

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(28.6421, 0.2081, 0.3004)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(28.6421, 0.2081, 0.3004)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A3B2
RGB	0, 163, 178
RGB Percent	0%, 64%, 70%
CMY	0.9984, 0.3608, 0.3020
CMYK	1.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	185°, 100%, 35%
HSV	185°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	21.1354, 29.4087, 46.6748
YIQ	115.9730, -101.9630, -29.8910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

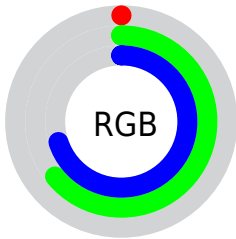
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 85, 178
Decimal	41906
CIELab	61.14, -29.58, -17.80
CIELCh	61, 34.525, 211.035
Yxy	29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231986 (0xFF00A3B2)
YUV	115.9730, 30.5793, -101.7083
Hunter-Lab	54.2298, -25.3340, -13.0692

# Details

The Yxy color **29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **9.8172, 0.6330, 0.3353**, and the grayscale version is **17.4221, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.5701, 0.2354, 0.3081**, and **12.8495, 0.2152, 0.2946** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.3951, 0.2174, 0.3024**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.0744, 0.2198, 0.3053**.

# Distribution



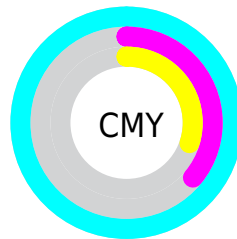
- Red (0%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 29.4087, 0.2174,  
0.3025


 29.4087, 0.2174,  
0.3025


 299.1385, 0.2668,  
0.3183


 19.3902, 0.2047,  
0.2976


 58.7258, 0.2357,  
0.3089

 11.9526, 0.1882,  
0.2907


 78.7932, 0.2424,  
0.3111

 6.7114, 0.1663,  
0.2805


 102.9790, 0.2481,  
0.3129

 3.2823, 0.1360,  
0.2640

 131.6677, 0.2530,  
0.3144

 1.2808, 0.0834,  
0.2372

 165.2436, 0.2572,  
0.3156

 0.1263, 0.0000,  
0.0804

 204.0911, 0.2608,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3167

0.0000

248.5946, 0.2640,  
0.3175

■ 29.4087, 0.2174,  
0.3025

■ 29.4087, 0.2174,  
0.3025

■ 29.3951, 0.2174,  
0.3024

■ 30.0744, 0.2198,  
0.3053

■ 30.8620, 0.2237,  
0.3082

■ 31.8151, 0.2293,  
0.3110

■ 32.9546, 0.2369,  
0.3139

■ 34.2981, 0.2462,  
0.3167

■ 35.8612, 0.2572,  
0.3195

■ 37.6580, 0.2697,  
0.3221

■ 39.7013, 0.2834,  
0.3246

■ 42.0030, 0.2979,  
0.3269

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.4087, 0.2453, 0.3586



29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



29.4087, 0.2128, 0.2614

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



29.4087, 0.3258, 0.2641



29.4087, 0.3959, 0.4189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



9.8172, 0.6330, 0.3353

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4087, 0.4229, 0.3840



29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



29.4087, 0.3814, 0.2983

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



29.4087, 0.2711, 0.2439



29.4087, 0.4182, 0.3407



29.4087, 0.3477, 0.4315



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



29.4087, 0.2227, 0.2460



29.4087, 0.4182, 0.3407



29.4087, 0.4079, 0.4090

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.4098, 0.2174, 0.3025



68.0433, 0.2687, 0.3219



31.8734, 0.2984, 0.5941



14.7652, 0.2634, 0.3208



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.4098, 0.2174, 0.3025



53.1474, 0.2172, 0.3020



8.1671, 0.1701, 0.1321



9.5064, 0.2986, 0.3270



21.0809, 0.2174, 0.3028



0.6991, 0.2196, 0.3106



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.1165, 0.3432, 0.1665



21.9410, 0.3437, 0.1667



19.3637, 0.5158, 0.4285



8.6341, 0.3150, 0.3084



8.6683, 0.3430, 0.1663



0.2763, 0.3362, 0.1626



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

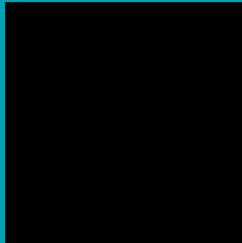
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

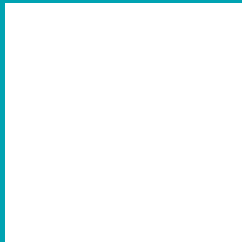
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025.

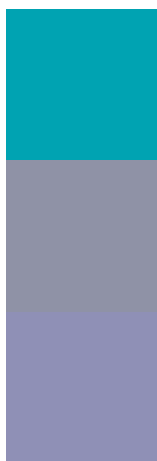


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

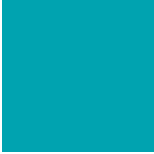
29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025

### Protanopia

29.1506, 0.2912, 0.2979

### Deuteranopia

29.1636, 0.2774, 0.2720



## Tritanopia

29.3290, 0.2183, 0.3058

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



## Protanomaly

27.5829, 0.2464, 0.2981



## Deuteranomaly

27.6936, 0.2391, 0.2791



## Tritanomaly

29.3687, 0.2178, 0.3042

# Monochromacy



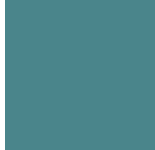
## Original Color

29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025



## Achromatopsia

17.4647, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

20.0950, 0.2502, 0.3168

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 163, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 163, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 163, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 163, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 163, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 163, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 163, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 163, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 163, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 163,  
178) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 29.4087, 0.2174, 0.3025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 163, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 163,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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