

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

**Color**

**$\text{Yxy}(28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D9319
RGB	157, 147, 25
RGB Percent	62%, 58%, 10%
CMY	0.3842, 0.4236, 0.9019
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.84, 0.38
HSL	55°, 73%, 36%
HSV	55°, 84%, 62%
XYZ	24.5182, 28.1057, 5.0525
YIQ	136.0820, 45.1220, -35.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

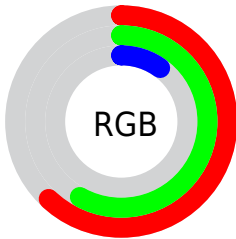
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	36, 157, 25
Decimal	10326809
CIELab	59.98, -9.23, 59.14
CIElCh	60, 59.854, 98.871
Yxy	28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288516889 (0xFF9D9319)
YUV	136.0820, -54.7634, 18.3451
Hunter-Lab	53.0148, -10.2234, 31.4599

# Details

The Yxy color **28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **3.8467, 0.1641, 0.0890**, and the grayscale version is **24.8517, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.8449, 0.4077, 0.4591**, and **11.3742, 0.4276, 0.4987** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27.6879, 0.4305, 0.4924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.5680, 0.4171, 0.4780**.

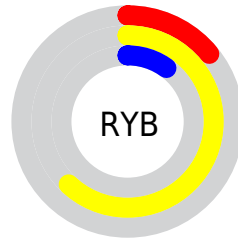
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (58%)

Blue (10%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (10%)

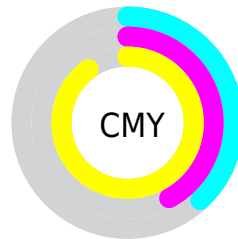


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (42%)


Yellow (90%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.1057, 0.4251,  
0.4873


 28.1057, 0.4251,  
0.4873


292.9716, 0.3719,  
0.4069


 18.4054, 0.4345,  
0.5047


 56.6532, 0.4080,  
0.4593


 11.2414, 0.4435,  
0.5245


 76.2690, 0.4007,  
0.4482


 6.2294, 0.4517,  
0.5483

 99.9589, 0.3944,  
0.4388


 2.9851, 0.4416,  
0.5584

 128.1071, 0.3887,  
0.4306

 1.1240, 0.4234,  
0.5766

 161.0981, 0.3838,  
0.4235

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 199.3163, 0.3794,

0.4172

243.1460, 0.3754,  
0.4117

■ 28.1057, 0.4251,  
0.4873

■ 28.1057, 0.4251,  
0.4873

■ 27.6879, 0.4305,  
0.4924

■ 28.5680, 0.4171,  
0.4780

■ 27.4505, 0.4331,  
0.4943

■ 29.0766, 0.4065,  
0.4646

■ 29.6373, 0.3939,  
0.4476

■ 30.2543, 0.3797,  
0.4278

■ 30.9311, 0.3645,  
0.4060

■ 31.6713, 0.3490,  
0.3833

■ 32.4777, 0.3336,  
0.3604

■ 33.3533, 0.3186,  
0.3379

■ 34.3007, 0.3044,  
0.3164

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.1057, 0.4884, 0.4243



28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873



28.1057, 0.3381, 0.5126

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873



28.1057, 0.1530, 0.2551



28.1057, 0.3591, 0.2356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873



3.8467, 0.1641, 0.0890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.1057, 0.2617, 0.1988



28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873



28.1057, 0.1570, 0.2027

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873



28.1057, 0.1830, 0.3498



28.1057, 0.1927, 0.1865



28.1057, 0.4548, 0.2908



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873



28.1057, 0.2775, 0.4864



28.1057, 0.1927, 0.1865



28.1057, 0.3247, 0.2209

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.1070, 0.4251, 0.4873



56.5030, 0.3512, 0.3865



7.9941, 0.5827, 0.3196



12.3368, 0.3562, 0.3940



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.1070, 0.4251, 0.4873



49.0149, 0.4334, 0.4941



27.0203, 0.3548, 0.5410



7.6340, 0.3263, 0.3495



22.3095, 0.4330, 0.4944



0.4219, 0.4269, 0.4992



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.8467, 0.1641, 0.0890



4.7158, 0.1512, 0.0644



4.8371, 0.2077, 0.1031



6.5123, 0.2987, 0.3077



2.2131, 0.1518, 0.0664



0.0606, 0.1600, 0.0960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873

### Protanopia

28.1033, 0.4345, 0.4808

### Deuteranopia

27.9353, 0.4624, 0.4534



## Tritanopia

28.1049, 0.3345, 0.3140

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873

## Protanomaly

28.2008, 0.4311, 0.4835

## Deuteranomaly

28.0227, 0.4485, 0.4659

## Tritanomaly

27.8156, 0.3778, 0.3881

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873

## Achromatopsia

24.6201, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

25.5300, 0.3632, 0.4033

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 147, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 147, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 147, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 147, 25) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 147, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 147, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 147, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 147, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 147, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 147,  
25) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 28.1057, 0.4251, 0.4873 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 147, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
147, 25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor