

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(3.3849, 0.3449, 0.2102)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(3.3849, 0.3449, 0.2102)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	561E4C
RGB	86, 30, 76
RGB Percent	34%, 12%, 30%
CMY	0.6627, 0.8824, 0.7019
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.12, 0.66
HSL	311°, 48%, 23%
HSV	311°, 65%, 34%
XYZ	5.6069, 3.4288, 7.2068
YIQ	51.9880, 18.6100, 26.1780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

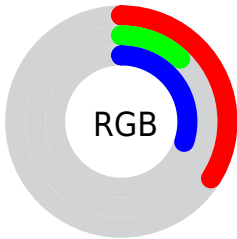
Format	Color
RYB	86, 30, 76
Decimal	5643852
CIELab	21.69, 32.20, -15.93
CIElCh	22, 35.927, 333.684
Yxy	3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283833932 (0xFF561E4C)
YUV	51.9880, 11.8379, 29.8285
Hunter-Lab	18.5170, 21.6447, -10.1137

Details

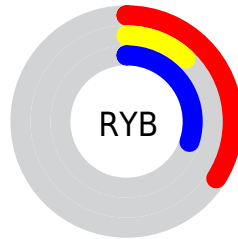
The Yxy color **3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **7.0846, 0.2932, 0.4893**, and the grayscale version is **3.4167, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **12.3327, 0.3373, 0.2460**, and **0.5757, 0.3711, 0.1818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **3.0305, 0.3516, 0.1986**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **3.9469, 0.3390, 0.2264**.

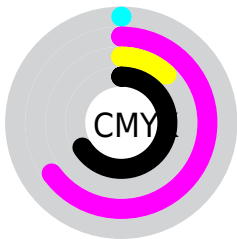
Distribution



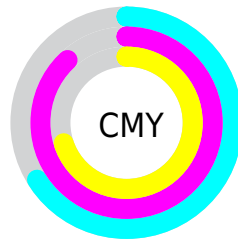
- Red (34%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 3.4288, 0.3452,
0.2111


 3.4288, 0.3452,
0.2111

 133.3671, 0.3249,
0.2882


 1.3595, 0.3520,
0.1809


 12.2976, 0.3365,
0.2457


 0.1866, 0.3851,
0.0741

 19.8659, 0.3337,
0.2564

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 30.0360, 0.3314,
0.2647


 43.1923, 0.3296,
0.2714


 59.7192, 0.3281,
0.2767


 80.0010, 0.3269,


0.2812


 104.4222, 0.3258,
0.2850


 3.4288, 0.3452,
0.2111


 3.4288, 0.3452,
0.2111


 3.0305, 0.3516,
0.1986


 3.9469, 0.3390,
0.2264


 2.7415, 0.3579,
0.1894


 4.5931, 0.3332,
0.2438

 2.5299, 0.3643,
0.1831

 5.3757, 0.3278,
0.2625

 2.4291, 0.3676,
0.1798

 6.3019, 0.3228,
0.2817

 7.3785, 0.3184,
0.3009

■ 8.6120, 0.3145,
0.3197

■ 10.0084, 0.3111,
0.3377

■ 11.5733, 0.3082,
0.3547

■ 13.3122, 0.3056,
0.3707

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



3.4288, 0.2345, 0.1744



3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111



3.4288, 0.4666, 0.2698

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111



3.4288, 0.4689, 0.5150



3.4288, 0.1309, 0.2535

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111



7.0846, 0.2932, 0.4893

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.4288, 0.1692, 0.3761



3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111



3.4288, 0.3576, 0.5572

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111



3.4288, 0.5323, 0.4230



3.4288, 0.2501, 0.5107



3.4288, 0.1306, 0.1873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111



3.4288, 0.5222, 0.3159



3.4288, 0.2501, 0.5107



3.4288, 0.1389, 0.2882

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



3.4290, 0.3452, 0.2111



11.8168, 0.3208, 0.2902



2.0383, 0.2127, 0.1449



2.8086, 0.3215, 0.2871



47.7000, 0.3127, 0.3290



3.9682, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



3.4290, 0.3452, 0.2111



4.9953, 0.3551, 0.1931



3.1259, 0.4333, 0.2793



2.1445, 0.3159, 0.3129



3.8367, 0.3691, 0.1807



21.4346, 0.3727, 0.1827

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.4290, 0.3452, 0.2111



4.9953, 0.3551, 0.1931



7.3407, 0.2606, 0.3915



2.1445, 0.3159, 0.3129



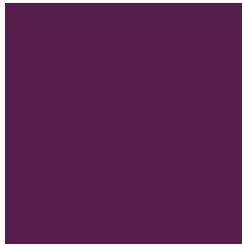
3.8367, 0.3691, 0.1807



21.4346, 0.3727, 0.1827

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

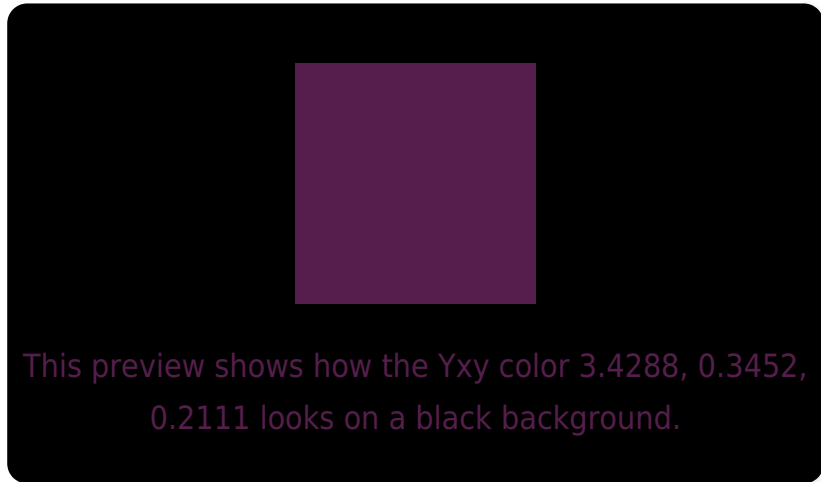
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

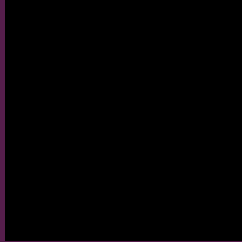
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111

Protanopia

3.5875, 0.2090, 0.1935

Deuteranopia

3.5414, 0.2584, 0.2540



Tritanopia

3.5238, 0.4357, 0.3236

Trichromacy



Original Color

3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111

Protanomaly

3.2195, 0.2420, 0.1930

Deuteranomaly

3.2879, 0.2850, 0.2308

Tritanomaly

3.4129, 0.4042, 0.2785

Monochromacy



Original Color

3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111

Achromatopsia

3.4340, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

3.2283, 0.3236, 0.2708

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(86, 30, 76) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 30, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 30, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 30, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 30, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 30, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 30, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 30, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 30, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 30, 76)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 3.4288, 0.3452, 0.2111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 30, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 30,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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