

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(30.4025, 0.2613, 0.4209)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.4025, 0.2613, 0.4209)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30A979
RGB	48, 169, 121
RGB Percent	19%, 66%, 47%
CMY	0.8115, 0.3373, 0.5255
CMYK	0.72, 0.00, 0.28, 0.34
HSL	156°, 56%, 43%
HSV	156°, 72%, 66%
XYZ	18.8605, 30.3848, 22.9619
YIQ	127.3490, -56.7080, -40.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

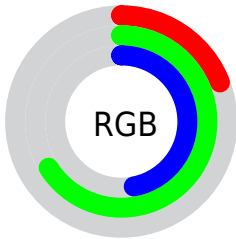
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	48, 123, 169
Decimal	3189113
CIELab	61.98, -44.51, 15.41
CIELCh	62, 47.098, 160.900
Yxy	30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281379193 (0xFF30A979)
YUV	127.3490, -3.1301, -69.5891
Hunter-Lab	55.1224, -35.3892, 13.8877




# Details

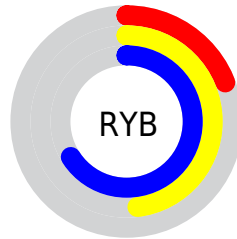
The Yxy color **30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **11.3996, 0.4524, 0.2640**, and the grayscale version is **21.3821, 0.3127, 0.3290**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.1826, 0.2725, 0.4010**, and **12.9587, 0.2591, 0.4529** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.8910, 0.2599, 0.4361**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.0490, 0.2645, 0.4056**.

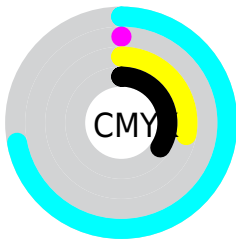
# Distribution







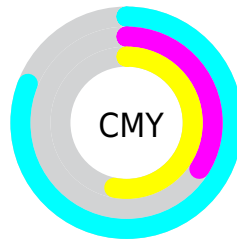
-  Red (19%)
-  Green (66%)
-  Blue (47%)






-  Red (19%)
-  Yellow (48%)
-  Blue (66%)



-  Cyan (72%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Black (34%)




-  Cyan (81%)
-  Magenta (34%)
-  Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.3848, 0.2612,  
0.4208


 30.3848, 0.2612,  
0.4208


303.6940, 0.2900,  
0.3690


 20.1308, 0.2529,  
0.4361


 60.2702, 0.2725,  
0.4004


 12.4902, 0.2414,  
0.4573

 80.6704, 0.2764,  
0.3932


 7.0784, 0.2246,  
0.4887


 105.2215, 0.2797,  
0.3873

 3.5112, 0.1980,  
0.5394

 134.3079, 0.2824,  
0.3824

 1.4041, 0.0897,  
0.7216

 168.3139, 0.2847,  
0.3783

 0.2197, 0.0000,  
1.0000

207.6240, 0.2867,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3748

0.0000

252.6226, 0.2885,  
0.3717

■ 30.3848, 0.2612,  
0.4208

■ 30.3848, 0.2612,  
0.4208

■ 29.8910, 0.2599,  
0.4361

■ 31.0490, 0.2645,  
0.4056

■ 29.5450, 0.2605,  
0.4512

■ 31.8962, 0.2695,  
0.3909

■ 29.3334, 0.2621,  
0.4637

■ 32.9417, 0.2760,  
0.3769

■ 34.1983, 0.2837,  
0.3637

■ 35.6777, 0.2924,  
0.3516

■ 37.3906, 0.3016,  
0.3405

■ 39.3472, 0.3112,  
0.3305

■ 41.5568, 0.3209,  
0.3215

■ 44.0285, 0.3306,  
0.3135

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.3848, 0.3320, 0.4662



30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



30.3848, 0.2081, 0.3414

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



30.3848, 0.2201, 0.2141



30.3848, 0.4618, 0.3592

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



11.3996, 0.4524, 0.2640

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.3848, 0.4259, 0.3043



30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



30.3848, 0.2786, 0.2252

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



30.3848, 0.1879, 0.2276



30.3848, 0.3550, 0.2572



30.3848, 0.4505, 0.4144



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



30.3848, 0.1884, 0.2911



30.3848, 0.3550, 0.2572



30.3848, 0.4550, 0.3405

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.3860, 0.2612, 0.4208



63.9503, 0.2925, 0.3514



31.1000, 0.3351, 0.5319



13.7775, 0.2902, 0.3545



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.3860, 0.2612, 0.4208



53.1340, 0.2600, 0.4452



27.5763, 0.2275, 0.3071



8.4809, 0.3038, 0.3381



21.8732, 0.2617, 0.4622



0.5418, 0.2480, 0.4128



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3996, 0.4524, 0.2640



17.1023, 0.5012, 0.2649



11.8971, 0.5362, 0.3444



7.5898, 0.3226, 0.3201



6.5992, 0.5349, 0.2720



0.1707, 0.4492, 0.2248



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

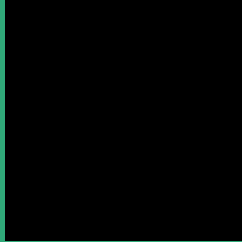
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208

### Protanopia

29.7206, 0.3606, 0.3853

### Deuteranopia

29.8352, 0.3603, 0.3530



## Tritanopia

30.3135, 0.2361, 0.3067

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



## Protanomaly

28.9367, 0.3131, 0.4011



## Deuteranomaly

28.3728, 0.3115, 0.3756



## Tritanomaly

30.3336, 0.2448, 0.3467

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208



## Achromatopsia

21.2231, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

23.4233, 0.2842, 0.3615

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 169, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 169, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 169, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 169, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

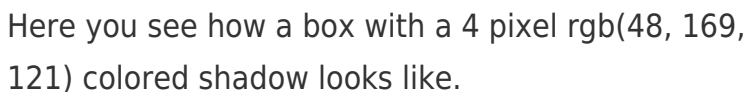
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 169, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 169, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 169, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 169, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 169, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 169,  
121) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.3848, 0.2612, 0.4208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 169, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 169,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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