

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(29.7096, 0.3538, 0.3299)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(29.7096, 0.3538, 0.3299)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B08C8B
RGB	176, 140, 139
RGB Percent	69%, 55%, 55%
CMY	0.3097, 0.4510, 0.4550
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.21, 0.31
HSL	2°, 19%, 62%
HSV	2°, 21%, 69%
XYZ	31.9452, 29.8504, 28.4960
YIQ	150.6500, 21.7770, 7.3210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

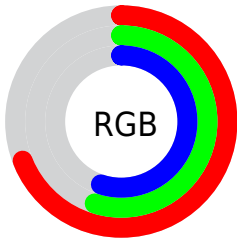
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 140, 139
Decimal	11570315
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.52, 13.48, 5.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 14.647, 23.047
Yxy	29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289760395 (0xFFB08C8B)
YUV	150.6500, -5.7434, 22.2320
Hunter-Lab	54.6355, 8.7561, 7.3212

# Details

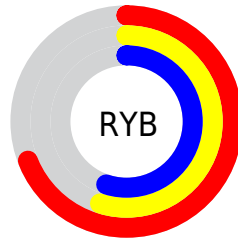
The Yxy color **29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **39.2841, 0.2818, 0.3274**, and the grayscale version is **30.8090, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.5451, 0.3455, 0.3313**, and **12.2446, 0.3686, 0.3312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.7585, 0.3809, 0.3314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.8061, 0.3319, 0.3298**.

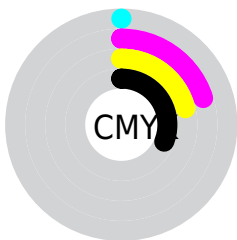
# Distribution



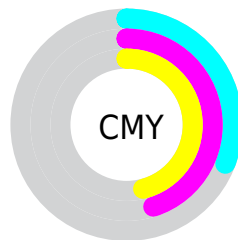
- Red (69%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (46%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 29.8504, 0.3538,  
0.3306


 29.8504, 0.3538,  
0.3306


301.2065, 0.3316,  
0.3300


 19.7251, 0.3600,  
0.3306


 59.4255, 0.3453,  
0.3305

 12.1954, 0.3683,  
0.3306


 79.6441, 0.3422,  
0.3304

 6.8769, 0.3802,  
0.3304


 103.9959, 0.3397,  
0.3303

 3.3852, 0.3985,  
0.3297

132.8652, 0.3376,  
0.3303

 1.3360, 0.4300,  
0.3276

166.6366, 0.3357,  
0.3302

 0.1688, 0.7435,  
0.2565


205.6943, 0.3342,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3301


0.0000


250.4228, 0.3328,  
0.3301

 29.8504, 0.3538,  
0.3306


 29.8504, 0.3538,  
0.3306


 24.7585, 0.3809,  
0.3314

 35.8061, 0.3319,  
0.3298


 20.4865, 0.4140,  
0.3323

 42.6588, 0.3143,  
0.3291


 16.9928, 0.4534,  
0.3330

 50.4448, 0.3002,  
0.3284

 14.2305, 0.4981,  
0.3335

 59.1974, 0.2887,  
0.3278

 12.1477, 0.5449,  
0.3336

 68.9481, 0.2794,  
0.3273

■ 10.6857, 0.5879,  
0.3331

■ 79.7271, 0.2717,  
0.3268

■ 9.7757, 0.6201,  
0.3321

■ 87.9727, 0.2681,  
0.3289

■ 9.3377, 0.6380,  
0.3316

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



29.8504, 0.3362, 0.3113



29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306



29.8504, 0.3600, 0.3503

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306



29.8504, 0.3115, 0.3648



29.8504, 0.2735, 0.2924

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306



39.2841, 0.2818, 0.3274

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.8504, 0.2676, 0.3051



29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306



29.8504, 0.2890, 0.3475

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306



29.8504, 0.3350, 0.3712



29.8504, 0.2732, 0.3252



29.8504, 0.2897, 0.2896



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306



29.8504, 0.3567, 0.3612



29.8504, 0.2732, 0.3252



29.8504, 0.2703, 0.2956

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.8518, 0.3538, 0.3306



70.8516, 0.3228, 0.3294



30.8031, 0.3157, 0.2785



15.1860, 0.3239, 0.3295



89.0005, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.0645, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.8518, 0.3538, 0.3306



49.8809, 0.3650, 0.3310



35.5902, 0.3486, 0.3564



8.5414, 0.3286, 0.3297



6.8636, 0.6376, 0.3320



0.2283, 0.6272, 0.3402



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.2841, 0.2818, 0.3274



69.9143, 0.2759, 0.3271



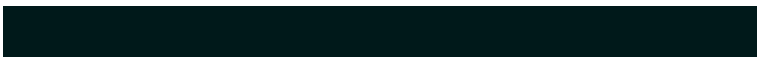
32.6972, 0.2800, 0.3000



9.5907, 0.2986, 0.3283



23.7298, 0.2224, 0.3205



0.7591, 0.2230, 0.3229



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

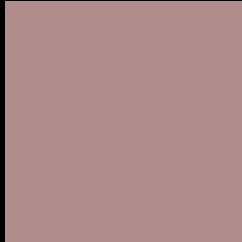
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

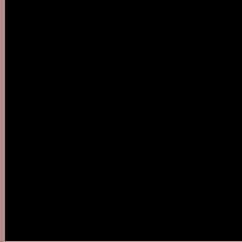
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306

### Protanopia

29.9353, 0.3228, 0.3368

### Deuteranopia

29.9970, 0.3437, 0.3381



## Tritanopia

29.6940, 0.3444, 0.3133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306

## Protanomaly

29.7809, 0.3328, 0.3336

## Deuteranomaly

30.0259, 0.3473, 0.3365

## Tritanomaly

29.8567, 0.3486, 0.3205

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306

## Achromatopsia

30.9469, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

30.4476, 0.3263, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 140, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 140, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 140, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 140, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 140, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 140, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 140, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 140, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 140, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 140,  
139) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 29.8504, 0.3538, 0.3306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 140, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
140, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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