

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(29.1309, 0.3259, 0.5478)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(29.1309, 0.3259, 0.5478)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

**Color**

**Yxy(29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50A628
RGB	80, 166, 40
RGB Percent	31%, 65%, 16%
CMY	0.6861, 0.3490, 0.8431
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.76, 0.35
HSL	101°, 61%, 40%
HSV	101°, 76%, 65%
XYZ	17.3308, 29.1311, 6.7164
YIQ	125.9220, -10.8100, -57.4180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

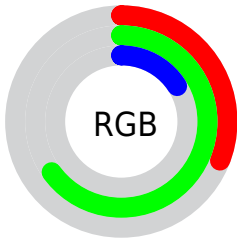
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	40, 166, 126
Decimal	5285416
CIELab	60.90, -47.92, 53.56
CIELCh	61, 71.869, 131.823
Yxy	29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283475496 (0xFF50A628)
YUV	125.9220, -42.3595, -40.2736
Hunter-Lab	53.9732, -37.1367, 30.4032

# Details

The Yxy color **29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **8.7018, 0.2626, 0.1407**, and the grayscale version is **20.9907, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.3691, 0.3297, 0.5004**, and **11.8490, 0.3020, 0.5984** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.5902, 0.3226, 0.5682**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.8061, 0.3277, 0.5219**.

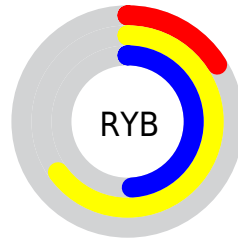
# Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (65%)

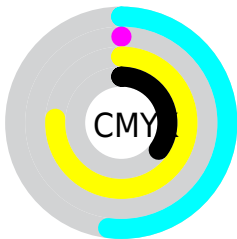
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (49%)

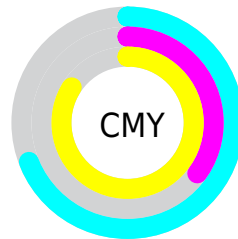


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (76%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (84%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 29.1311, 0.3259,  
0.5478


 29.1311, 0.3259,  
0.5478


297.8330, 0.3275,  
0.4238

 19.1800, 0.3206,  
0.5820


 58.2853, 0.3296,  
0.4998

 11.8004, 0.3100,  
0.6262


 78.2572, 0.3299,  
0.4825


 6.6079, 0.2968,  
0.7032


 102.3382, 0.3298,  
0.4683

 3.2181, 0.2448,  
0.7552

 130.9127, 0.3295,  
0.4564

 1.2467, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 164.3650, 0.3291,  
0.4464

 0.0993, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 203.0796, 0.3286,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4377

0.0000

247.4408, 0.3280,  
0.4303

■ 29.1311, 0.3259,  
0.5478

■ 29.1311, 0.3259,  
0.5478

■ 28.5902, 0.3226,  
0.5682

■ 29.8061, 0.3277,  
0.5219

■ 28.1681, 0.3180,  
0.5823

■ 30.6208, 0.3281,  
0.4923

■ 28.0220, 0.3162,  
0.5871

■ 31.5850, 0.3270,  
0.4608

■ 32.7062, 0.3249,  
0.4291

■ 33.9916, 0.3220,  
0.3984

■ 35.4479, 0.3186,  
0.3697

■ 37.0812, 0.3149,  
0.3433

■ 38.8976, 0.3112,  
0.3196

■ 40.9026, 0.3074,  
0.2984

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.1311, 0.4271, 0.5149



29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478



29.1311, 0.2265, 0.4761

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478



29.1311, 0.1386, 0.1800



29.1311, 0.4896, 0.2892

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478



8.7018, 0.2626, 0.1407

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.1311, 0.3783, 0.2269



29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478



29.1311, 0.1809, 0.1670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478



29.1311, 0.1300, 0.2321



29.1311, 0.2621, 0.1839



29.1311, 0.5372, 0.3606



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478



29.1311, 0.1755, 0.3842



29.1311, 0.2621, 0.1839



29.1311, 0.4571, 0.2670

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.1323, 0.3259, 0.5478



62.3193, 0.3212, 0.3911



22.6746, 0.4559, 0.4433



13.7497, 0.3223, 0.4015



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.1323, 0.3259, 0.5478



51.3490, 0.3196, 0.5784



28.0593, 0.2928, 0.5351



8.5192, 0.3162, 0.3520



21.7532, 0.3168, 0.5867



0.5564, 0.3438, 0.5652



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.7018, 0.2626, 0.1407



12.3544, 0.2485, 0.1178



11.6684, 0.3531, 0.1908



7.5453, 0.3089, 0.3064



4.8949, 0.2433, 0.1114



0.1446, 0.2701, 0.1261



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478

### Protanopia

28.5716, 0.4301, 0.4746

### Deuteranopia

28.6493, 0.4487, 0.4415



## Tritanopia

29.0575, 0.2568, 0.3087

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478

## Protanomaly

27.9026, 0.3869, 0.5045

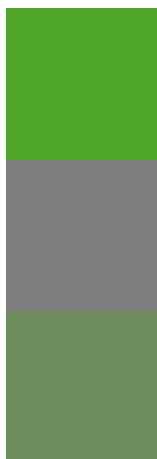
## Deuteranomaly

27.7199, 0.3990, 0.4822

## Tritanomaly

28.5564, 0.2861, 0.3991

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478

## Achromatopsia

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

23.1272, 0.3232, 0.4177

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 166, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 166, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 166, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 166, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 166, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 166, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 166, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 166, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 166, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 166,  
40) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 29.1311, 0.3259, 0.5478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 166, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 166,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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