

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.1907, 0.3315, 0.3127)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.1907, 0.3315, 0.3127)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA8E99
RGB	170, 142, 153
RGB Percent	67%, 56%, 60%
CMY	0.3334, 0.4431, 0.4001
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.10, 0.33
HSL	336°, 14%, 61%
HSV	336°, 16%, 67%
XYZ	31.9958, 30.1920, 34.2723
YIQ	151.6260, 13.1570, 9.3570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

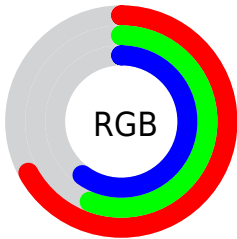
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	170, 142, 153
Decimal	11177625
CIELab	61.82, 12.39, -1.88
CIELCh	62, 12.532, 351.391
Yxy	30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289367705 (0xFFAA8E99)
YUV	151.6260, 0.6774, 16.1140
Hunter-Lab	54.9472, 7.7829, 1.4821

# Details

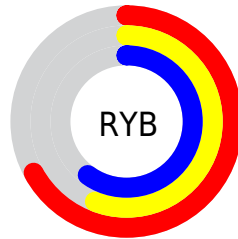
The Yxy color **30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **36.9967, 0.2969, 0.3456**, and the grayscale version is **31.2223, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **59.9924, 0.3277, 0.3168**, and **12.4652, 0.3389, 0.3084** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.1879, 0.3466, 0.3027**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.9997, 0.3194, 0.3229**.

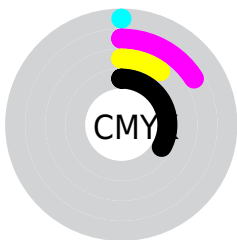
# Distribution



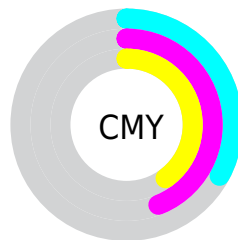
- Red (67%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 30.1920, 0.3317,  
0.3130


 30.1920, 0.3317,  
0.3130


302.7984, 0.3216,  
0.3215


 19.9844, 0.3345,  
0.3107


 59.9657, 0.3278,  
0.3162

 12.3837, 0.3382,  
0.3076


 80.3005, 0.3265,  
0.3174

 7.0055, 0.3434,  
0.3033

 104.7799, 0.3253,  
0.3184

 3.4656, 0.3514,  
0.2968

133.7882, 0.3243,  
0.3192

 1.3794, 0.3649,  
0.2859

167.7098, 0.3235,  
0.3199

 0.2014, 0.4723,  
0.1926


206.9291, 0.3228,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3205


0.0000

251.8305, 0.3221,  
0.3210

 30.1920, 0.3317,  
0.3130


 30.1920, 0.3317,  
0.3130


 25.1879, 0.3466,  
0.3027


 35.9997, 0.3194,  
0.3229


 20.9477, 0.3644,  
0.2922


 42.6402, 0.3094,  
0.3322

 17.4346, 0.3857,  
0.2822

 50.1464, 0.3011,  
0.3409

 14.6069, 0.4104,  
0.2734

 58.5480, 0.2943,  
0.3488

 12.4188, 0.4384,  
0.2668

 67.8734, 0.2886,  
0.3561

■ 10.8187, 0.4686,  
0.2638

■ 78.1496, 0.2840,  
0.3627

■ 9.7470, 0.4996,  
0.2653

■ 85.5153, 0.2796,  
0.3624

■ 9.1213, 0.5291,  
0.2718

■ 86.0971, 0.2745,  
0.3505

■ 8.9452, 0.5394,  
0.2745

■ 86.7137, 0.2695,  
0.3388

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1920, 0.3115, 0.3006



30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130



30.1920, 0.3471, 0.3295

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130



30.1920, 0.3328, 0.3648



30.1920, 0.2741, 0.3095

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130



36.9967, 0.2969, 0.3456

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.1920, 0.2794, 0.3269



30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130



30.1920, 0.3129, 0.3598

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130



30.1920, 0.3476, 0.3596



30.1920, 0.2935, 0.3457



30.1920, 0.2787, 0.2982



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130



30.1920, 0.3522, 0.3411



30.1920, 0.2935, 0.3457



30.1920, 0.2748, 0.3149

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1933, 0.3317, 0.3130



66.8860, 0.3180, 0.3242



29.6014, 0.3031, 0.2877



14.7417, 0.3187, 0.3236



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1933, 0.3317, 0.3130



51.0753, 0.3372, 0.3090



30.6900, 0.3426, 0.3332



7.5892, 0.3227, 0.3202



6.5924, 0.5366, 0.2730



0.1705, 0.4505, 0.2256



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1933, 0.3317, 0.3130



51.0753, 0.3372, 0.3090



36.3576, 0.2882, 0.3247



7.5892, 0.3227, 0.3202



6.5924, 0.5366, 0.2730

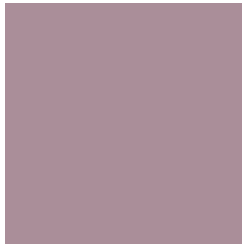


0.1705, 0.4505, 0.2256



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

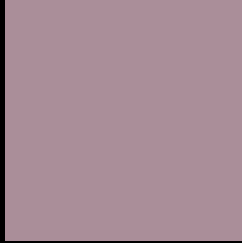
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

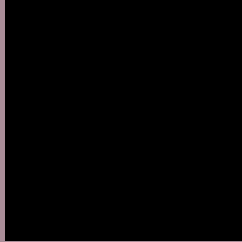
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130

### Protanopia

30.4132, 0.3062, 0.3167

### Deuteranopia

30.3043, 0.3248, 0.3186



## Tritanopia

30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130

## Protanomaly

30.1262, 0.3145, 0.3139

## Deuteranomaly

30.3205, 0.3281, 0.3172

## Tritanomaly

30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130

## Achromatopsia

31.3989, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

30.8177, 0.3202, 0.3230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 142, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 142, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 142, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 142, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 142, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 142, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 142, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 142, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 142, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 142,  
153) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.1920, 0.3317, 0.3130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 142, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
142, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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