

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(30.8150, 0.2149, 0.2006)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(30.8150, 0.2149, 0.2006)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B94F4
RGB	107, 148, 244
RGB Percent	42%, 58%, 96%
CMY	0.5803, 0.4196, 0.0430
CMYK	0.56, 0.39, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	222°, 86%, 69%
HSV	222°, 56%, 96%
XYZ	32.9884, 30.8373, 89.8230
YIQ	146.6850, -55.2520, 21.1640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

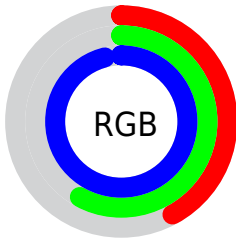
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	107, 139, 244
Decimal	7050484
CIE Lab	62.37, 13.58, -52.45
CIE LCh	62, 54.182, 284.513
Yxy	30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285240564 (0xFF6B94F4)
YUV	146.6850, 47.9763, -34.8037
Hunter-Lab	55.5313, 8.8580, -57.0308

# Details

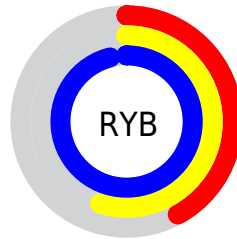
The Yxy color **30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **63.0469, 0.4166, 0.4282**, and the grayscale version is **28.8600, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.6765, 0.2556, 0.2675**, and **12.7546, 0.1873, 0.1686** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.5570, 0.1978, 0.1737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.3395, 0.2328, 0.2275**.

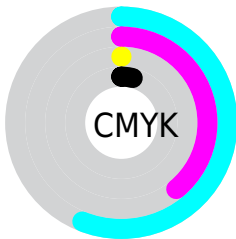
# Distribution



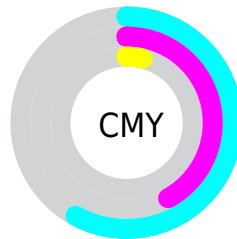
- Red (42%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30.8373, 0.2147,  
0.2007


 30.8373, 0.2147,  
0.2007


305.7881, 0.2646,  
0.2634

 20.4750, 0.2025,  
0.1861


 60.9838, 0.2328,  
0.2228

 12.7408, 0.1872,  
0.1682


 81.5368, 0.2396,  
0.2313

 7.2503, 0.1675,  
0.1459


 106.2555, 0.2454,  
0.2386

 3.6191, 0.1420,  
0.1179

135.5243, 0.2503,  
0.2449

 1.4629, 0.1087,  
0.0834

169.7275, 0.2546,  
0.2504

 0.2624, 0.0649,  
0.0293

209.2496, 0.2584,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2553

0.0000

254.4750, 0.2617,  
0.2595

■ 30.8373, 0.2147,  
0.2007

■ 30.8373, 0.2147,  
0.2007

■ 24.5570, 0.1978,  
0.1737

■ 38.3395, 0.2328,  
0.2275

■ 19.4240, 0.1830,  
0.1476

■ 47.1257, 0.2513,  
0.2532

■ 15.3588, 0.1712,  
0.1238

■ 57.2571, 0.2695,  
0.2770

■ 12.2674, 0.1627,  
0.1035

■ 68.7898, 0.2870,  
0.2987

■ 11.2924, 0.1602,  
0.0967

■ 81.7768, 0.3033,  
0.3182

96.2678, 0.3184,  
0.3354

99.3133, 0.3191,  
0.3395

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.8373, 0.1760, 0.2112



30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007



30.8373, 0.2830, 0.2163

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007



30.8373, 0.4836, 0.3677



30.8373, 0.2444, 0.4256

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007



63.0469, 0.4166, 0.4282

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.8373, 0.3224, 0.4852



30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007



30.8373, 0.4627, 0.4293

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007



30.8373, 0.4498, 0.3069



30.8373, 0.4022, 0.4785



30.8373, 0.1894, 0.3307



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007



30.8373, 0.3410, 0.2392



30.8373, 0.4022, 0.4785



30.8373, 0.2688, 0.4522

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.8383, 0.2147, 0.2007



74.8048, 0.2854, 0.2969



72.1547, 0.2601, 0.3815



15.4409, 0.2820, 0.2926



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.8383, 0.2147, 0.2007



26.5031, 0.1962, 0.1709



22.1604, 0.2220, 0.1562



16.7342, 0.2980, 0.3119



6.3462, 0.1610, 0.0994



0.7298, 0.1677, 0.1237



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.8989, 0.4299, 0.2862



29.3796, 0.4680, 0.2817



80.4755, 0.3734, 0.4731



16.5640, 0.3246, 0.3219



10.7400, 0.5768, 0.2951



0.9613, 0.5414, 0.2756



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

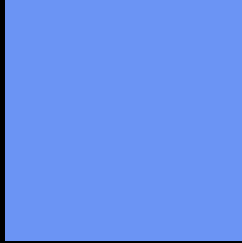
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

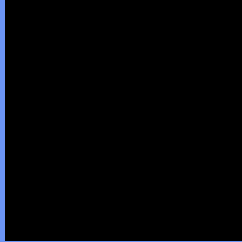
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

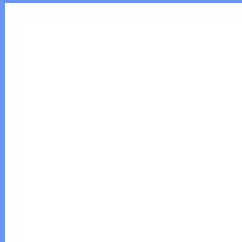
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007

### Protanopia

30.7832, 0.2175, 0.2011

### Deuteranopia

30.9840, 0.2097, 0.2039



## Tritanopia

30.7246, 0.2400, 0.3054

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007

## Protanomaly

30.6535, 0.2164, 0.2008

## Deuteranomaly

30.9364, 0.2117, 0.2032

## Tritanomaly

30.5046, 0.2291, 0.2606

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007

## Achromatopsia

29.1771, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

29.1504, 0.2680, 0.2752

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 148, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 148, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 148, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 148, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 148, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 148, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 148, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 148, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 148, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 148,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 30.8373, 0.2147, 0.2007 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 148, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
148, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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