

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(28.4171, 0.4326, 0.3104)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(28.4171, 0.4326, 0.3104)  
contains.

|  |    |
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**Color**

**Yxy(28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | DE6F7F                     |
| RGB           | 222, 111, 127              |
| RGB Percent   | 87%, 44%, 50%              |
| CMY           | 0.1295, 0.5646, 0.5020     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.50, 0.43, 0.13     |
| HSL           | 351°, 63%, 65%             |
| HSV           | 351°, 50%, 87%             |
| XYZ           | 39.6347, 28.4308, 23.4696  |
| YIQ           | 146.0130, 61.0200, 28.5080 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

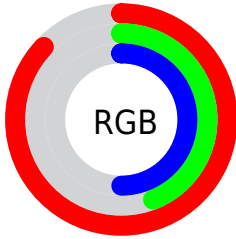
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 222, 111, 127                 |
| Decimal                             | 14577535                      |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 60.28, 44.77, 11.59           |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 60, 46.251, 14.517            |
| Yxy                                 | 28.4308, 0.4330,<br>0.3106    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4292767615<br>(0xFFDE6F7F)    |
| YUV                                 | 146.0130, -9.3734,<br>66.6406 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 53.3205, 39.3733,<br>11.2273  |

# Details

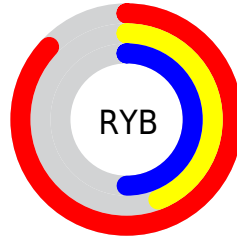
The Yxy color **28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **60.0726, 0.2554, 0.3501**, and the grayscale version is **28.7722, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.4656, 0.3833, 0.3134**, and **11.3627, 0.4759, 0.3005** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7245, 0.4728, 0.3083**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.4371, 0.3986, 0.3139**.

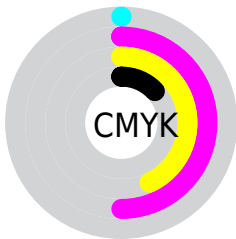
# Distribution



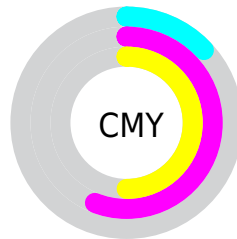
- Red (87%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.4308, 0.4330,  
0.3106

 28.4308, 0.4330,  
0.3106


294.5198, 0.3675,  
0.3224

 18.6507, 0.4511,  
0.3067


 57.1715, 0.4079,  
0.3156


 11.4181, 0.4754,  
0.3009


 76.9009, 0.3989,  
0.3172

 6.3488, 0.5095,  
0.2920


 100.7154, 0.3914,  
0.3185

 3.0583, 0.5601,  
0.2769

 128.9995, 0.3851,  
0.3196

 1.1623, 0.6536,  
0.2531

162.1376, 0.3797,  
0.3205

 0.0306, 0.9742,  
0.0258

200.5141, 0.3751,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3212

0.0000


244.5133, 0.3710,  
0.3218


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 28.4308, 0.4330,  
0.3106


 28.4308, 0.4330,  
0.3106


 23.7245, 0.4728,  
0.3083


 34.4371, 0.3986,  
0.3139


 20.2175, 0.5162,  
0.3078


 41.8253, 0.3700,  
0.3178


 17.8020, 0.5592,  
0.3098


 50.6759, 0.3467,  
0.3217


 16.3483, 0.5963,  
0.3144

 61.0617, 0.3278,  
0.3255

 15.6317, 0.6227,  
0.3204

 73.0509, 0.3127,  
0.3290

 15.6310, 0.6227,  
0.3204

 86.7075, 0.3005,  
0.3323

 94.2671, 0.2929,  
0.3289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.4308, 0.3646, 0.2620



28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106



28.4308, 0.4635, 0.3661

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106



28.4308, 0.3231, 0.4643



28.4308, 0.1900, 0.2242

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106



60.0726, 0.2554, 0.3501

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.4308, 0.1821, 0.2631



28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106



28.4308, 0.2533, 0.4125

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106



28.4308, 0.3940, 0.4617



28.4308, 0.2032, 0.3316



28.4308, 0.2255, 0.2138



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106



28.4308, 0.4572, 0.4032



28.4308, 0.2032, 0.3316



28.4308, 0.1842, 0.2337

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.4323, 0.4330, 0.3106



76.0443, 0.3370, 0.3235



29.6740, 0.3017, 0.2028



15.6418, 0.3411, 0.3227



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.4323, 0.4330, 0.3106



32.2180, 0.4748, 0.3082



38.4427, 0.4282, 0.3752



13.7325, 0.3270, 0.3257



9.2958, 0.6200, 0.3189



0.6546, 0.5832, 0.2986



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.4323, 0.4330, 0.3106



32.2180, 0.4748, 0.3082



42.5816, 0.2373, 0.2753



13.7325, 0.3270, 0.3257



9.2958, 0.6200, 0.3189



0.6546, 0.5832, 0.2986



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

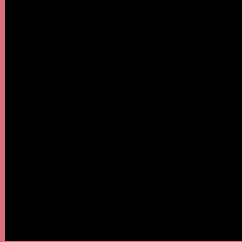
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106

### Protanopia

28.5910, 0.3159, 0.3290

### Deuteranopia

28.4861, 0.3634, 0.3565



## Tritanopia

28.3166, 0.4407, 0.3200

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106

## Protanomaly

27.7240, 0.3558, 0.3218

## Deuteranomaly

27.8471, 0.3891, 0.3362

## Tritanomaly

28.3906, 0.4367, 0.3164

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106

## Achromatopsia

28.7441, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

27.6378, 0.3535, 0.3203

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 111, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 111, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 111, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 111, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 111, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 111, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 111, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 111, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 111, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 111,  
127) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 28.4308, 0.4330, 0.3106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 111, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
111, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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