3310



27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306



27.7693, 0.3115, 0.3298

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306



27.7693, 0.3109, 0.3272



27.7693, 0.3147, 0.3292

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306



27.5817, 0.3128, 0.3274

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.7693, 0.3139, 0.3282



27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306



27.7693, 0.3117, 0.3271

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306



27.7693, 0.3105, 0.3279



27.7693, 0.3129, 0.3275



27.7693, 0.3149, 0.3302

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306



27.7693, 0.3110, 0.3291



27.7693, 0.3129, 0.3275



27.7693, 0.3145, 0.3289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



27.7705, 0.3126, 0.3306



49.1905, 0.3127, 0.3290



27.8583, 0.3137, 0.3307



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



27.7705, 0.3126, 0.3306



48.8828, 0.3125, 0.3313



27.7860, 0.3121, 0.3298



6.3365, 0.3126, 0.3311



17.3810, 0.2990, 0.5965



0.1667, 0.2945, 0.5801

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.5817, 0.3128, 0.3274



48.4074, 0.3129, 0.3267



27.5662, 0.3133, 0.3282



6.2811, 0.3129, 0.3269



6.7760, 0.3304, 0.1594



0.0655, 0.3252, 0.1565

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

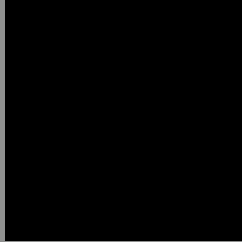
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

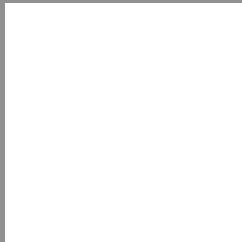
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306

Protanopia

27.7089, 0.3169, 0.3306

Deuteranopia

27.6470, 0.3274, 0.3213



Tritanopia

27.6988, 0.3042, 0.3099

Trichromacy



Original Color

27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306

Protanomaly

27.6177, 0.3158, 0.3306

Deuteranomaly

27.7388, 0.3216, 0.3243

Tritanomaly

27.7762, 0.3069, 0.3178

Monochromacy



Original Color

27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306

Achromatopsia

27.8894, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

27.8894, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 144, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 144, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 144, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 144, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 144, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 144, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 144, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 144, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 144, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 144,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 27.7693, 0.3126, 0.3306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 144, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
144, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor