

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.6910, 0.3272, 0.5094)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.6910, 0.3272, 0.5094)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	60A741
RGB	96, 167, 65
RGB Percent	38%, 65%, 25%
CMY	0.6237, 0.3451, 0.7451
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.61, 0.35
HSL	102°, 44%, 45%
HSV	102°, 61%, 65%
XYZ	19.5938, 30.5059, 9.8569
YIQ	134.1430, -9.5740, -46.7740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

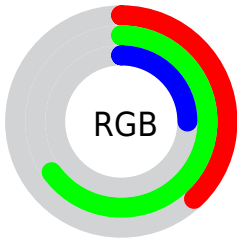
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">65, 167, 136</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">6334273</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.09, -41.22, 44.83</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">62, 60.901, 132.596</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4284524353 (0xFF60A741)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">134.1430, -34.0875, -33.4514</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.2321, -33.3327, 28.0815</a>

# Details

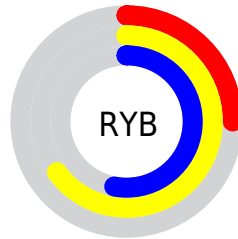
The Yxy color **30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **11.8101, 0.2771, 0.1720**, and the grayscale version is **24.0236, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.6390, 0.3276, 0.4690**, and **12.5055, 0.3191, 0.5749** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.7567, 0.3256, 0.5369**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.4083, 0.3266, 0.4778**.

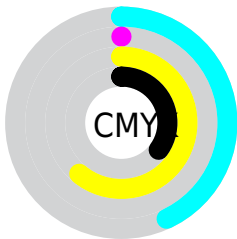
# Distribution



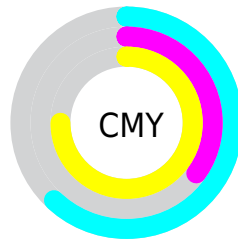
- Red (38%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (75%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.5059, 0.3268,  
0.5088


 30.5059, 0.3268,  
0.5088

304.2555, 0.3248,  
0.4073


 20.2229, 0.3244,  
0.5374


 60.4613, 0.3279,  
0.4693


 12.5572, 0.3189,  
0.5755

 80.9025, 0.3277,  
0.4552


 7.1243, 0.3070,  
0.6283


 105.4986, 0.3273,  
0.4436

 3.5400, 0.2853,  
0.7147

 134.6339, 0.3268,  
0.4340

 1.4197, 0.1577,  
0.8423

 168.6928, 0.3263,  
0.4258

 0.2312, 0.0000,  
1.0000

208.0598, 0.3258,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.4188

0.0000

253.1192, 0.3253,  
0.4127

■ 30.5059, 0.3268,  
0.5088

■ 30.5059, 0.3268,  
0.5088

■ 29.7567, 0.3256,  
0.5369

■ 31.4083, 0.3266,  
0.4778

■ 29.1476, 0.3229,  
0.5602

■ 32.4683, 0.3252,  
0.4458

■ 28.6691, 0.3189,  
0.5774

■ 33.6951, 0.3229,  
0.4143

■ 28.3364, 0.3149,  
0.5882

■ 35.0958, 0.3199,  
0.3844

■ 36.6772, 0.3166,  
0.3567

■ 38.4457, 0.3131,  
0.3316

■ 40.4073, 0.3095,  
0.3090

■ 42.5678, 0.3061,  
0.2890

■ 44.9327, 0.3027,  
0.2714

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.5059, 0.4145, 0.4921



30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088



30.5059, 0.2401, 0.4460

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088



30.5059, 0.1609, 0.2000



30.5059, 0.4628, 0.2989

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088



11.8101, 0.2771, 0.1720

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.5059, 0.3715, 0.2424



30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088



30.5059, 0.2003, 0.1877

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088



30.5059, 0.1530, 0.2472



30.5059, 0.2730, 0.2031



30.5059, 0.5035, 0.3641



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088



30.5059, 0.1950, 0.3732



30.5059, 0.2730, 0.2031



30.5059, 0.4361, 0.2787

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.5072, 0.3268, 0.5088



63.5932, 0.3191, 0.3765



25.8447, 0.4252, 0.4307



14.0600, 0.3200, 0.3846



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.5072, 0.3268, 0.5088



52.9053, 0.3249, 0.5451



29.4002, 0.2928, 0.4895



8.5140, 0.3160, 0.3520



21.7038, 0.3155, 0.5877



0.5545, 0.3421, 0.5666



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.8101, 0.2771, 0.1720



16.4810, 0.2664, 0.1447



14.1455, 0.3463, 0.2111



7.5507, 0.3091, 0.3064



5.0194, 0.2467, 0.1133



0.1470, 0.2724, 0.1274



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

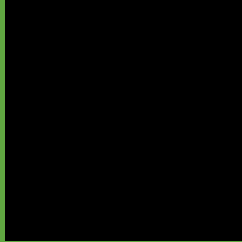
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088

### Protanopia

29.9281, 0.4145, 0.4546

### Deuteranopia

30.0042, 0.4316, 0.4231



## Tritanopia

30.5559, 0.2648, 0.3094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088

## Protanomaly

29.7875, 0.3794, 0.4759

## Deuteranomaly

29.2383, 0.3903, 0.4549

## Tritanomaly

30.2542, 0.2890, 0.3817

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088

## Achromatopsia

23.8398, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

25.6550, 0.3209, 0.3961

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 167, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 167, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 167, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 167, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 167, 65) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 167, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 167, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 167, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 167, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 167,  
65) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.5059, 0.3268, 0.5088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 167, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 167,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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