

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.1493, 0.3207, 0.2423)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.1493, 0.3207, 0.2423)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C57CC1
RGB	197, 124, 193
RGB Percent	77%, 49%, 76%
CMY	0.2275, 0.5137, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.02, 0.23
HSL	303°, 39%, 63%
HSV	303°, 37%, 77%
XYZ	39.8584, 30.1359, 54.1751
YIQ	153.6930, 21.3590, 36.9350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

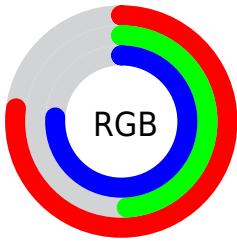
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	197, 124, 193
Decimal	12942529
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.77, 39.03, -24.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 46.026, 327.996
Yxy	30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291132609 (0xFFC57CC1)
YUV	153.6930, 19.3784, 37.9802
Hunter-Lab	54.8962, 33.5348, -20.0839

# Details

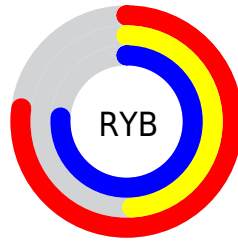
The Yxy color **30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **45.7723, 0.3050, 0.4339**, and the grayscale version is **32.0810, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.0029, 0.3200, 0.2581**, and **12.3800, 0.3225, 0.2194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.6351, 0.3235, 0.2211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.6259, 0.3186, 0.2658**.

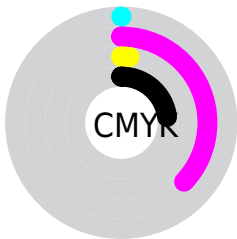
# Distribution



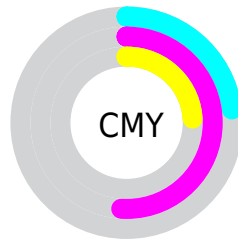
- Red (77%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (24%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.1359, 0.3210,  
0.2427


 30.1359, 0.3210,  
0.2427


302.5374, 0.3179,  
0.2856


 19.9418, 0.3214,  
0.2321


 59.8770, 0.3201,  
0.2582

 12.3527, 0.3218,  
0.2187


 80.1928, 0.3197,  
0.2641

 6.9844, 0.3219,  
0.2012


 104.6513, 0.3193,  
0.2690

 3.4523, 0.3212,  
0.1773

133.6368, 0.3190,  
0.2733

 1.3722, 0.3184,  
0.1437

167.5338, 0.3187,  
0.2770

 0.1961, 0.3230,  
0.0539

206.7266, 0.3184,

 0.0000, 0.1086,

0.2802

0.0000

251.5997, 0.3181,  
0.2831

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

30.1359, 0.3210,  
0.2427

30.1359, 0.3210,  
0.2427

25.6351, 0.3235,  
0.2211

35.6259, 0.3186,  
0.2658

22.0605, 0.3260,  
0.2019

42.1554, 0.3162,  
0.2894

19.3480, 0.3285,  
0.1859


49.7757, 0.3141,  
0.3129

17.4239, 0.3308,  
0.1740


58.5340, 0.3122,  
0.3356

16.2020, 0.3328,  
0.1663


68.4744, 0.3104,  
0.3571


 15.5648, 0.3346,  
0.1627

 79.6388, 0.3089,  
0.3773

 15.4250, 0.3351,  
0.1620

 87.5841, 0.3078,  
0.3891

 87.6346, 0.3072,  
0.3879

 87.6855, 0.3066,  
0.3867

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1359, 0.2516, 0.2195



30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427



30.1359, 0.3964, 0.2836

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427



30.1359, 0.4242, 0.4400



30.1359, 0.1926, 0.2986

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427



45.7723, 0.3050, 0.4339

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1359, 0.2294, 0.3759



30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427



30.1359, 0.3625, 0.4658

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427



30.1359, 0.4581, 0.3904



30.1359, 0.2912, 0.4441



30.1359, 0.1848, 0.2438



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427



30.1359, 0.4359, 0.3173



30.1359, 0.2912, 0.4441



30.1359, 0.2016, 0.3228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1372, 0.3210, 0.2427



83.2927, 0.3150, 0.3033



23.0108, 0.2488, 0.2191



17.4248, 0.3153, 0.3001



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1372, 0.3210, 0.2427



47.6772, 0.3229, 0.2260



28.7156, 0.3613, 0.2858



10.8063, 0.3146, 0.3075



10.1509, 0.3349, 0.1619



0.4838, 0.3317, 0.1601



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1372, 0.3210, 0.2427



47.6772, 0.3229, 0.2260



46.8999, 0.2815, 0.3773



10.8063, 0.3146, 0.3075



10.1509, 0.3349, 0.1619

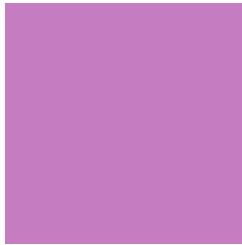


0.4838, 0.3317, 0.1601



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

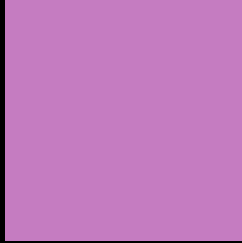
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

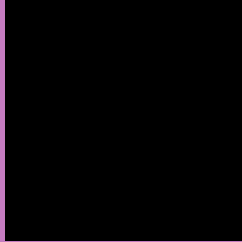
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427

### Protanopia

30.3164, 0.2462, 0.2377

### Deuteranopia

30.4709, 0.2730, 0.2673



## Tritanopia

30.1402, 0.3668, 0.3155

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427

## Protanomaly

29.6949, 0.2693, 0.2390

## Deuteranomaly

29.9695, 0.2891, 0.2576

## Tritanomaly

29.9114, 0.3494, 0.2864

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427

## Achromatopsia

32.3143, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

31.0181, 0.3165, 0.2933

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 124, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 124, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 124, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 124, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 124, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 124, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 124, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 124, 193); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 124, 193); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 124, 193) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.1359, 0.3210, 0.2427 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 124, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
124, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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