

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(28.1233, 0.3311, 0.3597)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(28.1233, 0.3311, 0.3597)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	92927F
RGB	146, 146, 127
RGB Percent	57%, 57%, 50%
CMY	0.4275, 0.4274, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.13, 0.43
HSL	60°, 8%, 54%
HSV	60°, 13%, 57%
XYZ	25.9613, 28.2011, 24.1522
YIQ	143.8340, 6.0990, -5.9090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

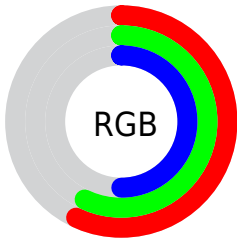
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	127, 146, 127
Decimal	9605759
CIE Lab	60.07, -3.47, 10.09
CIE LCh	60, 10.669, 109.004
Yxy	28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287795839 (0xFF92927F)
YUV	143.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996
Hunter-Lab	53.1047, -5.6699, 10.2080

# Details

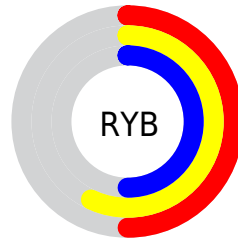
The Yxy color  $28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $21.7673, 0.2927, 0.2959$ , and the grayscale version is  $27.8514, 0.3127, 0.3290$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $56.8832, 0.3275, 0.3534$ , and  $11.3487, 0.3372, 0.3723$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $27.8470, 0.3462, 0.3845$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $28.6128, 0.3170, 0.3361$ .

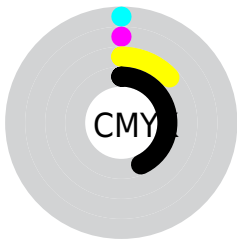
# Distribution



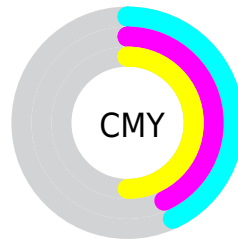
- Red (57%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 28.2011, 0.3315,  
0.3601

■ 28.2011, 0.3315,  
0.3601

■ 293.4266, 0.3214,  
0.3431

■ 18.4773, 0.3343,  
0.3649

■ 56.8053, 0.3276,  
0.3535

■ 11.2932, 0.3380,  
0.3714

■ 76.4546, 0.3263,  
0.3512

■ 6.2644, 0.3433,  
0.3808

■ 100.1811, 0.3251,  
0.3493

■ 3.0065, 0.3513,  
0.3955

■ 128.3693, 0.3241,  
0.3476

■ 1.1351, 0.3740,  
0.4323

■ 161.4035, 0.3233,  
0.3463

■ 0.0077, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 199.6682, 0.3226,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3451

0.0000

243.5478, 0.3219,  
0.3440

■ 28.2011, 0.3315,  
0.3601

■ 28.2011, 0.3315,  
0.3601

■ 27.8470, 0.3462,  
0.3845

■ 28.6128, 0.3170,  
0.3361

■ 27.5445, 0.3608,  
0.4087

■ 29.0807, 0.3031,  
0.3130

■ 27.2923, 0.3747,  
0.4317

■ 29.6081, 0.2899,  
0.2912

■ 27.0877, 0.3874,  
0.4527

■ 30.1969, 0.2776,  
0.2709

■ 26.9275, 0.3983,  
0.4708

■ 30.8492, 0.2663,  
0.2522

■ 26.8086, 0.4071,  
0.4854

■ 31.5667, 0.2560,  
0.2352

■ 26.7270, 0.4134,  
0.4959

■ 32.3511, 0.2466,  
0.2196

■ 26.6782, 0.4172,  
0.5023

■ 33.2041, 0.2382,  
0.2056

■ 26.6547, 0.4191,  
0.5054

■ 33.9061, 0.2322,  
0.1958

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.2011, 0.3438, 0.3550



28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601



28.2011, 0.3144, 0.3564

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601



28.2011, 0.2790, 0.3132



28.2011, 0.3280, 0.3140

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601



21.7673, 0.2927, 0.2959

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.2011, 0.3103, 0.3035



28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601



28.2011, 0.2824, 0.3027

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601



28.2011, 0.2844, 0.3286



28.2011, 0.2936, 0.2993



28.2011, 0.3418, 0.3284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601



28.2011, 0.3027, 0.3493



28.2011, 0.2936, 0.2993



28.2011, 0.3222, 0.3099

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.2023, 0.3315, 0.3601



50.3879, 0.3185, 0.3386



22.8220, 0.3356, 0.3291



11.1976, 0.3195, 0.3402



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.2023, 0.3315, 0.3601



49.5278, 0.3364, 0.3682



27.3693, 0.3212, 0.3611



6.7443, 0.3259, 0.3509



23.4532, 0.4191, 0.5054



0.2872, 0.4192, 0.5053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.7673, 0.2927, 0.2959



35.6133, 0.2871, 0.2866



22.5300, 0.3033, 0.2969



5.6333, 0.2989, 0.3061



1.8275, 0.1501, 0.0600



0.0224, 0.1504, 0.0602



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

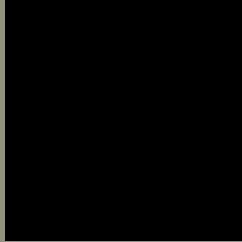
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

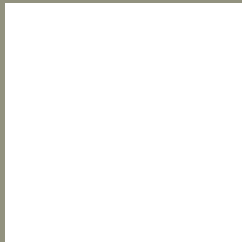
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601

### Protanopia

28.1283, 0.3396, 0.3580

### Deuteranopia

28.0231, 0.3537, 0.3460



## Tritanopia

28.1299, 0.3104, 0.3118

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601

## Protanomaly

28.2412, 0.3372, 0.3597

## Deuteranomaly

28.1736, 0.3448, 0.3511

## Tritanomaly

28.0481, 0.3181, 0.3274

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601

## Achromatopsia

27.8894, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

28.1055, 0.3196, 0.3404

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(146, 146, 127) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 146, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 146, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 146, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 146, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 146, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 146, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 146, 127); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 146, 127); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 146, 127) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 28.2011, 0.3315, 0.3601 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 146, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
146, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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