

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(27.9412, 0.2895, 0.2416)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(27.9412, 0.2895, 0.2416)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A782C1
RGB	167, 130, 193
RGB Percent	65%, 51%, 76%
CMY	0.3450, 0.4902, 0.2431
CMYK	0.13, 0.33, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	275°, 34%, 63%
HSV	275°, 33%, 76%
XYZ	33.5493, 28.0310, 54.1069
YIQ	148.2450, 1.8290, 27.4370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

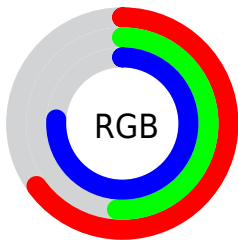
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	167, 130, 193
Decimal	10977985
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.92, 26.13, -27.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	60, 37.954, 313.516
Yxy	28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289168065 (0xFFA782C1)
YUV	148.2450, 22.0642, 16.4481
Hunter-Lab	52.9443, 20.4577, -23.5309

# Details

The Yxy color **28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **46.8287, 0.3291, 0.4186**, and the grayscale version is **29.6287, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.4571, 0.2951, 0.2578**, and **11.1788, 0.2811, 0.2172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.5294, 0.2808, 0.2138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.5515, 0.2982, 0.2704**.

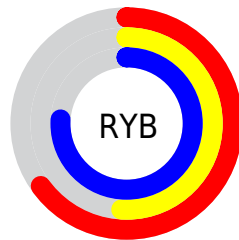
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (51%)

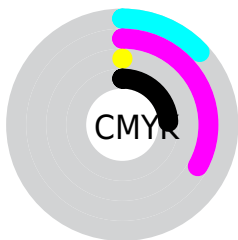
Blue (76%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (76%)

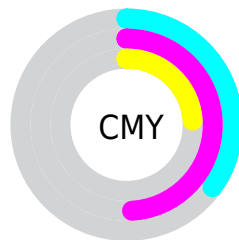


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.0310, 0.2900,  
0.2423


 28.0310, 0.2900,  
0.2423


292.6150, 0.3031,  
0.2863

 18.3490, 0.2862,  
0.2312


 56.5339, 0.2952,  
0.2584

 11.2009, 0.2809,  
0.2170


 76.1237, 0.2970,  
0.2644

 6.2021, 0.2734,  
0.1983


 99.7848, 0.2984,  
0.2695

 2.9684, 0.2617,  
0.1724

127.9017, 0.2997,  
0.2738

 1.1152, 0.2420,  
0.1355

160.8588, 0.3007,  
0.2776

 0.0000, 0.2178,  
0.0000

199.0404, 0.3016,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2808

0.0000

242.8311, 0.3024,  
0.2837

■ 28.0310, 0.2900,  
0.2423

■ 28.0310, 0.2900,  
0.2423

■ 22.5294, 0.2808,  
0.2138

■ 34.5515, 0.2982,  
0.2704

■ 17.9882, 0.2707,  
0.1860

■ 42.1381, 0.3052,  
0.2973

■ 14.3484, 0.2599,  
0.1600


■ 50.8392, 0.3113,  
0.3226

■ 11.5425, 0.2488,  
0.1373


■ 60.6992, 0.3164,  
0.3459


■ 9.4936, 0.2378,  
0.1190

■ 71.7600, 0.3206,  
0.3672

 8.1091, 0.2274,  
0.1058

 84.0614, 0.3241,  
0.3864

 7.3879, 0.2201,  
0.0986

 91.0213, 0.3282,  
0.3944

 92.3144, 0.3334,  
0.3933

 93.6676, 0.3386,  
0.3922

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.0310, 0.2382, 0.2313



28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423



28.0310, 0.3540, 0.2714

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423



28.0310, 0.4263, 0.4070



28.0310, 0.2221, 0.3345

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423



46.8287, 0.3291, 0.4186

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.0310, 0.2660, 0.3986



28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423



28.0310, 0.3842, 0.4389

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423



28.0310, 0.4373, 0.3611



28.0310, 0.3252, 0.4392



28.0310, 0.2023, 0.2770



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423



28.0310, 0.3939, 0.2983



28.0310, 0.3252, 0.4392



28.0310, 0.2343, 0.3565

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.0322, 0.2900, 0.2423



79.1513, 0.3068, 0.3038



32.4591, 0.2600, 0.2743



16.5270, 0.3059, 0.3002



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.0322, 0.2900, 0.2423



43.1516, 0.2837, 0.2225



30.9246, 0.3217, 0.2549



10.0337, 0.3073, 0.3058



4.9604, 0.2214, 0.0993



0.2539, 0.2434, 0.1115



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7039, 0.3563, 0.2942



46.7393, 0.3695, 0.2866



44.6512, 0.3047, 0.4164



10.1453, 0.3226, 0.3195



7.9374, 0.5301, 0.2694

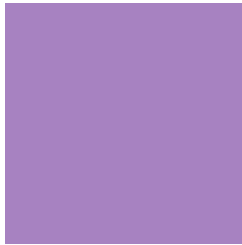


0.3566, 0.4723, 0.2376



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

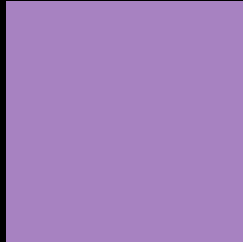
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

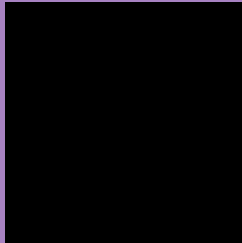
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423

### Protanopia

28.3923, 0.2474, 0.2405

### Deuteranopia

28.0941, 0.2613, 0.2553



## Tritanopia

28.1087, 0.3254, 0.3138

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423

## Protanomaly

27.9632, 0.2615, 0.2407

## Deuteranomaly

28.0025, 0.2705, 0.2501

## Tritanomaly

28.1115, 0.3126, 0.2862

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423

## Achromatopsia

29.6138, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

28.6987, 0.3049, 0.2942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 130, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 130, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 130, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 130, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 130, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 130, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 130, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 130, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 130, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 130,  
193) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 28.0310, 0.2900, 0.2423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 130, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
130, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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