

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3867F
RGB	195, 134, 127
RGB Percent	76%, 53%, 50%
CMY	0.2353, 0.4745, 0.5019
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.35, 0.24
HSL	6°, 36%, 63%
HSV	6°, 35%, 76%
XYZ	34.8633, 30.1846, 24.0710
YIQ	151.4410, 38.6030, 10.7550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

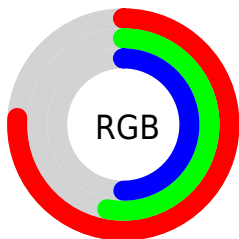
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	195, 135, 127
Decimal	12813951
CIELab	61.81, 22.51, 13.23
CIELCh	62, 26.112, 30.438
Yxy	30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291004031 (0xFFC3867F)
YUV	151.4410, -12.0494, 38.2012
Hunter-Lab	54.9405, 17.1240, 12.4817

# Details

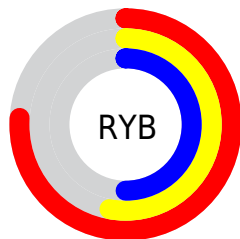
The Yxy color **30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **44.4272, 0.2627, 0.3189**, and the grayscale version is **31.1877, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.1444, 0.3746, 0.3376**, and **12.3797, 0.4177, 0.3404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.2828, 0.4253, 0.3414**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.9879, 0.3628, 0.3358**.

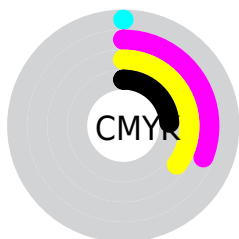
# Distribution



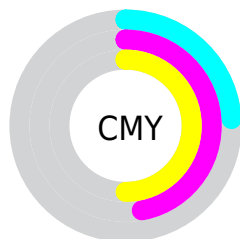
- Red (76%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (50%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.1846, 0.3912,  
0.3387


 30.1846, 0.3912,  
0.3387


302.7640, 0.3487,  
0.3346


 19.9787, 0.4029,  
0.3393


 59.9540, 0.3749,  
0.3375

 12.3796, 0.4187,  
0.3399


 80.2863, 0.3691,  
0.3369

 7.0028, 0.4410,  
0.3400


 104.7629, 0.3642,  
0.3364

 3.4638, 0.4746,  
0.3387

133.7682, 0.3601,  
0.3360

 1.3784, 0.5390,  
0.3384

167.6866, 0.3567,  
0.3356

 0.2007, 0.7867,  
0.2133


206.9024, 0.3536,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3353


0.0000


251.8000, 0.3510,  
0.3349


 30.1846, 0.3912,  
0.3387


 30.1846, 0.3912,  
0.3387


 25.2828, 0.4253,  
0.3414


 35.9879, 0.3628,  
0.3358


 21.2330, 0.4650,  
0.3437


 42.7301, 0.3395,  
0.3329


 17.9879, 0.5090,  
0.3449


 50.4519, 0.3206,  
0.3302

 15.4934, 0.5536,  
0.3445


 59.1904, 0.3052,  
0.3278


 13.6891, 0.5932,  
0.3421

 68.9805, 0.2926,  
0.3255

 12.5048, 0.6218,  
0.3380

 79.8557, 0.2823,  
0.3234

 12.1049, 0.6322,  
0.3362

 90.3430, 0.2778,  
0.3289

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1846, 0.3635, 0.3054



30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387



30.1846, 0.3959, 0.3720

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387



30.1846, 0.2992, 0.3884



30.1846, 0.2500, 0.2626

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387



44.4272, 0.2627, 0.3189

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1846, 0.2357, 0.2789



30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387



30.1846, 0.2625, 0.3522

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387



30.1846, 0.3411, 0.4049



30.1846, 0.2400, 0.3110



30.1846, 0.2808, 0.2631



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387



30.1846, 0.3855, 0.3903



30.1846, 0.2400, 0.3110



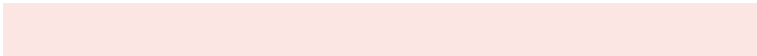
30.1846, 0.2432, 0.2661

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1860, 0.3912, 0.3387



82.8193, 0.3301, 0.3316



30.4245, 0.3236, 0.2512



17.7082, 0.3329, 0.3320



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1860, 0.3912, 0.3387



47.0903, 0.4172, 0.3409



41.0703, 0.3758, 0.3829



10.2408, 0.3286, 0.3314



7.9267, 0.6308, 0.3374



0.3998, 0.6023, 0.3599



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.4272, 0.2627, 0.3189



76.4439, 0.2532, 0.3164



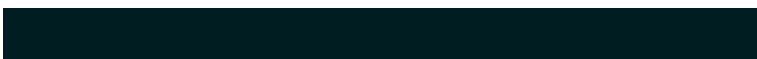
31.6338, 0.2559, 0.2681



11.2458, 0.2984, 0.3266



22.5488, 0.2158, 0.2967



1.0262, 0.2179, 0.3045



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

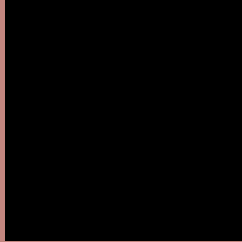
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387

### Protanopia

30.3121, 0.3337, 0.3509

### Deuteranopia

30.3114, 0.3643, 0.3573



## Tritanopia

30.1913, 0.3754, 0.3158

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387

**Protanomaly**

30.1585, 0.3534, 0.3470

**Deuteranomaly**

30.0863, 0.3738, 0.3493

**Tritanomaly**

30.3170, 0.3810, 0.3238

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387

**Achromatopsia**

30.9469, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

30.4193, 0.3393, 0.3336

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 134, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 134, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 134, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 134, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 134, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 134, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 134, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 134, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 134, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 134,  
127) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.1846, 0.3912, 0.3387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 134, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
134, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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