

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(29.3709, 0.3284, 0.1982)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(29.3709, 0.3284, 0.1982)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E45DDB
RGB	228, 93, 219
RGB Percent	89%, 36%, 86%
CMY	0.1059, 0.6353, 0.1410
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.04, 0.11
HSL	304°, 71%, 63%
HSV	304°, 59%, 89%
XYZ	48.7011, 29.4372, 70.1599
YIQ	147.7290, 40.0140, 67.8060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

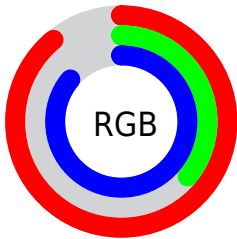
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	228, 93, 219
Decimal	14966235
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.17, 67.49, -39.70
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 78.302, 329.534
Yxy	29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293156315 (0xFFE45DDB)
YUV	147.7290, 35.1366, 70.3977
Hunter-Lab	54.2561, 65.2765, -38.6902

# Details

The Yxy color **29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **58.7762, 0.3000, 0.5088**, and the grayscale version is **29.3339, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.2927, 0.3175, 0.2275**, and **11.9459, 0.3278, 0.1668** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9363, 0.3312, 0.1836**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.1343, 0.3255, 0.2170**.

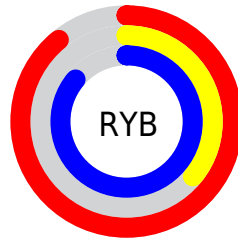
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (36%)

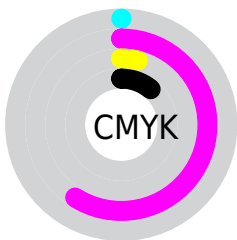
Blue (86%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (86%)

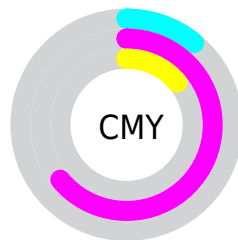


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (64%)


Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.4372, 0.3284,  
0.1985


 29.4372, 0.3284,  
0.1985


299.2722, 0.3232,  
0.2599

 19.4118, 0.3289,  
0.1845


 58.7710, 0.3271,  
0.2198

 11.9682, 0.3291,  
0.1675

 78.8482, 0.3265,  
0.2281

 6.7220, 0.3286,  
0.1463


 103.0448, 0.3258,  
0.2353

 3.2889, 0.3266,  
0.1197

 131.7451, 0.3252,  
0.2415

 1.2843, 0.3212,  
0.0863

165.3336, 0.3247,  
0.2470

 0.1290, 0.3161,  
0.0189

204.1947, 0.3241,


 0.0000, 0.2722,


0.2518

0.0000


248.7128, 0.3237,  
0.2561


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 29.4372, 0.3284,  
0.1985


 29.4372, 0.3284,  
0.1985


 25.9363, 0.3312,  
0.1836


 34.1343, 0.3255,  
0.2170


 23.5178, 0.3339,  
0.1728


 40.1197, 0.3226,  
0.2381


 22.0534, 0.3363,  
0.1665

 47.4811, 0.3198,  
0.2609

 21.3372, 0.3384,  
0.1640

 56.2976, 0.3172,  
0.2844

 21.2924, 0.3386,  
0.1639

 66.6420, 0.3147,  
0.3079

■ 78.5825, 0.3126,  
0.3308

■ 92.1829, 0.3106,  
0.3525

■ 93.7936, 0.3096,  
0.3533

■ 93.8796, 0.3088,  
0.3517

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.4372, 0.2171, 0.1643



29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



29.4372, 0.4599, 0.2566

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



29.4372, 0.4705, 0.4922



29.4372, 0.1252, 0.2621

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



58.7762, 0.3000, 0.5088

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4372, 0.1701, 0.4003



29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



29.4372, 0.3682, 0.5609

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



29.4372, 0.5412, 0.4060



29.4372, 0.2592, 0.5384



29.4372, 0.1207, 0.1860



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



29.4372, 0.5257, 0.3032



29.4372, 0.2592, 0.5384



29.4372, 0.1351, 0.3017

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.4386, 0.3284, 0.1985



73.9352, 0.3169, 0.2870



16.1231, 0.2020, 0.1407



15.0567, 0.3176, 0.2801



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.4386, 0.3284, 0.1985



32.6204, 0.3318, 0.1808



26.6467, 0.4099, 0.2618



14.5978, 0.3148, 0.3074



12.3011, 0.3383, 0.1637



0.9140, 0.3355, 0.1622



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.4386, 0.3284, 0.1985



32.6204, 0.3318, 0.1808



60.6170, 0.2685, 0.4147



14.5978, 0.3148, 0.3074



12.3011, 0.3383, 0.1637

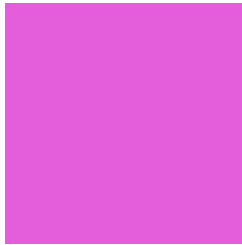


0.9140, 0.3355, 0.1622



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

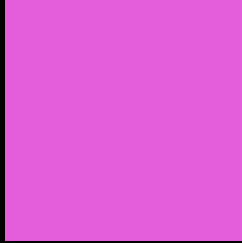
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

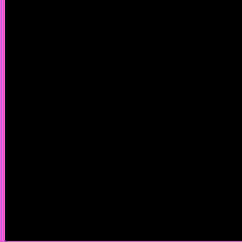
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985

### Protanopia

29.8192, 0.2052, 0.1845

### Deuteranopia

29.5709, 0.2429, 0.2365



## Tritanopia

29.2409, 0.4238, 0.3184

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



## Protanomaly

27.1890, 0.2351, 0.1815



## Deuteranomaly

27.6642, 0.2682, 0.2151



## Tritanomaly

28.8475, 0.3887, 0.2693

# Monochromacy



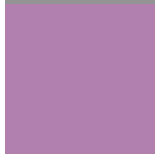
## Original Color

29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985



## Achromatopsia

29.6138, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

27.8414, 0.3190, 0.2652

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 93, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 93, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 93, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 93, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 93, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 93, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 93, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 93, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 93, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 93,  
219) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 29.4372, 0.3284, 0.1985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 93, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 93,  
219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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