

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(28.9226, 0.4253, 0.5005)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(28.9226, 0.4253, 0.5005)
contains.

Yxy(28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9600
RGB	156, 150, 0
RGB Percent	61%, 59%, 0%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4118, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 1.00, 0.39
HSL	58°, 100%, 31%
HSV	58°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	24.6170, 28.8806, 4.2752
YIQ	134.6940, 51.7260, -45.3780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

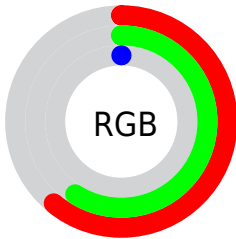
Format	Color
RYB	6, 156, 0
Decimal	10262016
CIELab	60.68, -11.79, 64.22
CIELCh	61, 65.296, 100.399
Yxy	28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288452096 (0xFF9C9600)
YUV	134.6940, -66.4041, 18.6854
Hunter-Lab	53.7407, -12.2807, 32.9018

Details

The Yxy color **28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **2.5307, 0.1508, 0.0629**, and the grayscale version is **24.3466, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.9498, 0.4102, 0.4708**, and **11.8237, 0.4193, 0.5053** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.8821, 0.4261, 0.4999**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.1103, 0.4226, 0.4959**.

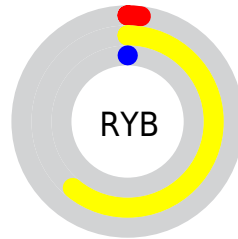
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (59%)

Blue (0%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (0%)

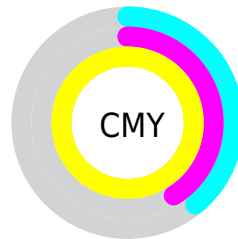


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.8806, 0.4261,
0.4999

■ 28.8806, 0.4261,
0.4999

■ 296.6512, 0.3746,
0.4142

■ 18.9905, 0.4339,
0.5176

■ 57.8873, 0.4104,
0.4706

■ 11.6634, 0.4418,
0.5391

■ 77.7728, 0.4034,
0.4588

■ 6.5149, 0.4423,
0.5577

■ 101.7588, 0.3972,
0.4487

■ 3.1606, 0.4297,
0.5703

■ 130.2297, 0.3916,
0.4399

■ 1.2162, 0.4073,
0.5927

■ 163.5701, 0.3866,
0.4322


■ 0.0748, 0.0000,
1.0000


■ 202.1642, 0.3822,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4255


0.0000


 246.3964, 0.3782,
0.4195


 28.8806, 0.4261,
0.4999


 28.8806, 0.4261,
0.4999


 28.8821, 0.4261,
0.4999

 29.1103, 0.4226,
0.4959

 29.3671, 0.4171,
0.4888

 29.6647, 0.4090,
0.4774

 30.0082, 0.3986,
0.4621

 30.4020, 0.3862,
0.4434

■ 30.8499, 0.3723,
0.4222

■ 31.3553, 0.3575,
0.3993

■ 31.9213, 0.3423,
0.3757

■ 32.5509, 0.3273,
0.3520

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8806, 0.4969, 0.4313



28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999



28.8806, 0.3326, 0.5278

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999



28.8806, 0.1426, 0.2446



28.8806, 0.3679, 0.2320

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999



2.5307, 0.1508, 0.0629

Split Complementary

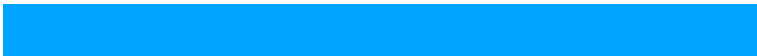
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.8806, 0.2623, 0.1922



28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999



28.8806, 0.1488, 0.1923

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999



28.8806, 0.1712, 0.3444



28.8806, 0.1876, 0.1777



28.8806, 0.4704, 0.2905

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999



28.8806, 0.2686, 0.4974



28.8806, 0.1876, 0.1777



28.8806, 0.3306, 0.2162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.8821, 0.4261, 0.4999



56.8897, 0.3584, 0.4007



7.0854, 0.6336, 0.3264



12.4372, 0.3642, 0.4097



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.8821, 0.4261, 0.4999



52.3866, 0.4262, 0.4998



25.7472, 0.3445, 0.5647



7.6766, 0.3262, 0.3503



23.8007, 0.4260, 0.4999



0.4377, 0.4231, 0.5022

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.5307, 0.1508, 0.0629



4.5300, 0.1506, 0.0621



3.7100, 0.1942, 0.0844



6.4741, 0.2987, 0.3068



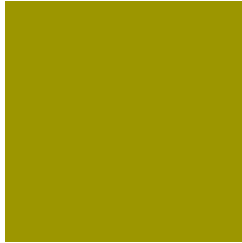
2.0963, 0.1509, 0.0632



0.0481, 0.1552, 0.0788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

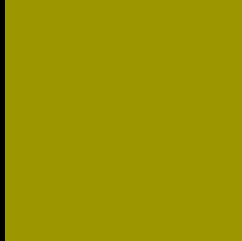
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999

Protanopia

28.8668, 0.4397, 0.4891

Deuteranopia

28.8375, 0.4664, 0.4577



Tritanopia

28.6666, 0.3299, 0.3126

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999

Protanomaly

28.8612, 0.4351, 0.4927

Deuteranomaly

28.6753, 0.4519, 0.4737

Tritanomaly

28.1525, 0.3838, 0.4034

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999

Achromatopsia

24.2281, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

25.2677, 0.3721, 0.4200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 150, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 150, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 150, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 150, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 150, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 150, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 150, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 150, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 150, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 150,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 28.8806, 0.4261, 0.4999 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 150, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
150, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor