

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.0063, 0.4095, 0.5072)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.0063, 0.4095, 0.5072)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	959C0E
RGB	149, 156, 14
RGB Percent	58%, 61%, 5%
CMY	0.4157, 0.3882, 0.9454
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.91, 0.39
HSL	63°, 84%, 33%
HSV	63°, 91%, 61%
XYZ	24.3597, 30.1982, 4.9576
YIQ	137.7190, 41.4100, -45.6460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

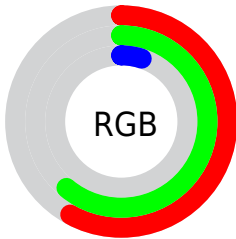
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	14, 156, 21
Decimal	9804814
CIELab	61.82, -17.85, 62.76
CIELCh	62, 65.253, 105.877
Yxy	30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287994894 (0xFF959C0E)
YUV	137.7190, -60.9935, 9.8934
Hunter-Lab	54.9529, -17.0414, 33.1181

# Details

The Yxy color **30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999900**. A complement of this color would be **2.8719, 0.1577, 0.0700**, and the grayscale version is **25.5250, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.7651, 0.3966, 0.4752**, and **12.4828, 0.4020, 0.5190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1035, 0.4108, 0.5120**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.3322, 0.4059, 0.4994**.

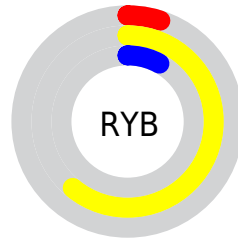
# Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (61%)

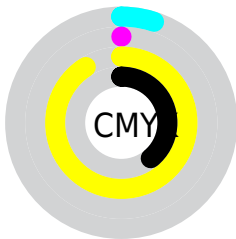
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (8%)

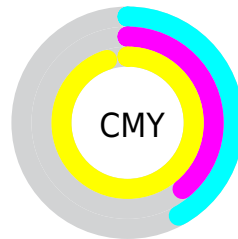


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (39%)


Yellow (95%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.1982, 0.4093,  
0.5074


 30.1982, 0.4093,  
0.5074


302.8272, 0.3667,  
0.4159


 19.9891, 0.4152,  
0.5277


 59.9755, 0.3967,  
0.4752


 12.3871, 0.4194,  
0.5515


 80.3124, 0.3910,  
0.4626


 7.0079, 0.4201,  
0.5799


 104.7941, 0.3858,  
0.4519

 3.4670, 0.4016,  
0.5984

 133.8049, 0.3811,  
0.4426

 1.3801, 0.3694,  
0.6306

 167.7292, 0.3769,  
0.4346

 0.2020, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 206.9514, 0.3731,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4275

0.0000

251.8560, 0.3698,  
0.4213

30.1982, 0.4093,  
0.5074

30.1982, 0.4093,  
0.5074

30.1035, 0.4108,  
0.5120

30.3322, 0.4059,  
0.4994

30.5046, 0.4000,  
0.4872

30.7220, 0.3916,  
0.4710

30.9886, 0.3811,  
0.4513

31.3084, 0.3690,  
0.4291

■ 31.6849, 0.3557,  
0.4051

■ 32.1213, 0.3419,  
0.3803

■ 32.6204, 0.3279,  
0.3556

■ 33.1850, 0.3142,  
0.3315

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1982, 0.4848, 0.4439



30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074



30.1982, 0.3152, 0.5207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074



30.1982, 0.1433, 0.2332



30.1982, 0.3874, 0.2427

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074



2.8719, 0.1577, 0.0700

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1982, 0.2803, 0.1993



30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074



30.1982, 0.1552, 0.1890

# Square

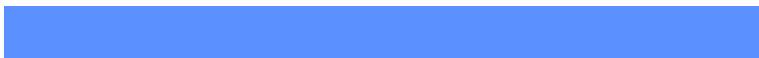
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074



30.1982, 0.1650, 0.3232



30.1982, 0.2000, 0.1801



30.1982, 0.4819, 0.3031



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074



30.1982, 0.2531, 0.4787



30.1982, 0.2000, 0.1801



30.1982, 0.3505, 0.2259

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1996, 0.4093, 0.5074



57.8090, 0.3509, 0.3964



7.5550, 0.6174, 0.3327



12.6683, 0.3552, 0.4041



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1996, 0.4093, 0.5074



54.6437, 0.4107, 0.5121



25.5272, 0.3372, 0.5628



7.7037, 0.3254, 0.3512



24.7974, 0.4109, 0.5119



0.4480, 0.4145, 0.5091



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.8719, 0.1577, 0.0700



4.4247, 0.1513, 0.0607



4.8719, 0.2198, 0.1035



6.4501, 0.2995, 0.3059



2.0227, 0.1521, 0.0611



0.0402, 0.1620, 0.0666



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

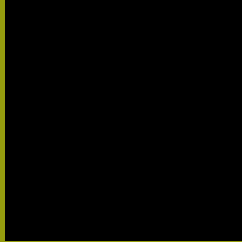
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074

### Protanopia

30.1617, 0.4374, 0.4866

### Deuteranopia

30.1212, 0.4637, 0.4561



## Tritanopia

30.1247, 0.3177, 0.3125

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074

## Protanomaly

30.0601, 0.4273, 0.4941

## Deuteranomaly

29.9280, 0.4446, 0.4744

## Tritanomaly

29.5623, 0.3648, 0.4000

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074

## Achromatopsia

25.4152, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

26.7919, 0.3614, 0.4163

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 156, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 156, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 156, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 156, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 156, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 156, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 156, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 156, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 156, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 156,  
14) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.1982, 0.4093, 0.5074 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 156, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
156, 14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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