

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(29.2481, 0.3358, 0.3246)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(29.2481, 0.3358, 0.3246)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A58D90
RGB	165, 141, 144
RGB Percent	65%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.3528, 0.4471, 0.4352
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.13, 0.35
HSL	352°, 12%, 60%
HSV	352°, 15%, 65%
XYZ	30.0837, 29.0627, 30.4151
YIQ	148.5180, 13.3410, 6.0210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

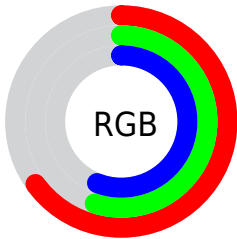
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">165, 141, 144</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10849680</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">60.84, 9.56, 1.74</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">61, 9.712, 10.310</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289039760</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFA58D90</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">148.5180, -2.2274, 14.4547</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">53.9098, 5.2675, 4.2864</a>

# Details

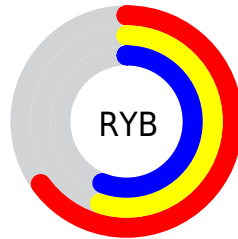
The Yxy color **29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **35.1974, 0.2935, 0.3336**, and the grayscale version is **29.8500, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.3231, 0.3307, 0.3256**, and **11.8010, 0.3437, 0.3226** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.1412, 0.3565, 0.3212**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.7685, 0.3192, 0.3276**.

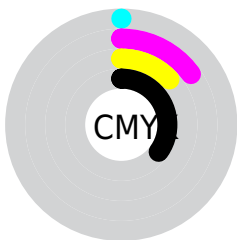
# Distribution



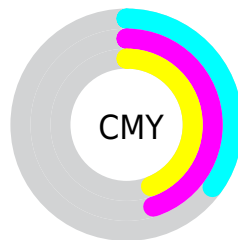
- Red (65%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.0627, 0.3359,  
0.3245


 29.0627, 0.3359,  
0.3245


297.5107, 0.3234,  
0.3270


 19.1283, 0.3394,  
0.3238


 58.1767, 0.3311,  
0.3255

 11.7630, 0.3441,  
0.3228


 78.1250, 0.3294,  
0.3258

 6.5825, 0.3509,  
0.3213


 102.1801, 0.3279,  
0.3261

 3.2024, 0.3613,  
0.3190

130.7264, 0.3267,  
0.3263

 1.2383, 0.3796,  
0.3148

164.1481, 0.3257,  
0.3265

 0.0927, 0.7762,  
0.2238

202.8299, 0.3248,

 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3267

0.0000


247.1559, 0.3240,  
0.3269


 29.0627, 0.3359,  
0.3245


 29.0627, 0.3359,  
0.3245


 24.1412, 0.3565,  
0.3212


 34.7685, 0.3192,  
0.3276


 19.9660, 0.3819,  
0.3179

 41.2866, 0.3058,  
0.3305


 16.5018, 0.4128,  
0.3147

 48.6486, 0.2949,  
0.3332

 13.7089, 0.4493,  
0.3122

 56.8832, 0.2860,  
0.3356

 11.5436, 0.4907,  
0.3107

 66.0176, 0.2787,  
0.3378

■ 9.9572, 0.5343,  
0.3111

■ 76.0781, 0.2727,  
0.3398

■ 8.8937, 0.5755,  
0.3136

■ 86.1171, 0.2675,  
0.3399

■ 8.2852, 0.6086,  
0.3183

■ 86.7442, 0.2629,  
0.3289

■ 8.0575, 0.6228,  
0.3204

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.0627, 0.3220, 0.3122



29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245



29.0627, 0.3435, 0.3382

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245



29.0627, 0.3189, 0.3554



29.0627, 0.2836, 0.3074

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245



35.1974, 0.2935, 0.3336

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.0627, 0.2829, 0.3185



29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245



29.0627, 0.3030, 0.3467

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245



29.0627, 0.3335, 0.3565



29.0627, 0.2899, 0.3330



29.0627, 0.2919, 0.3024



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245



29.0627, 0.3439, 0.3465



29.0627, 0.2899, 0.3330



29.0627, 0.2825, 0.3106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.0640, 0.3359, 0.3245



62.7827, 0.3185, 0.3278



29.4284, 0.3110, 0.2935



13.5523, 0.3196, 0.3276



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.0640, 0.3359, 0.3245



49.4746, 0.3411, 0.3236



31.6783, 0.3372, 0.3423



7.0998, 0.3266, 0.3262



6.0962, 0.6210, 0.3194



0.1321, 0.5540, 0.2826



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0640, 0.3359, 0.3245



49.4746, 0.3411, 0.3236



32.2319, 0.2906, 0.3153



7.0998, 0.3266, 0.3262



6.0962, 0.6210, 0.3194

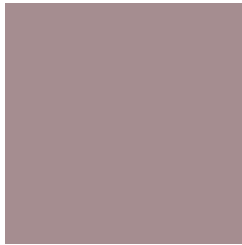


0.1321, 0.5540, 0.2826



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

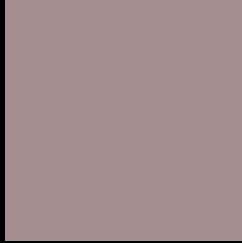
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

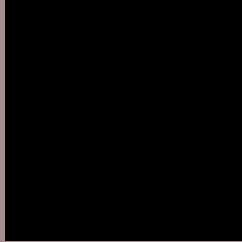
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245

### Protanopia

29.0539, 0.3149, 0.3274

### Deuteranopia

29.0410, 0.3324, 0.3260



## Tritanopia

29.0975, 0.3298, 0.3127

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245

## Protanomaly

28.9904, 0.3224, 0.3259

## Deuteranomaly

29.1461, 0.3335, 0.3260

## Tritanomaly

29.0013, 0.3329, 0.3171

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245

## Achromatopsia

30.0544, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

29.6329, 0.3212, 0.3275

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 141, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 141, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 141, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 141, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 141, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 141, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 141, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 141, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 141, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 141,  
144) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 29.0627, 0.3359, 0.3245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 141, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
141, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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