

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(29.6752, 0.4308, 0.3013)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(29.6752, 0.4308, 0.3013)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E56E87
RGB	229, 110, 135
RGB Percent	90%, 43%, 53%
CMY	0.1018, 0.5687, 0.4705
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.41, 0.10
HSL	347°, 70%, 66%
HSV	347°, 52%, 90%
XYZ	42.2708, 29.5591, 26.4057
YIQ	148.4310, 62.8990, 33.0030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

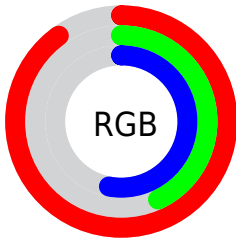
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	229, 110, 135
Decimal	15036039
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.27, 48.59, 8.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 49.325, 9.930
Yxy	29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293226119 (0xFFE56E87)
YUV	148.4310, -6.6215, 70.6590
Hunter-Lab	54.3683, 43.6375, 9.2617

# Details

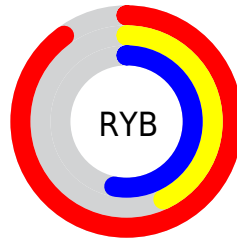
The Yxy color **29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **63.7294, 0.2575, 0.3619**, and the grayscale version is **29.8115, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.8011, 0.3756, 0.3051**, and **12.0463, 0.4705, 0.2881** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.7749, 0.4678, 0.2976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.7098, 0.3978, 0.3058**.

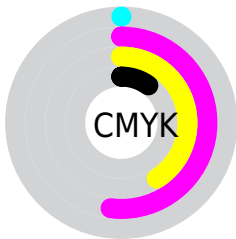
# Distribution



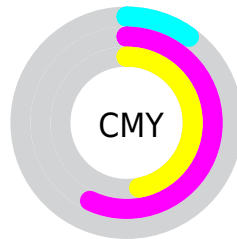
- Red (90%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.5591, 0.4303,  
0.3009


 29.5591, 0.4303,  
0.3009


299.8439, 0.3668,  
0.3173

 19.5042, 0.4477,  
0.2959


 58.9642, 0.4061,  
0.3075


 12.0351, 0.4709,  
0.2890


 79.0832, 0.3973,  
0.3098

 6.7676, 0.5032,  
0.2787


 103.3257, 0.3901,  
0.3116

 3.3172, 0.5510,  
0.2624

 132.0760, 0.3840,  
0.3132

 1.2995, 0.6282,  
0.2341

165.7186, 0.3787,  
0.3145

 0.1408, 0.9096,  
0.0904


204.6378, 0.3742,


 0.0000, 1.0000,


0.3156

0.0000

249.2181, 0.3703,  
0.3165


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 29.5591, 0.4303,  
0.3009


 29.5591, 0.4303,  
0.3009


 24.7749, 0.4678,  
0.2976


 35.7098, 0.3978,  
0.3058


 21.2476, 0.5085,  
0.2967


 43.3162, 0.3705,  
0.3113


 18.8584, 0.5491,  
0.2993

 52.4654, 0.3481,  
0.3171

 17.4631, 0.5849,  
0.3055

 63.2363, 0.3300,  
0.3227

 16.8781, 0.6076,  
0.3121

 75.7025, 0.3153,  
0.3280

■ 89.9328, 0.3034,  
0.3329

■ 95.4033, 0.2970,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.5591, 0.3544, 0.2523



29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009



29.5591, 0.4696, 0.3578

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009



29.5591, 0.3347, 0.4752



29.5591, 0.1815, 0.2233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009



63.7294, 0.2575, 0.3619

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.5591, 0.1777, 0.2684



29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009



29.5591, 0.2602, 0.4290

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009



29.5591, 0.4074, 0.4632



29.5591, 0.2040, 0.3444



29.5591, 0.2139, 0.2087



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009



29.5591, 0.4675, 0.3968



29.5591, 0.2040, 0.3444



29.5591, 0.1770, 0.2347

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.5606, 0.4303, 0.3009



74.7703, 0.3370, 0.3204



29.5364, 0.2932, 0.1950



15.3964, 0.3407, 0.3193



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.5606, 0.4303, 0.3009



31.4067, 0.4693, 0.2975



37.6479, 0.4403, 0.3678



14.4173, 0.3259, 0.3241



9.6612, 0.6042, 0.3102



0.7273, 0.5640, 0.2880



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.5606, 0.4303, 0.3009



31.4067, 0.4693, 0.2975



48.1377, 0.2367, 0.2838



14.4173, 0.3259, 0.3241



9.6612, 0.6042, 0.3102



0.7273, 0.5640, 0.2880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

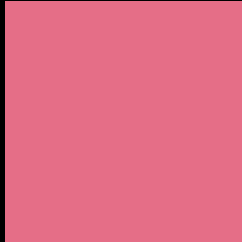
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009

### Protanopia

29.9697, 0.3062, 0.3166

### Deuteranopia

29.6916, 0.3548, 0.3486



## Tritanopia

29.6603, 0.4475, 0.3215

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009

## Protanomaly

28.6533, 0.3476, 0.3090

## Deuteranomaly

28.9749, 0.3820, 0.3278

## Tritanomaly

29.5630, 0.4415, 0.3146

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009

## Achromatopsia

29.6138, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

28.3805, 0.3521, 0.3161

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 110, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 110, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 110, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 110, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 110, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 110, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 110, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 110, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 110, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 110,  
135) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 29.5591, 0.4303, 0.3009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 110, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
110, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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